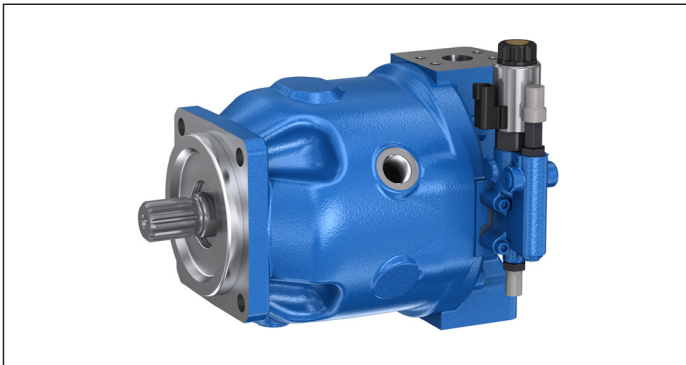


Axial piston variable pump A10VO series 32



- ▶ Optimized medium pressure pump for high power machines
- ▶ Sizes 45 to 180
- ▶ Nominal pressure 280 bar
- ▶ Maximum pressure 350 bar
- ▶ Open circuit

Features

- ▶ Variable displacement pump with axial piston rotary group of swashplate design for hydrostatic drives in open circuit
- ▶ Flow is proportional to the drive speed and displacement.
- ▶ The flow can be infinitely varied by the control.
- ▶ Hydrostatically unloaded cradle bearing
- ▶ Port for measurement sensor on high pressure port for all sizes with port plate 22 and 32
- ▶ Low noise level
- ▶ Increased functional reliability
- ▶ High efficiency
- ▶ Good power to weight ratio
- ▶ Universal through drive for all sizes with port plate 22 and 32
- ▶ Optional pulsation damping

Contents

Type code	2
Hydraulic fluids	5
Working pressure range	7
Technical data	8
DR – Pressure controller	10
DRG – Pressure controller, remotely controlled	11
DRF/DRS/DRSC – Pressure flow controller	12
LA... – Pressure, flow and power controller	14
LA... – Variations	15
ED – Electrohydraulic pressure control	16
ER – Electrohydraulic pressure control	18
EC4 – Electrohydraulic control valve (positive control)	19
Dimensions, size 45 to 180	21
Dimensions for through drives	56
Overview of mounting options	64
Combination pumps A10VO + A10VO	65
Connector for solenoids	66
Installation instructions	67
Project planning notes	70
Safety instructions	71

Type code

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	
A10V	O			/	32		-	V				

Axial piston unit

01	Swashplate design, variable, nominal pressure 280 bar, maximum pressure 350 bar	A10V
----	---	-------------

Operating mode

02	Pump, open circuit	O
----	--------------------	----------

Sizes (NG)

03	Geometric displacement, see technical data on page 8	45	71	100	140	180
----	--	-----------	-----------	------------	------------	------------

Control devices

						45	71	100	140	180			
04	Pressure controller	hydraulic				●	●	●	●	●	DR		
	with flow controller	hydraulic	X-T open			●	●	●	●	●	DRF		
			X-T plugged	with flushing function			●	●	●	●	●	DRS	
			X-T plugged	without flushing function			●	●	●	●	●	DRSC	
	Pressure cut-off	hydraulic	remote controlled				●	●	●	●	●	DRG	
			electric	negative control	$U = 12\text{ V}$			●	●	●	●	●	ED71
	$U = 24\text{ V}$					●	●	●	●	●	●	ED72	
		electric	positive control	$U = 12\text{ V}$			●	●	●	●	●	ER71¹⁾	
				$U = 24\text{ V}$			●	●	●	●	●	●	ER72¹⁾
	Electrohydraulic control valve		positive control	$U = 12\text{ V to }24\text{ V}$			○	● ²⁾	○	● ²⁾	●	EC4	
	Power controller with												
	pressure cut-off	hydraulic	beginning of control	to	50 bar		●	●	●	●	●	LA5D	
					from	51 to 90 bar		●	●	●	●	●	●
91 to 160 bar							●	●	●	●	●	●	LA7D
161 to 240 bar							●	●	●	●	●	●	LA8D
via					240 bar		●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Pressure cut-off and flow control	hydraulic	beginning of control	see LA.D			●	●	●	●	●	LA.DS		
Remote controlled pressure cut-off	hydraulic	beginning of control	see LA.D			●	●	●	●	●	LA.DG		
separate flow control	hydraulic	beginning of control	see LA.D			●	●	●	●	●	LA.S		

Series

05	Series 3, index 2	32
----	-------------------	-----------

Directions of rotation

06	Viewed on drive shaft	clockwise	R
		counter-clockwise	L

● = Available ○ = On request - = Not available

¹⁾ Observe the project planning notes on page 18.

²⁾ Only available with mounting flange D (not available for versions with mounting flange C).

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12
A10V	O			/	32	-	V				

Seal

07	FKM (fluorocarbon rubber)	V
----	---------------------------	----------

Drive shaft

			45	71	100	140	180	
08	Splined shaft ISO 3019-1	Standard shaft	●	●	●	●	●	S
		same as shaft "S", but for higher torque	●	●	-	-	-	R
		reduced diameter, limited suitability for through drive (see the table of values, page 9)	●	●	●	●	-	U
		same as shaft "U", but for higher torque, limited suitability for through drive (see table of values, page 9)	○	●	●	●	●	W

Mounting flange

			45	71	100	140	180	
09	ISO 3019-1 (SAE)	SAE B; 2-hole	●	-	-	-	-	C
		SAE C; 2-hole	-	●	●	●	-	
		SAE C; 4-hole	●	●	-	-	-	D
		SAE D; 4-hole	-	-	●	●	●	
			-	●	-	-	-	U

Working port

			45	71	100	140	180	
10	SAE flange ports according to ISO 6162 (Port plates and through drive assignment, see position 11)	rear, fastening thread metric (not for through drive, only "N00")	●	●	●	●	●	11
		rear, fastening thread UNC (not for through drive, only "N00")	-	-	-	●	●	61
		top, bottom, opposite, Fastening thread metric	●	●	●	●	●	12
		top, bottom, opposite, fastening thread UNC	-	-	-	●	●	62
		top, bottom, opposite, fastening thread metric , with universal through drive U.; without pulsation damping	●	●	●	●	●	22¹⁾
		top, bottom, opposite, fastening thread metric , with universal through drive U.; with pulsation damping	●	●	● ²⁾	○	●	32¹⁾

● = Available ○ = On request - = Not available

1) Only with mounting flange (type code position 09) D or U
2) Use only possible in the case of reduced rotational speeds.
See also "Technical data" on page 8.

4 **A10VO series 32** | Axial piston variable pump
Type code

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12
A10V	O			/	32		-	V			

Through drive (for mounting options, see page 64)

11	For flange ISO 3019-1		Hub for splined shaft ¹⁾							
	Diameter	Mounting ³⁾	Diameter							
Only for port plate 12/62					45	71	100	140	180	
Without through drive					●	●	●	●	●	N00
82-2 (A)		5/8 in	9T 16/32DP		●	●	●	●	-	K01
		3/4 in	11T 16/32DP		●	●	●	●	-	K52
101-2 (B)		7/8 in	13T 16/32DP		●	●	●	●	-	K68
		1 in	15T 16/32DP		●	●	●	●	-	K04
127-2 (C)		1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP		-	●	●	●	-	K07
		1 1/2 in	17T 12/24DP		-	-	●	●	-	K24
127-4 (C)		1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP		-	○	●	●	-	K15
152-4 (D)		1 3/4 in	13T 8/16DP		-	-	-	●	-	K17
Only for port plate 22 and 32					45	71	100	140	180	
Without through drive ²⁾					●	●	●	●	●	U00
82-2 (A)		5/8 in	9T 16/32DP		○	●	●	●	●	U01
		3/4 in	11T 16/32DP		●	●	●	●	●	U52
101-2 (B)		7/8 in	13T 16/32DP		●	●	●	●	●	U68
		1 in	15T 16/32DP		○	●	●	●	●	U04
127-2 (C)		1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP		-	●	●	●	●	U07
		1 1/2 in	17T 12/24DP		-	-	●	●	●	U24
127-4 (C)		1 in	15T 16/32DP		○	○	●	●	○	UE2
		1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP		-	-	●	●	●	U15
152-4 (D)		1 3/4 in	13T 8/16DP		-	-	-	●	●	U17

Connector for solenoids⁴⁾

12	Without connector (without solenoid, only for hydraulic controls, without code)	
	DEUTSCH molded connector, 2-pin – without suppressor diode	P

● = Available ○ = On request - = Not available

Notice

- ▶ Observe the project planning notes on page 70 and the project planning notes regarding each control device.
- ▶ In addition to the type code, please specify the relevant technical data when placing your order.

1) According to ANSI B92.1a (splined shaft according to ISO 3019-1)

2) With through-drive shaft, without hub, without intermediate flange, plugged on a functionally reliable basis with cover. For mounting kits, see data sheet 95581.

3) Mounting holes pattern viewed from through drive with control at top.

4) Connectors for other electric components may deviate.

Hydraulic fluids

The A10VO variable pump is designed for operation with HLP mineral oil according to DIN 51524.

See the following data sheets for application instructions and requirements for hydraulic fluids before the start of project planning:

- ▶ 90220: Hydraulic fluids based on mineral oils and related hydrocarbons
- ▶ 90221: Environmentally acceptable hydraulic fluids
- ▶ 90222: HFD hydraulic fluids (for permissible technical data, see data sheet 90225)

Selection of hydraulic fluid

Bosch Rexroth evaluates hydraulic fluids on the basis of the Fluid Rating according to the technical data sheet 90235. Hydraulic fluids with positive evaluation in the Fluid Rating are provided in the following technical data sheet:

- ▶ 90245: Bosch Rexroth Fluid Rating List for Rexroth hydraulic components (pumps and motors)

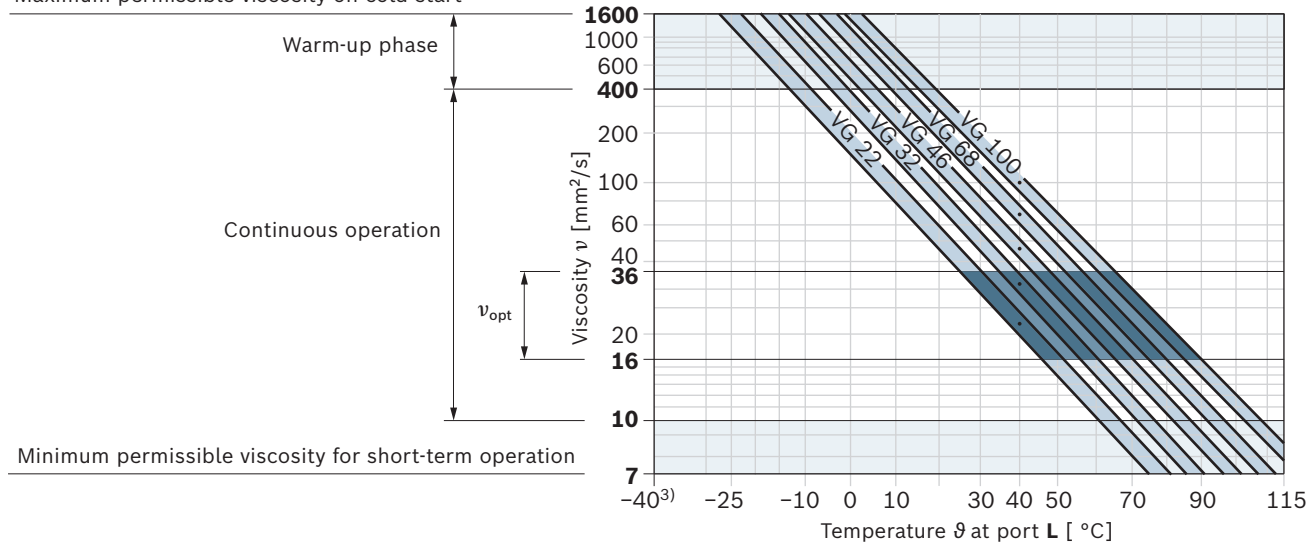
Selection of hydraulic fluid shall make sure that the operating viscosity in the operating temperature range is within the optimum range (v_{opt} ; see selection diagram).

Viscosity and temperature of hydraulic fluids

	Viscosity	Shaft seal	Temperature ²⁾	Remarks
Cold start	$v_{max} \leq 1600 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$	FKM	$\vartheta_{St} \geq -25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$t \leq 3 \text{ min}$, without load ($p \leq 50 \text{ bar}$), $n \leq 1000 \text{ rpm}$ Permissible temperature difference between axial piston unit and hydraulic fluid in the system maximum 25 K
Warm-up phase	$v = 1600 \dots 400 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$			$t \leq 15 \text{ min}$, $p \leq 0.7 \times p_{nom}$ and $n \leq 0.5 \times n_{nom}$
Continuous operation	$v = 400 \dots 10 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}^{1)}$	FKM	$\vartheta \leq +110 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	Measured at port L , L₁
	$v_{opt} = 36 \dots 16 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$			Optimal operating viscosity and efficiency range
Short-term operation	$v_{min} = 10 \dots 7 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$	FKM	$\vartheta \leq +110 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$t \leq 3 \text{ min}$, $p \leq 0.3 \times p_{nom}$, measured at port L

▼ Selection diagram

Maximum permissible viscosity on cold start



Minimum permissible viscosity for short-term operation

1) This corresponds, for example on the VG 46, to a temperature range of +4 °C to +85 °C (see selection diagram)

2) If the temperature at extreme operating parameters cannot be adhered to, please contact us.

3) For applications in the low-temperature range, please contact us.

Filtration of the hydraulic fluid

Finer filtration improves the cleanliness level of the hydraulic fluid, which increases the service life of the axial piston unit.

A cleanliness level of at least 20/18/15 is to be maintained according to ISO 4406

At a hydraulic fluid viscosity of less than 10 mm²/s (e.g. due to high temperatures during short-term operation) at the drain port, a cleanliness level of at least 19/17/14 according to ISO 4406 is required.

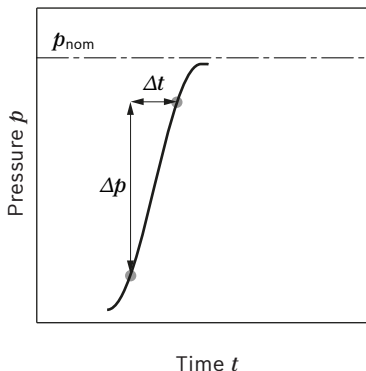
For example, the viscosity corresponds to 10 mm²/s at:

- ▶ HLP 32 a temperature of 73 °C
- ▶ HLP 46 a temperature of 85 °C

Working pressure range

Pressure at port B		Definition
Nominal pressure p_{nom}	280 bar	The nominal pressure corresponds to the maximum design pressure.
Maximum pressure p_{max}	350 bar	The maximum pressure corresponds to the maximum working pressure within a single operating period. The sum of single operating periods must not exceed the total operating period.
Single operating period	2 ms	
Total operating period	300 h	
Minimum pressure $p_{B \text{ absolute}}$ (high-pressure side)	10 bar ¹⁾	Minimum pressure on the high-pressure side (B) which is required in order to prevent damage to the axial piston unit.
Rate of pressure change $R_{A \text{ max}}$	16000 bar/s	Maximum permissible pressure build-up and reduction speed during a pressure change across the entire pressure range.
Pressure at suction port S (inlet)		
Minimum pressure $p_{S \text{ min}}$	NG 45 to 100 at 1800 rpm NG 140 to 180 at 1800 rpm	0.8 bar absolute 1.0 bar absolute
		Minimum pressure at suction port S (inlet) which is required to prevent damage to the axial piston unit. The minimum pressure depends on the rotational speed and displacement of the axial piston unit.
Maximum pressure $p_{S \text{ max}}$	10 bar ²⁾	
Case pressure at port L ₁ , L ₂		
Maximum pressure $p_{L \text{ max}}$	2 bar ²⁾ absolute	Maximum 0.5 bar higher than inlet pressure at port S, However, not to exceed $p_{L \text{ max}}$. A drain line to the reservoir is required.
Pilot pressure port X with external high pressure		
Maximum pressure p_{max}	350 bar	When designing all control lines with external high pressure, the values for the rate of pressure change, maximum single operating period and total operating period applicable to port B must not be exceeded.

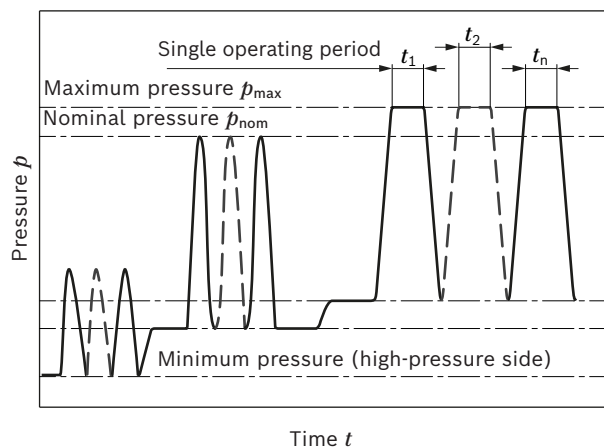
▼ Rate of pressure change $R_{A \text{ max}}$



Notice

- ▶ Working pressure range applies when using hydraulic fluids based on mineral oils. Please contact us for values for other hydraulic fluids.
- ▶ In addition to the hydraulic fluid and the temperature, the service life of the shaft seal is influenced by the rotational speed of the axial piston unit and the case pressure.
- ▶ The case pressure must be greater than the external pressure (ambient pressure) at the shaft seal.

▼ Pressure definition



$$\text{Total operating period} = t_1 + t_2 + \dots + t_n$$

1) Lower pressure is time-dependent, please contact us
2) Other values on request

Technical data

Size		NG	45	71	100	140	180	
Geometric displacement, per revolution		$V_{g \max}$	cm ³	45	71.1	100	140	180
Maximum rotational speed ¹⁾²⁾	at $V_{g \max}$	n_{nom}	rpm	3000	2550	2300 ⁴⁾	2200	1800
Flow	at n_{nom} and $V_{g \max}$	q_v	l/min	135	181	230	308	324
Power	at n_{nom} , $V_{g \max}$ and $\Delta p = 280$ bar	P	kW	63	85	107	144	151
Torque	at $V_{g \max}$ and $\Delta p = 280$ bar	M	Nm	200	317	446	624	802
	at $V_{g \max}$ and $\Delta p = 100$ bar	M	Nm	72	113	159	223	286
Rotary stiffness	S	c	Nm/rad	37500	71884	121142	169537	171107
Drive shaft	R	c	Nm/rad	41025	76545	–	–	–
	U	c	Nm/rad	30077	52779	91093	On Request	–
	W	c	Nm/rad	34463	57460	101847	165594	–
Moment of inertia of the rotary group		J_{TW}	kgm ²	0.0035	0.0087	0.0167	0.0242	0.033
Maximum angular acceleration ³⁾		α	rad/s ²	4000	2900	2400	2000	2000
Case volume		V	L	1.0	1.6	2.2	3.0	2.7
Weight (11(61)N00 and 12(62)N00 without through drive) approx.		m	kg	25.8	40.4	56.4	70.5	75.2
Weight (12(62)Kxx) approx.		m	kg	27.4	43.3	62.6	79.5	–
Weight (22Uxx/32Uxx) approx.		m	kg	32.6	51.8	76	90.2	89.4

Determination of the characteristics		
Flow	$q_v = \frac{V_g \times n \times \eta_v}{1000}$	[l/min]
Torque	$M = \frac{V_g \times \Delta p}{20 \times \pi \times \eta_{\text{hm}}}$	[Nm]
Power	$P = \frac{2 \pi \times M \times n}{60000} = \frac{q_v \times \Delta p}{600 \times \eta_t}$	[kW]

Key

- V_g Displacement per revolution [cm³]
- Δp Differential pressure [bar]
- n Rotational speed [rpm]
- η_v Volumetric efficiency
- η_{hm} Hydraulic-mechanical efficiency
- η_t Total efficiency ($\eta_t = \eta_v \times \eta_{\text{hm}}$)


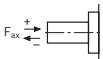
Notice

- ▶ Theoretical values, without efficiency and tolerances; values rounded
- ▶ Operation above the maximum values or below the minimum values may result in a loss of function, a reduced service life or in the destruction of the axial piston unit. Bosch Rexroth recommend testing the load by means of experiment or calculation/simulation and comparison with the permissible values.

- 1) The values are applicable:
 - At an absolute pressure $p_{\text{abs}} = 1.0$ bar at the suction port **S**
 - For the optimum viscosity range from $\nu_{\text{opt}} = 36$ to 16 mm²/s
 - With hydraulic fluid based on mineral oils
- 2) Higher rotational speeds on request.

- 3) The data are valid for values between the minimum required and maximum permissible rotational speed. Valid for external excitation (e.g. diesel engine 2 to 8 times the rotary frequency; cardan shaft 2 times the rotary frequency). The limit value is only valid for a single pump. The load capacity of the connection parts must be considered.
- 4) Maximum rotational speed 2150 rpm for version with port plate 32.

Permissible radial and axial loading of the drive shaft

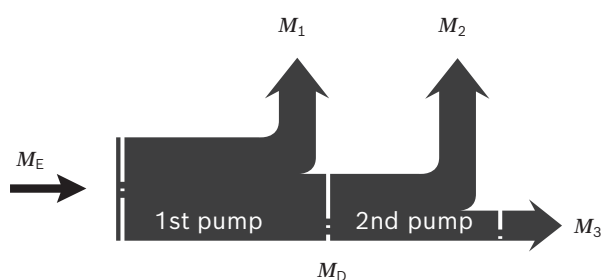
Size		NG		45	71	100	140	180
Maximum radial force at a/2		$F_{q \max}$	N	1500	1900	2300	2800	2300
Maximum axial force		$\pm F_{ax \max}$	N	1500	2400	4000	4800	800

Notice

- The values given are maximum values and do not apply to continuous operation. For drives with radial loading (pinions, V-belt drives), please contact us!

Permissible inlet and through-drive torques

Size			45	71	100	140	180
Torque at $V_{g \max}$ and $\Delta p = 280 \text{ bar}^{1)}$	M_{\max}	Nm	200	316	446	624	802
Max. input torque on drive shaft ²⁾							
S	$M_{E \max}$	Nm	319	626	1104	1620	1834
	\varnothing	inch	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 3/4	1 3/4
R	$M_{E \max}$	Nm	400	644	–	–	–
	\varnothing	inch	1	1 1/4	–	–	–
U	$M_{E \max}$	Nm	188	300	595	On request	–
	\varnothing	inch	7/8	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	–
W	$M_{E \max}$	Nm	–	394	636	1220	1488
	\varnothing	inch	–	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/2
Maximum through-drive torque							
S	$M_{D \max}$	Nm	319	492	778	1266	1266
R	$M_{D \max}$	Nm	365	548	–	–	–
U	$M_{D \max}$	Nm	188	300	595	On request	–
W	$M_{D \max}$	Nm	–	–	636	1220	1266

▼ Distribution of torques


Torque at 1st pump	M_1
Torque at 2nd pump	M_2
Torque at 3rd pump	M_3
Input torque	$M_E = M_1 + M_2 + M_3$
	$M_E < M_{E \max}$
Through-drive torque	$M_D = M_2 + M_3$
	$M_D < M_{D \max}$

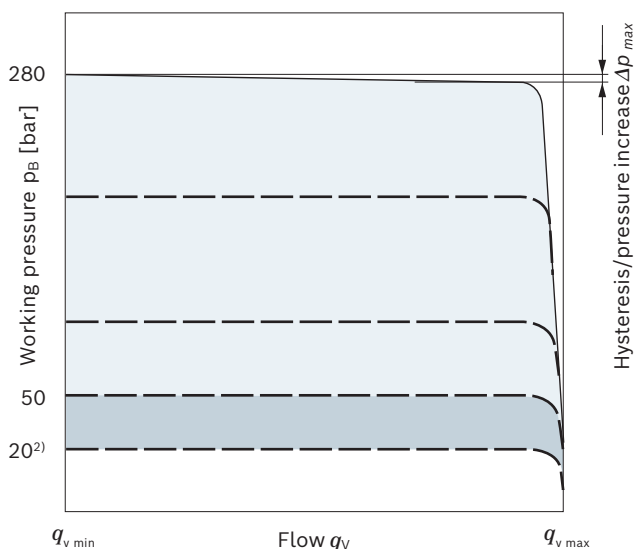
1) Efficiency not considered
 2) For drive shafts with no radial force

DR – Pressure controller

The pressure controller limits the maximum pressure at the pump outlet within the control range of the variable pump. The variable pump only supplies as much hydraulic fluid as is required by the consumers. If the working pressure exceeds the pressure command value at the pressure valve, the pump will regulate to a smaller displacement to reduce the control differential.

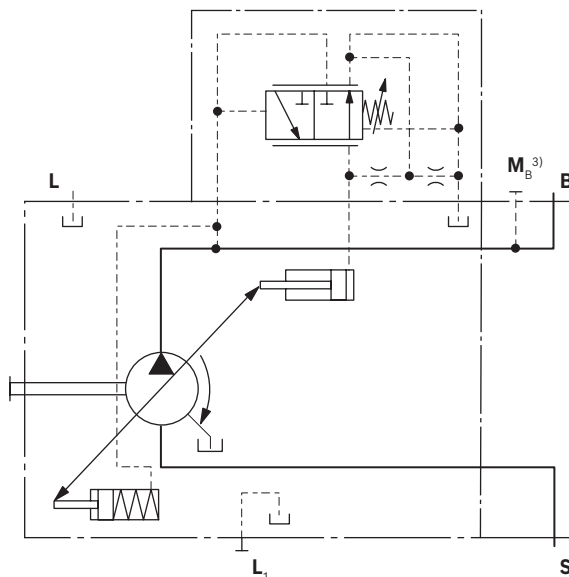
- ▶ Basic position in depressurized state: $V_{g \max}$.
- ▶ Setting range¹⁾ for infinitely variable 50 to 280 bar pressure control.
Standard is 280 bar.

▼ Characteristic curve DR



Characteristic curve valid at $n_1 = 1500$ rpm and $\vartheta_{\text{fluid}} = 50$ °C.

▼ Circuit diagram DR



Controller data

Size		45	71	100	140	180
Pressure increase	Δp [bar]	6	8	10	12	14
Hysteresis and repeatability	Δp [bar]	Maximum 4				
Pilot fluid consumption	[l/min]	maximum approx. 3				

1) In order to prevent damage to the pump and the system, the permissible setting range must not be exceeded. The range of possible settings at the valve is higher.

2) For settings below 50 bar, please use the SO275 special pressure controller (setting range: 20 to 100 bar).
3) Only with port plates 22 and 32

DRG – Pressure controller, remotely controlled

For the remote controlled pressure controller, the pressure limitation is performed using a separately arranged pressure relief valve. Therefore, any pressure control value under the pressure set on the pressure controller can be regulated. Pressure controller DR see page 10.

A pressure relief valve is externally piped up to port **X** for remote control. This relief valve is not included in the scope of delivery of the DRG control.

A differential pressure of 20 bar Δp (standard setting) results in a pilot oil flow of approx. 1.5 l/min at port **X**.

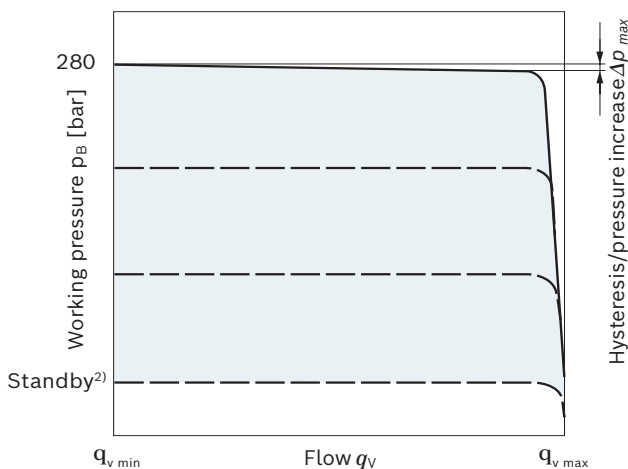
If another setting is required (range from 10-22 bar) please state in plain text.

As a separate pressure relief valve (**1**) we recommend:

- ▶ A direct operated, hydraulic or electric proportional one, suitable for the quantity of pilot fluid mentioned above. The maximum line length should not exceed 2 m.
- ▶ Basic position in depressurized state: $V_{g \max}$.
- ▶ Setting range¹⁾ for pressure control 50 to 280 bar (**3**). Standard is 280 bar.
- ▶ Setting range for differential pressure 10 - 22 bar (**2**). Standard is 20 bar.

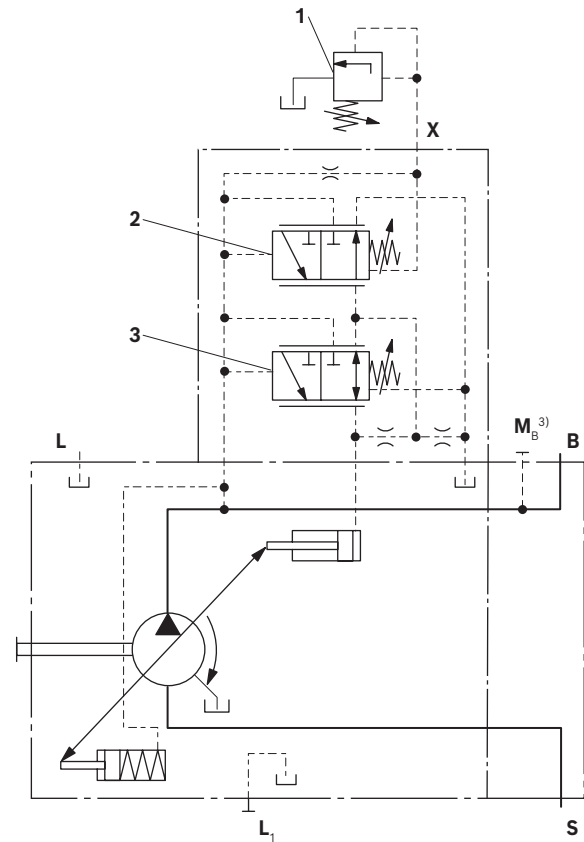
Unloading port **X** to the reservoir results in a zero stroke pressure (standby) which is approx. 1 to 2 bar higher than the defined differential pressure Δp , however system influences are not taken into account.

▼ Characteristic curve DRG



Characteristic curve valid at $n_1 = 1500$ rpm and $\vartheta_{\text{fluid}} = 50$ °C.

▼ Circuit diagram DRG



- 1** The separate pressure relief valve and the line are not included in the scope of delivery.
- 2** Remote controlled pressure cut-off (**G**)
- 3** Pressure controller (**DR**)

Controller data

Size		45	71	100	140	180
Pressure increase maximum	Δp [bar]	6	8	10	12	14
Hysteresis and repeatability	Δp [bar]	Maximum 4				
Pilot fluid consumption	[l/min]	Maximum approx. 4.5				

1) In order to prevent damage to the pump and the system, the permissible setting range must not be exceeded. The range of possible settings at the valve is higher.

2) Zero stroke pressure from pressure setting Δp on controller (**2**)

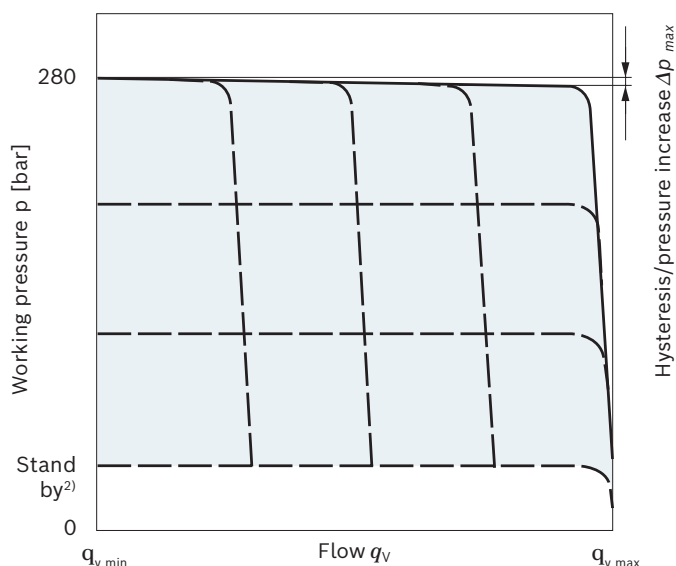
3) Only with port plates 22 and 32

DRF/DRS/DRSC – Pressure flow controller

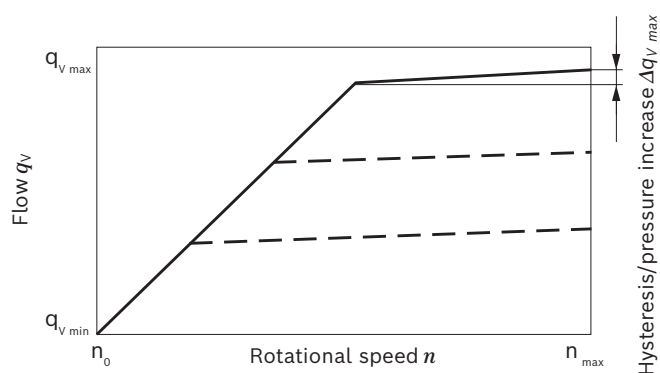
In addition to the pressure controller function (see page 10), an adjustable orifice (e.g. directional valve) is used to adjust the differential pressure upstream and downstream of the orifice. This is used to control the pump flow. The pump flow is equal to the actual hydraulic fluid quantity required by the consumer. With all controller combinations, the V_g reduction has priority.

- ▶ Basic position in depressurized state: $V_{g \max}$.
- ▶ Setting range¹⁾ to 280 bar.
Standard is 280 bar.
- ▶ DR pressure controller data see page 10

▼ Characteristic curve DRF/DRS/DRSC

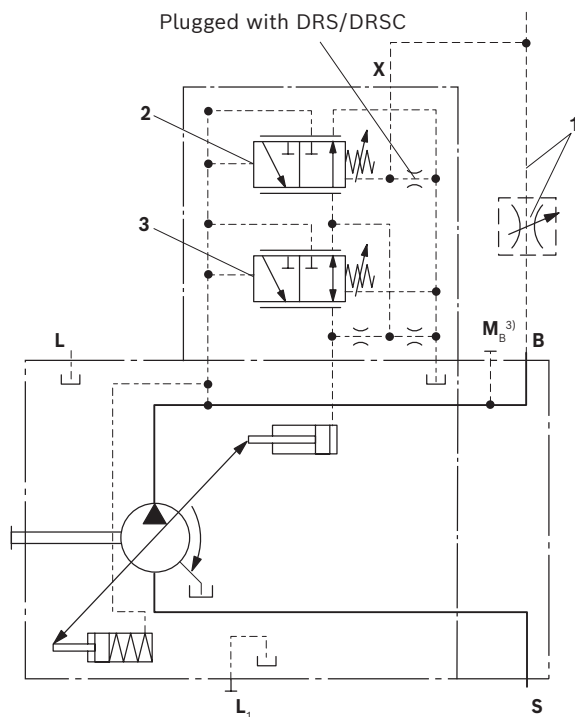


▼ Characteristic curve at variable rotational speed



Characteristic curves valid at $n_1 = 1500$ rpm and $\vartheta_{\text{fluid}} = 50$ °C.

▼ Circuit diagram DRF



- 1 The metering orifice (control block) and the line are not included in the scope of delivery.
- 2 Flow controller (FR).
- 3 Pressure controller (DR)

Notice

The DRS and DRSC versions have no unloading from **X** to the reservoir.

The LS must thus be unloaded in the system.

Because of the flushing function of the flow controller in the DRS control valve, sufficient unloading of the **X** line must also be ensured.

If this unloading of the **X** line cannot be ensured, the DRSC control valve must be used.

For further information see page 13

1) In order to prevent damage to the pump and the system, the permissible setting range must not be exceeded.
The range of possible settings at the valve is higher.

2) Zero stroke pressure from pressure setting Δp on controller (2)

3) Only with port plates 22 and 32

Differential pressure Δp

- ▶ Standard setting: 14 bar
 If another setting is required, please state in clear text.
- ▶ Setting range: 14 bar to 22 bar

Unloading port **X** to the reservoir results in a zero stroke pressure (standby) which is approx. 1 to 2 bar higher than the defined differential pressure Δp , however system influences are not taken into account.

Controller data

DR pressure controller data, see page 10

Maximum flow deviation measured at drive speed $n = 1500$ rpm.

NG		45	71	100	140	180
Pressure increase maximum	Δp [bar]	6	8	10	12	14
Flow deviation	$\Delta q_{V\ max}$ [l/min]	1.8	2.8	4.0	6.0	8.0
Hysteresis and repeatability	Δp [bar]	Maximum 4				
Pilot fluid consumption	[l/min]	Maximum approx. 3 to 4.5 (DRF) Maximum approx. 3 (DRS/DRSC)				

LA... – Pressure, flow and power controller

Pressure controller equipped as DR(G), see page 10 (11).

Equipment of the flow controller like DRS, see page 12.

In order to achieve a constant drive torque with varying working pressures, the swivel angle and with it the output flow from the axial piston pump is varied so that the product of flow and pressure remains constant.

Flow control is possible below the power control curve.

When ordering please state the power characteristics to be set at the factory in plain text, e.g. 20 kW at 1500 rpm.

Controller data

- ▶ For pressure controller DR data, see page 10.
- ▶ For flow controller FR data, see page 12.
- ▶ Pilot fluid consumption max. approx. 5.5 l/min.

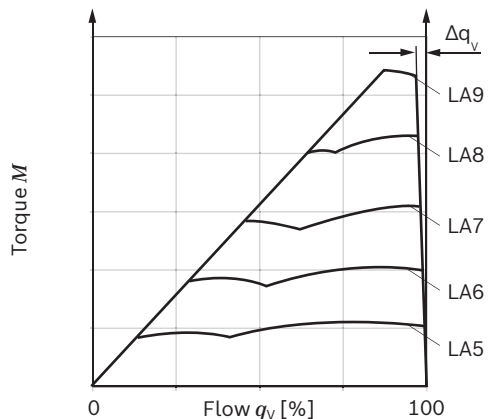
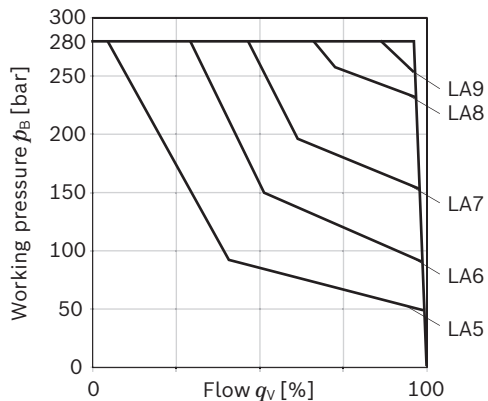
Beginning of control	Torque M [Nm] for size					Type code
	45	71	100	140	180	
up to 50 bar	to 42.0	to 67.0	to 94.0	to 132.0	to 167.0	LA5
51 to 90 bar	42.1 - 76.0	67.1 - 121.0	94.1 - 169.0	132.1 - 237.0	167.1 - 302.0	LA6
91 to 160 bar	76.1 - 134.0	121.1 - 213.0	169.1 - 299.0	237.1 - 418.0	302.1 - 540.0	LA7
161 to 240 bar	134.1 - 202.0	213.1 - 319.0	299.1 - 449.0	418.1 - 629.0	540.1 - 810.0	LA8
over 240 bar	over 202.1	over 319.1	over 449.1	over 629.1	over 810.1	LA9

Conversion of the torque values in power [kW]

$$P = \frac{M}{6.4} \text{ [kW]} \quad (\text{At 1500 rpm})$$

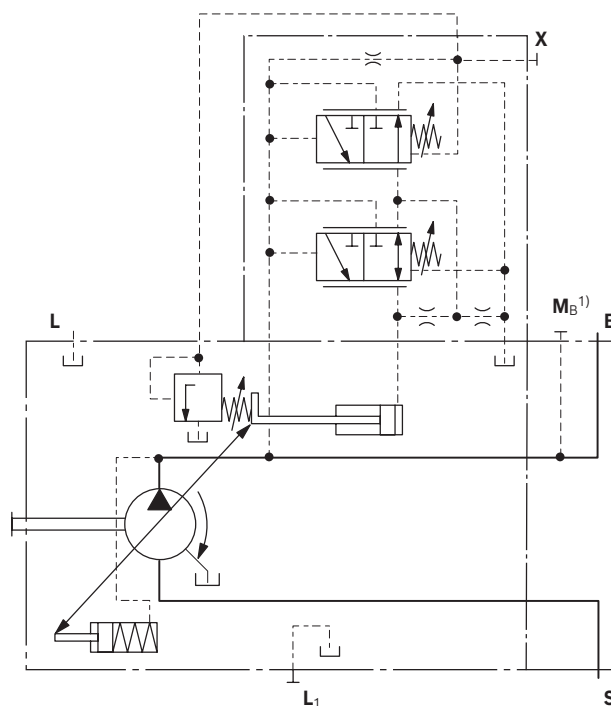
$$\text{or} \quad P = \frac{2\pi \times M \times n}{60000} \text{ [kW]} \quad (\text{For rotational speeds see table on page 8})$$

▼ Characteristic curve LA.



▼ Circuit diagram LA.D with pressure cut-off

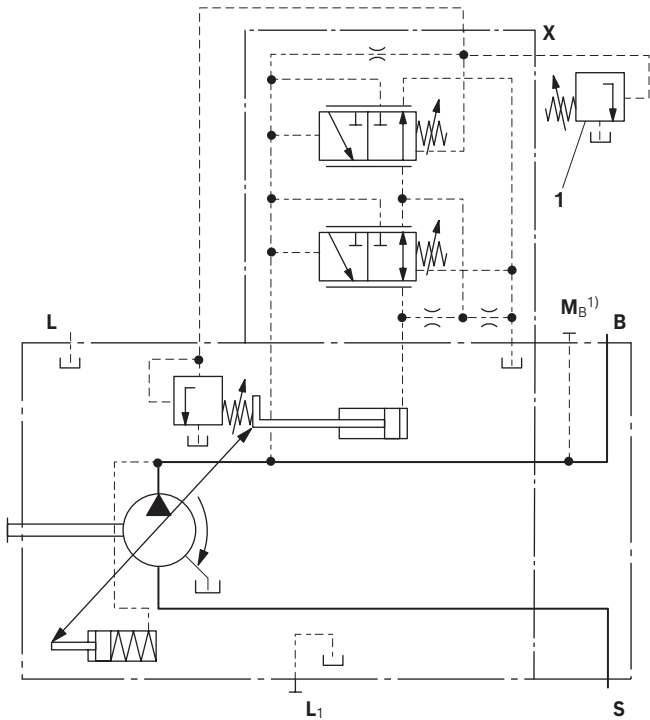
(For further combination options with LA.. see page 15)



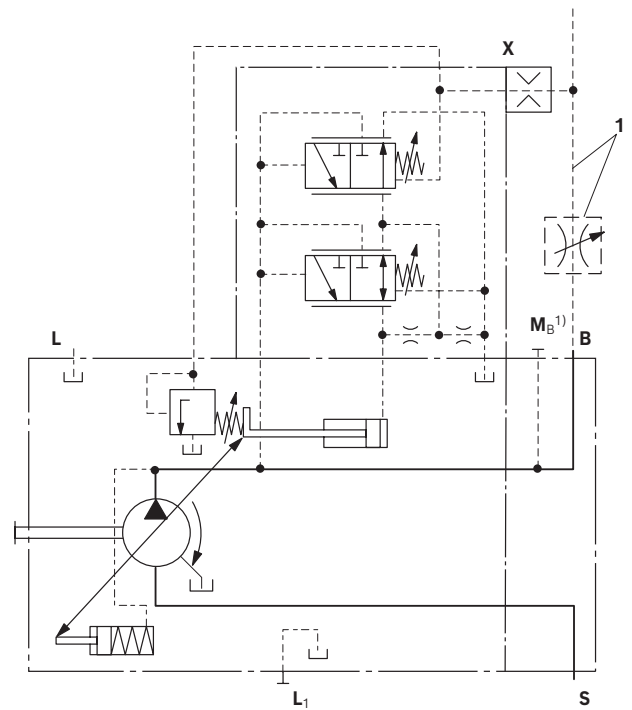
1) Only with port plates 22 and 32

LA... – Variations

▼ **Circuit diagram LA.DG** with pressure cut-off, remote controlled

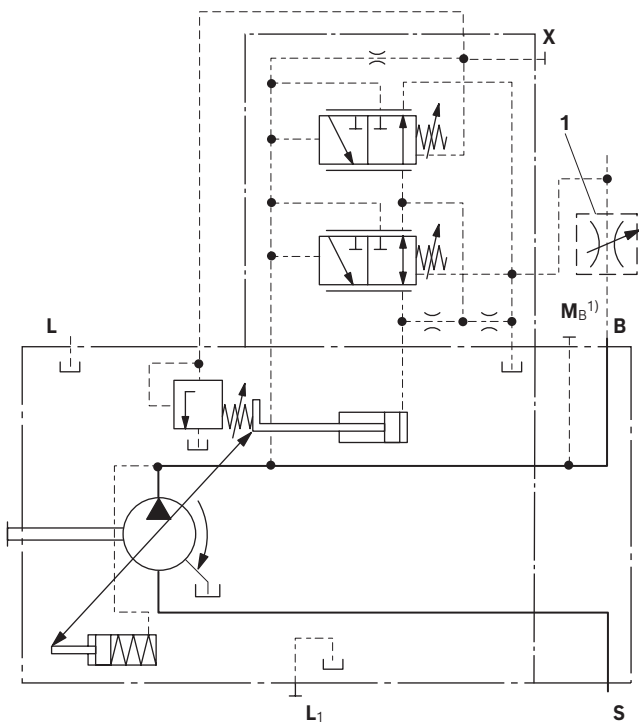


▼ **Circuit diagram LA.DS**



1 The metering orifice and the pressure relief valve and line are not included in the scope of delivery.

▼ **Circuit diagram LA.S** with separate flow control



1) Only with port plates 22 and 32

ED – Electrohydraulic pressure control

The ED valve is set to a certain pressure by a specified variable solenoid current.

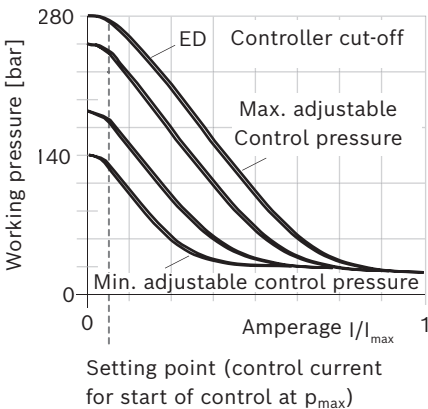
When changing the consumer (load pressure), this causes an increase or decrease in the pump swivel angle (flow) in order to maintain the electrically set pressure level.

The pump thus only delivers as much hydraulic fluid as the consumers can take. The desired pressure level can be set steplessly by varying the solenoid current.

As the solenoid current signal drops towards zero, the pressure will be limited to p_{max} by an adjustable hydraulic pressure cut-off (secure fail safe function in case of power failure, e.g. for fan speed control). The swivel time characteristic of the ED control was optimized for the use as a fan drive system.

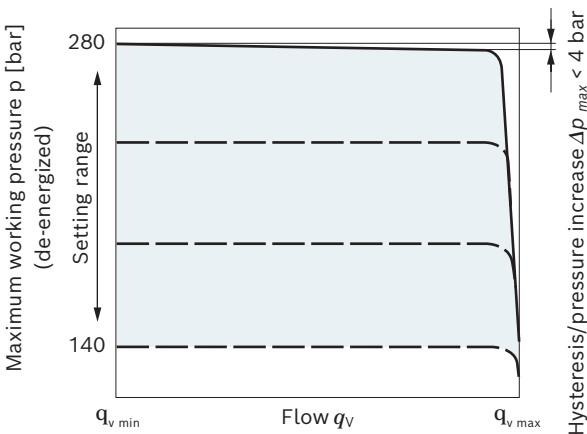
When ordering, specify the type of application in plain text.

▼ Current/pressure characteristic curve ED (negative characteristic curve)



Hysteresis static current-pressure characteristic curve < 3 bar.

▼ Flow-pressure characteristic curve



Characteristic curves valid at $n_1 = 1500$ rpm and

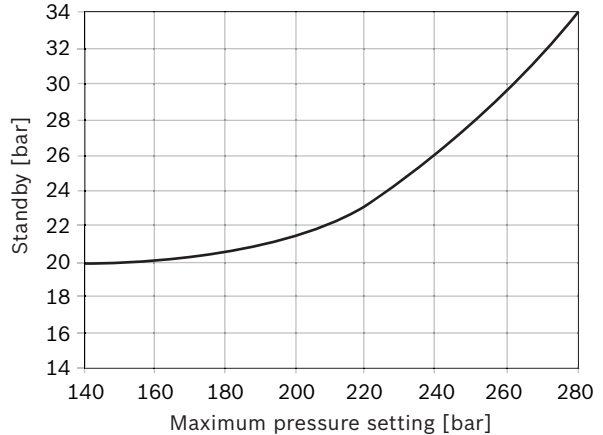
$\vartheta_{fluid} = 50$ °C.

Pilot fluid consumption: 3 to 4.5 l/min.

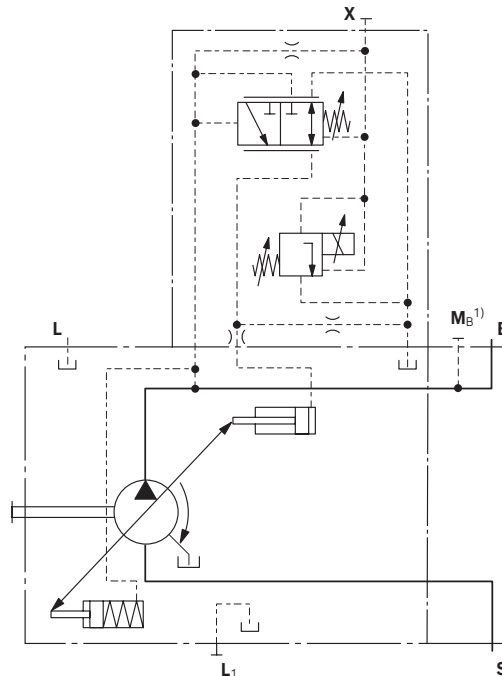
► Pilot fluid consumption: 3 to 4.5 l/min.

► For standby standard setting, see the following diagram; other values on request.

▼ Influence of the pressure setting on standby (maximum energization)



▼ Circuit diagram ED71/ED72



1) Only with port plates 22 and 32

Technical data, solenoids	ED71	ED72
Voltage	12 V ($\pm 20\%$)	24 V ($\pm 20\%$)
Control current		
Start of control at p_{\max}	100 mA	50 mA
End of control at p_{\min}	1200 mA	600 mA
Current limit	1.54 A	0.77 A
Nominal resistance (at 20 °C)	5.5 Ω	22.7 Ω
Dither frequency	100 Hz	100 Hz
Recommended amplitude	120 mA	60 mA
Duty cycle	100%	100%
Type of protection and control electronics see connector version page 66		
Operating temperature range at valve -20 °C to +115 °C		

Notice

With **ED71**, de-energized operating condition (jump from 100 to 0 mA) results in a pressure increase of the maximum pressure of 4 to 5 bar.

With **ED72**, de-energized operating condition (jump from 50 to 0 mA) results in a pressure increase of the maximum pressure of 4 to 5 bar.

For circuit diagram and more characteristic curves see page 16

ER – Electrohydraulic pressure control

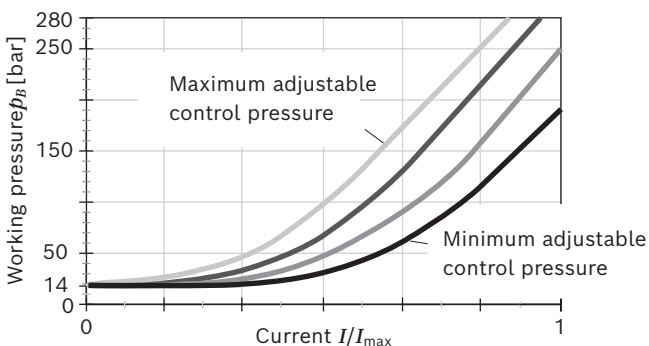
The ER valve is set to a certain pressure by a specified variable solenoid current.

When a change is made at the consumer (load pressure), the position of the control spool will shift.

This causes an increase or decrease in the pump swivel angle (flow) in order to maintain the electrically set pressure level.

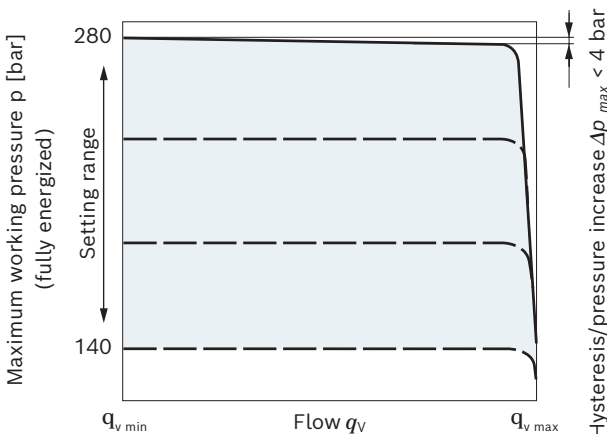
The pump thus only delivers as much hydraulic fluid as the consumers can take. The desired pressure level can be set steplessly by varying the solenoid current. If the solenoid current goes to zero, the pressure is limited to p_{\min} (standby) by the adjustable, hydraulic pressure cut-off. Observe project planning note.

▼ Current/pressure characteristic curve ED (positive characteristic curve measured with pump in zero stroke)



Hysteresis static current-pressure characteristic curve < 3 bar.

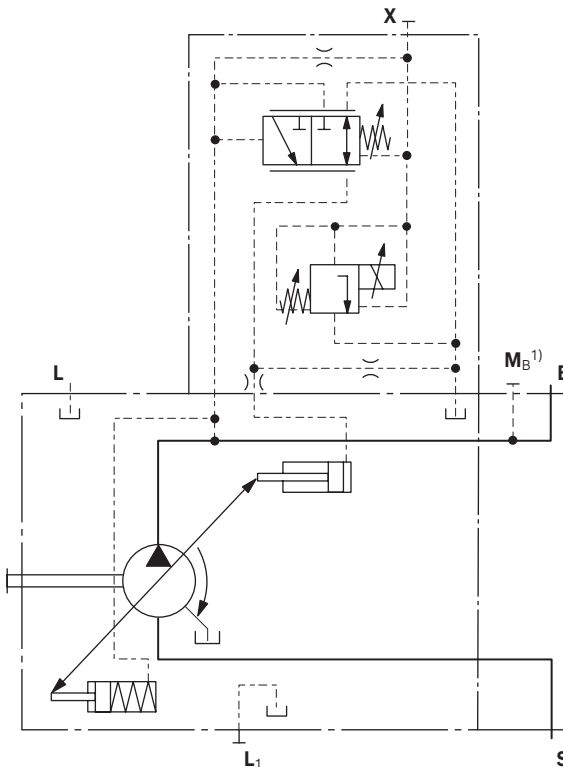
▼ Flow-pressure characteristic curve



Characteristic curves valid at $n_1 = 1500$ rpm and $\vartheta_{\text{fluid}} = 50$ °C.

- ▶ Pilot fluid consumption: 3 to 4.5 l/min.
- ▶ Standby standard 14 bar. Other values on request.
- ▶ Influence of pressure setting on standby ± 2 bar.

▼ Circuit diagram ER71/ER72



Technical data, solenoids	ER71	ER72
Voltage	12 V ($\pm 20\%$)	24 V ($\pm 20\%$)
Control current		
Start of control at p_{\min}	100 mA	50 mA
End of control at p_{\max}	1200 mA	600 mA
Current limit	1.54 A	0.77 A
Nominal resistance (at 20 °C)	5.5 Ω	22.7 Ω
Dither frequency	100 Hz	100 Hz
Recommended amplitude	120 mA	60 mA
Duty cycle	100%	100%
Type of protection and control electronics see connector version page 66		
Operating temperature range at valve -20 °C to +115 °C		

Project planning note!

Excessive current levels ($I > 1200$ mA at 12 V or $I > 600$ mA at 24 V) to the ER solenoid can result in undesired pressure increases which can lead to pump or system damage. Therefore:

- ▶ Use I_{\max} current limiter solenoids.
- ▶ An intermediate plate pressure controller can be used to protect the pump in the event of excessive current levels. An accessory kit with intermediate plate pressure controller can be ordered from Bosch Rexroth under part number R902490825.

1) Only with port plates 22 and 32

EC4 – Electrohydraulic control valve (positive control)

The proportional directional valve EC4 serves to control an axial piston variable pump with eOC control functions in an electronically closed control circuit. Depending on the stroke, the valve spool frees up an opening cross-section. If the stroke is above the neutral position ($I_{neutral}$), the pump is swiveled out ($V_{g\ max}$), if it is below, the pump is swiveled in ($V_{g\ min}$). The valve spool is clamped between a proportional solenoid and a spring. This leads to proportionality of the opening cross-section and of the swivel speed to the solenoid current. The neutral position, which does not lead to a swivel motion, is assigned to a respective neutral current.

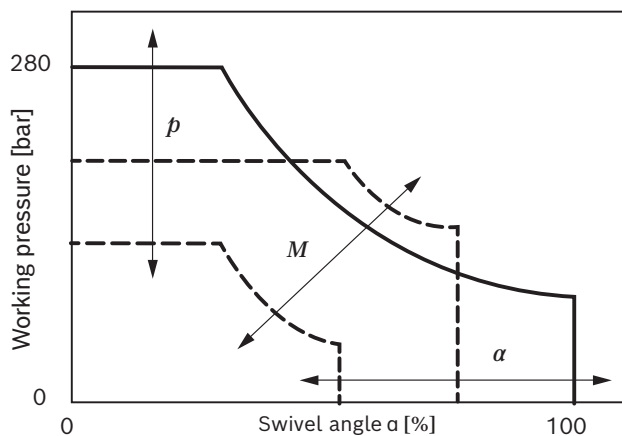
For control of the pump with BODAS eOC, a swivel angle sensor is required (see data sheet 95153). It must be taken into account with the special number S6098 at the end of the type code.

Further information on project planning of the BODAS eOC control system including other required system components can be found in data sheet 95345.

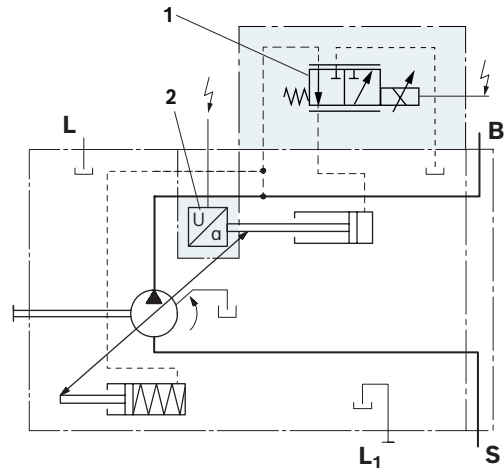
The BODAS eOC control software supports all four basic control types of axial piston variable pumps in electrically closed control circuits:

- ▶ Pressure and differential pressure control (p)
- ▶ Swivel angle and flow control (α)
- ▶ Torque control (M)
- ▶ Power control

▼ Control variants with EC4



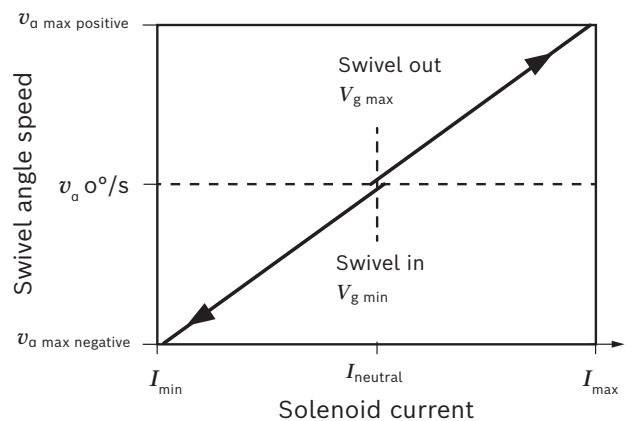
▼ Circuit diagram EC4



- 1 Proportional directional valve EC4
- 2 Swivel angle sensor (see data sheet 95153)

For further technical data on the solenoid with respective information, see pages 20 and 66

▼ Operating principle EC4¹⁾



¹⁾ Detailed information and swivel angle speed on request

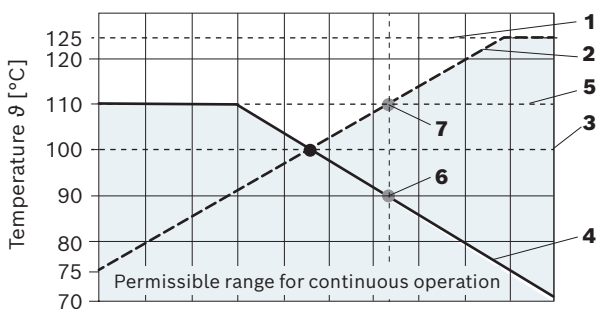
Solenoid technical data

EC4	
Maximum solenoid current	1900 mA
Nominal resistance at 20 °C	4.26 ±0.26 Ω
Winding temperature	
Hot resistance 180 °C	6.92 ±0.42 Ω
Winding temperature	
Limit temperature Winding	Insulating material class H (180 °C)
Hydraulic fluid or operating temperature	from -25 °C to 110 °C
Type of protection and control electronics, see page 66	

Notice

- ▶ The coil has a limit voltage of 100 V. In general, the maximum current must not be exceeded by the actual current.
- ▶ For calculation of the hot resistance, a temperature coefficient of 0.0039k^{-1} is to be applied.

▼ Dependency of the permissible ambient temperature on the hydraulic fluid temperature



Notice on hydraulic fluids/ambient temperature

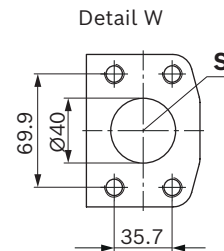
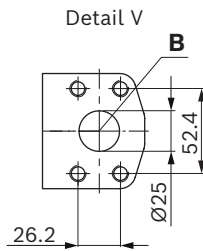
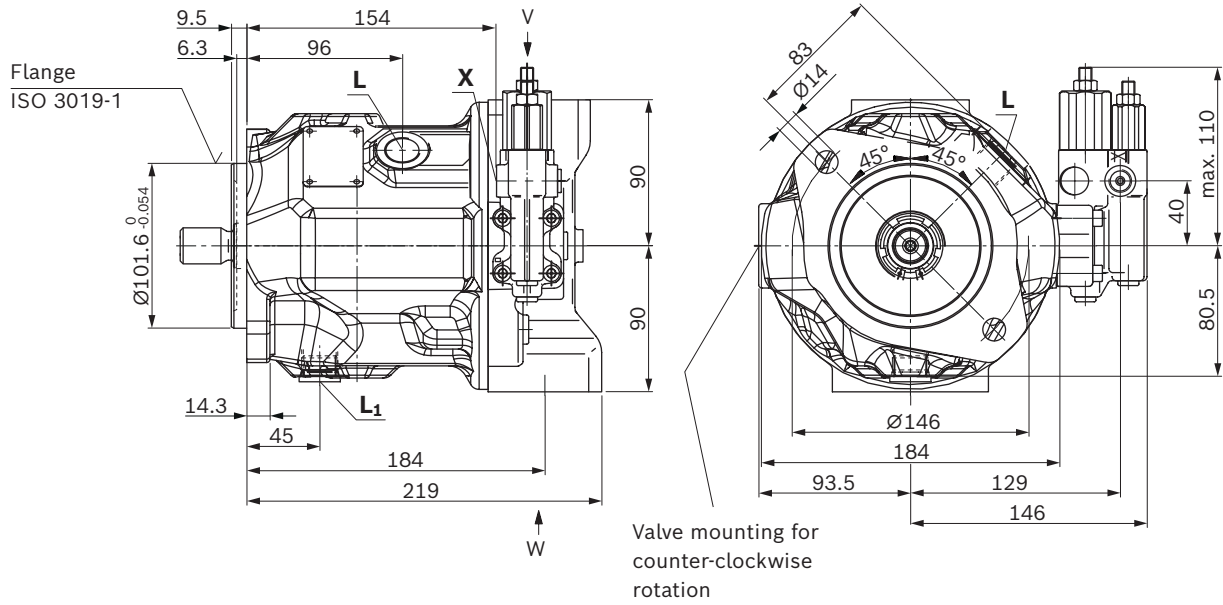
If the hydraulic fluid temperature (4) is reduced, a higher ambient temperature (2) is possible. The average from hydraulic fluid temperature (4), measured at port L, L₁ and ambient temperature (2) must be below the reference temperature (3) of 100 °C. The ambient temperature (2) must not exceed the maximum temperature (1) of 125 °C. The maximum hydraulic fluid temperature (5) of 110 °C must be complied with (see Viscosity and temperature of hydraulic fluids on page 5).

At a hydraulic fluid temperature (6) of 90 °C, for example, an ambient temperature (7) of 110 °C is permissible.

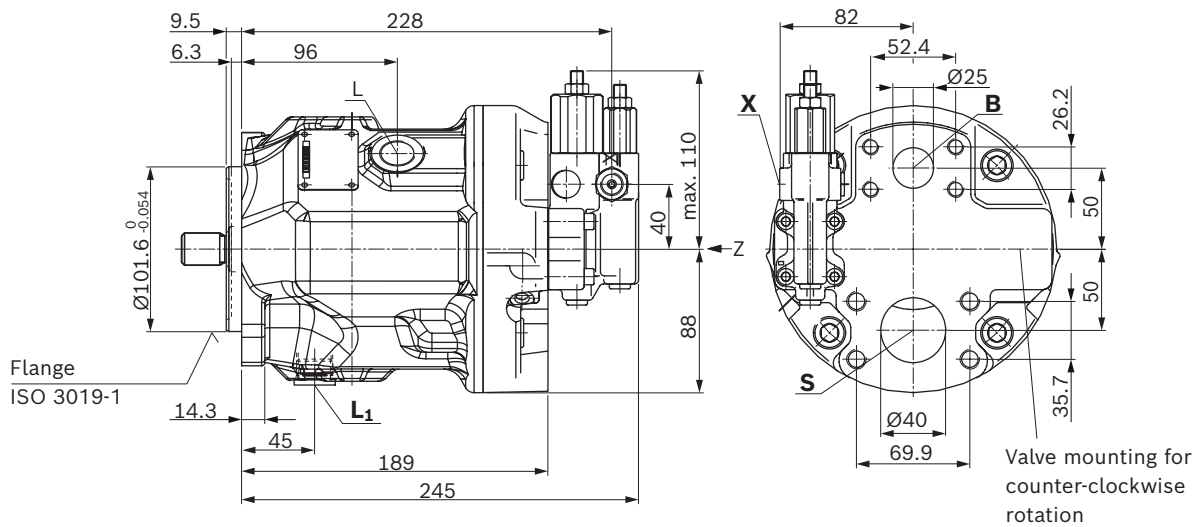
Dimensions, size 45

DRF, DRS, DRSC – Pressure flow controller, port plate 11 and 12; mounting flange C (SAE-B; 101-2)

▼ **Port plate 12**

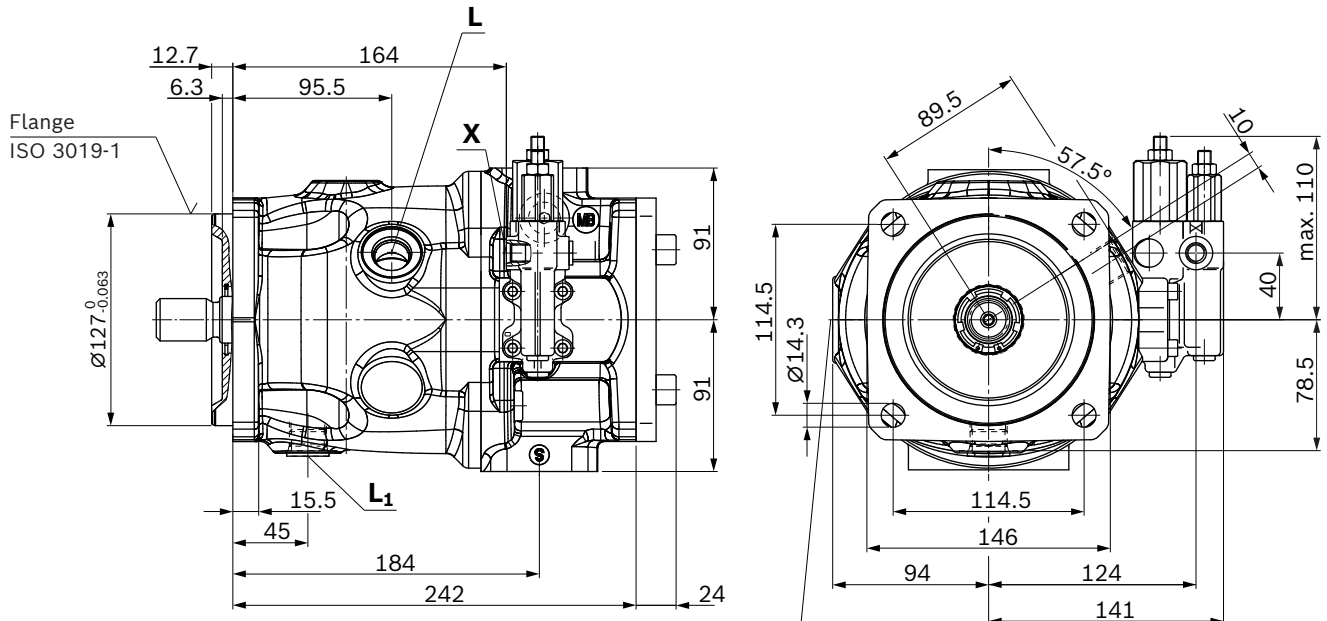


▼ **Port plate 11**



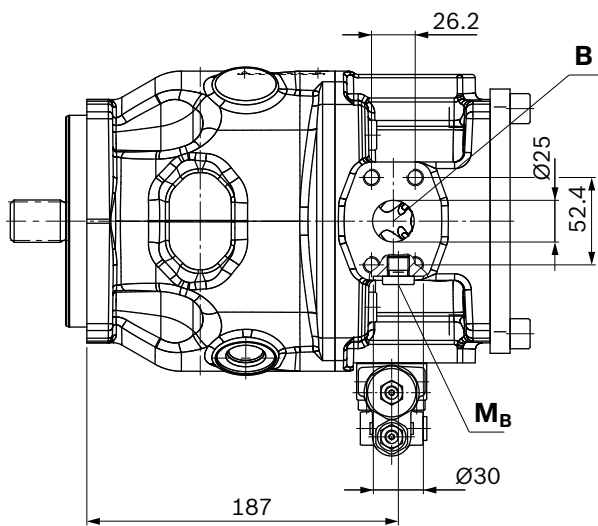
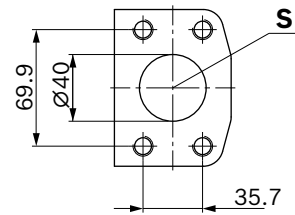
DRF, DRS, DRSC – Pressure flow controller, port plate 22 and 32; mounting flange D (SAE-C; 127-4)

▼ Port plate 22 and 32

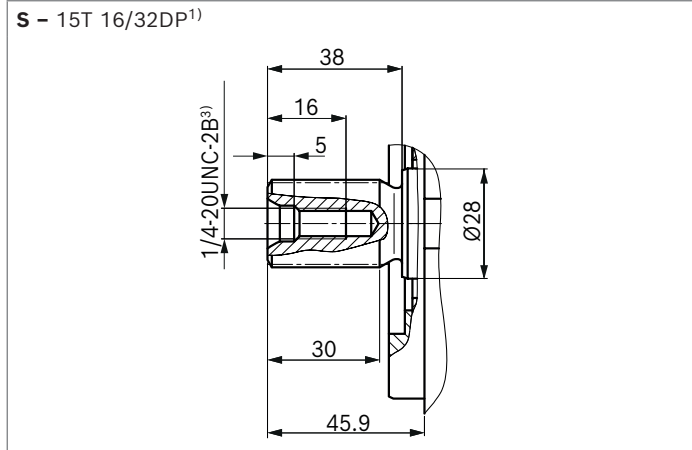


Valve mounting for counter-clockwise rotation

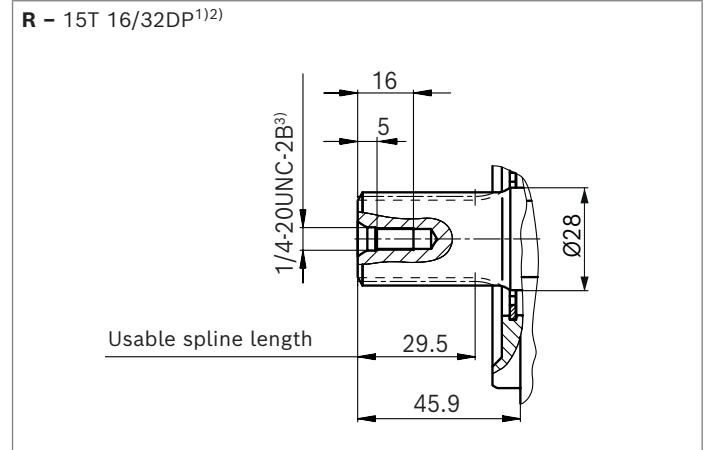
Detail W



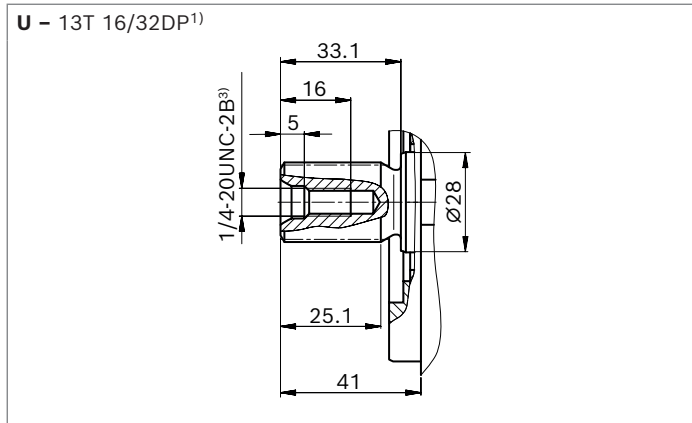
▼ **Splined shaft 1 in** (25-4, ISO 3019-1)



▼ **Splined shaft 1 in** (similar to ISO 3019-1)



▼ **Splined shaft 7/8 in** (22-4, ISO 3019-1)



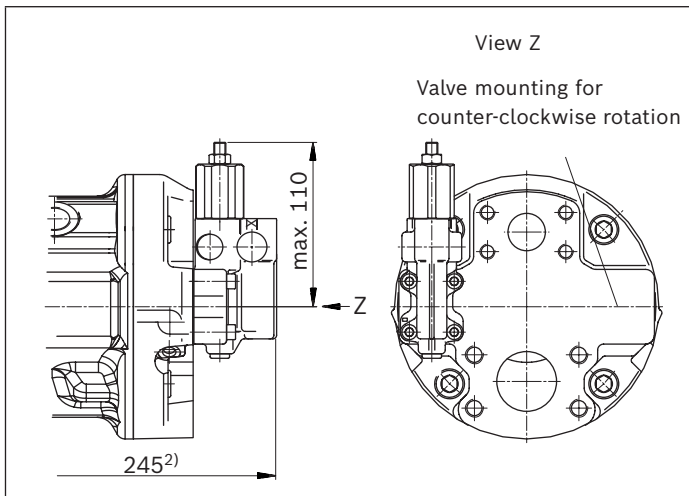
Ports		Standard	Size	p_{max} [bar] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
B	Working port (standard pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-1 DIN 13	1 in M10x1.5; 17 deep	350	O
S	Suction port (standard pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-1 DIN 13	1 1/2 in M12 x 1.75; 20 deep	10	O
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/8-14UNF-2B; 17 deep	2	O ⁶⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/8-14UNF-2B; 17 deep	2	X ⁶⁾
X	Pilot pressure	ISO 11926	7/16-20 UNF-2A; 11.5 deep	350	O
M_B	Measuring pressure B (only with port plates 22 and 32)	DIN 3852-2 ⁵⁾	G 1/4 in; 12 deep	350	X

1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
2) Splines according to ANSI B92.1a, spline runout is a deviation from standard ISO 3019-1.
3) Thread according to ASME B1.1
4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

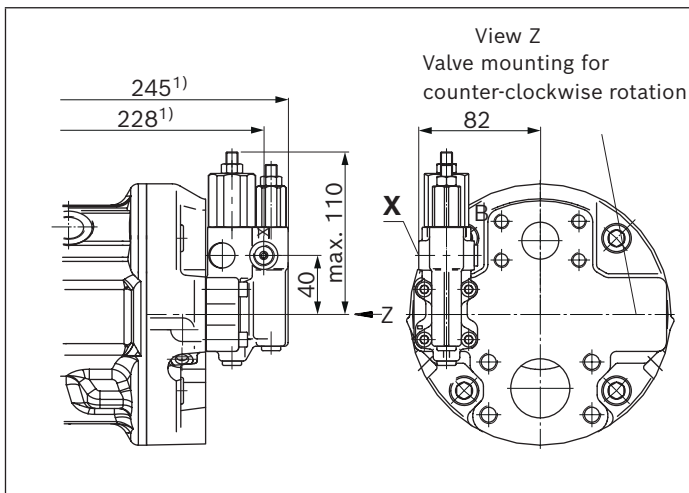
5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.
6) Depending on the installation position, **L** or **L₁** must be connected (also see installation instructions on page 67).
7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)
X = Plugged (in normal operation)

Port plate 11

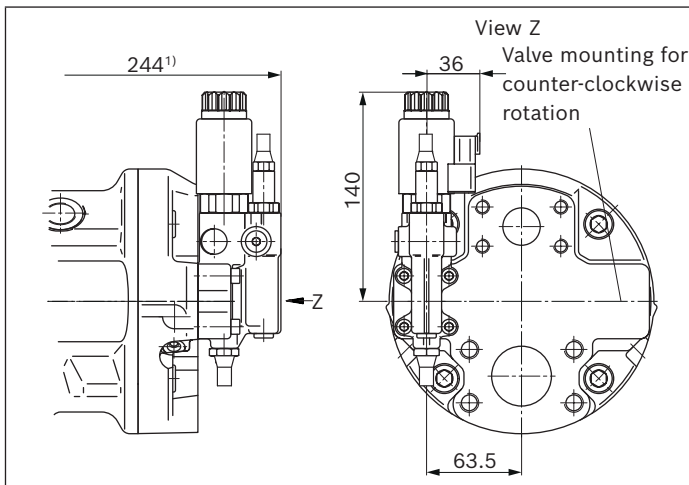
▼ **DR – Pressure controller; mounting flange C**



▼ **DRG – Pressure controller, remotely controlled; mounting flange C**

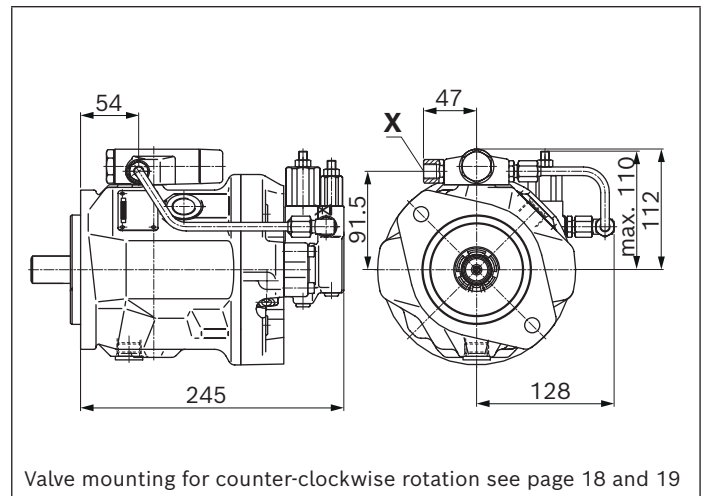


▼ **ED7./ER7. – Pressure controller, electric; mounting flange C**



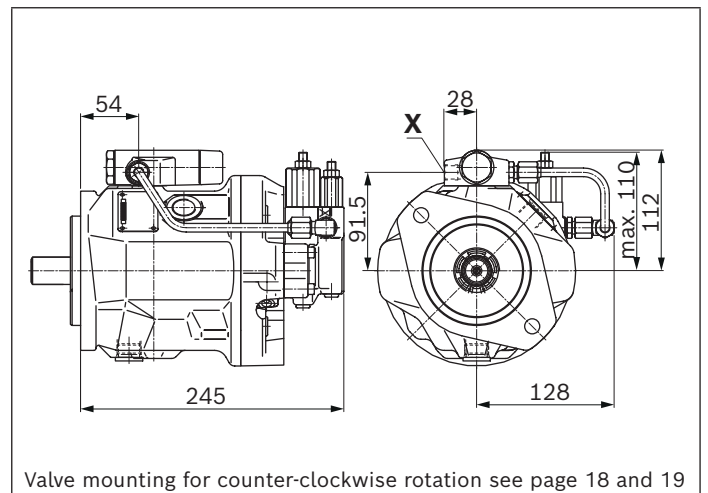
1) To mounting flange

▼ **LA.DS – Pressure, flow and power controller; mounting flange C**



Valve mounting for counter-clockwise rotation see page 18 and 19

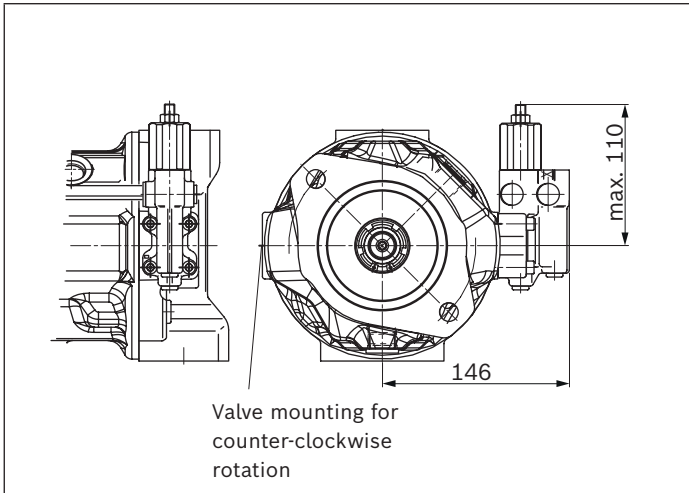
▼ **LA.DG – Power controller; with pressure cut-off, remote controlled; mounting flange C**



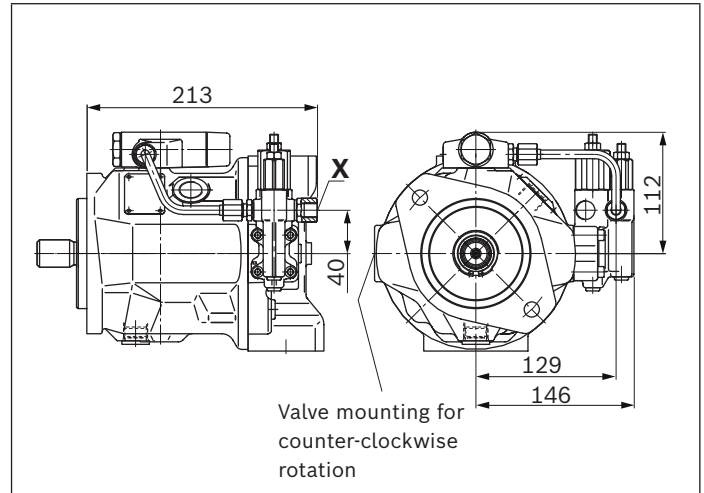
Valve mounting for counter-clockwise rotation see page 18 and 19

Port plate 12

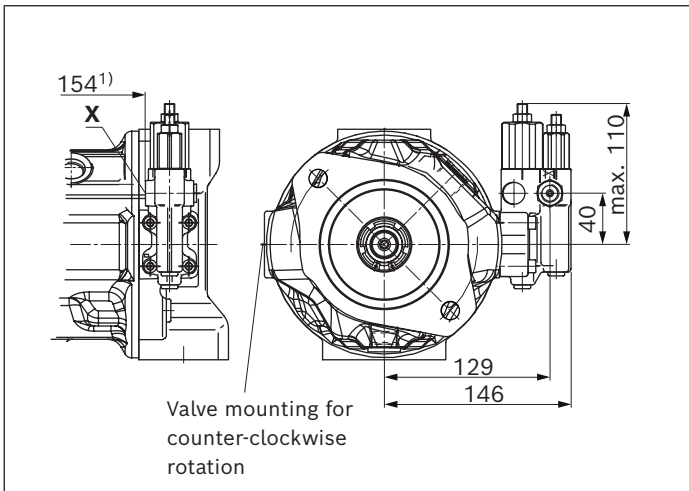
▼ **DR – Pressure controller; mounting flange C**



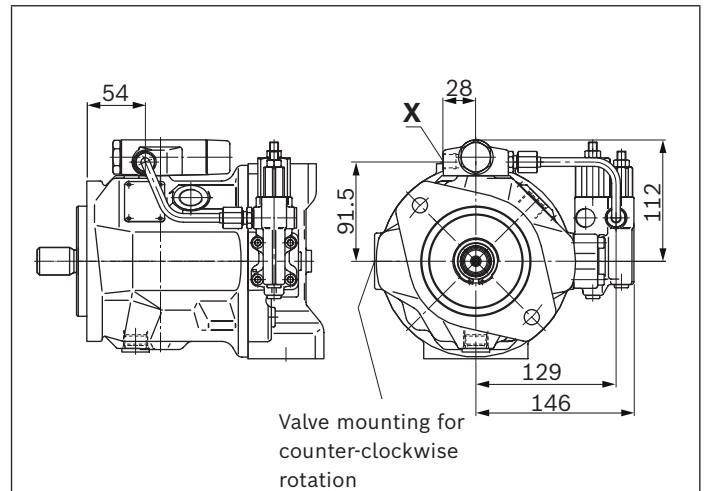
▼ **LA.DS – Pressure, flow and power controller; mounting flange C**



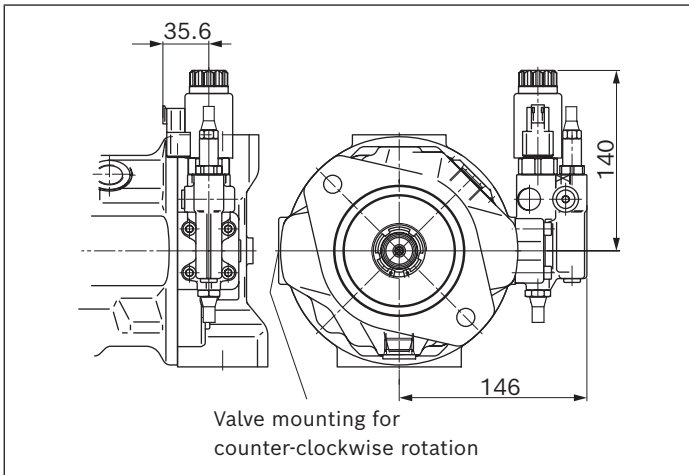
▼ **DRG – Pressure controller, remotely controlled; mounting flange C**



▼ **LA.DG – Power controller; with pressure cut-off, remote controlled; mounting flange C**



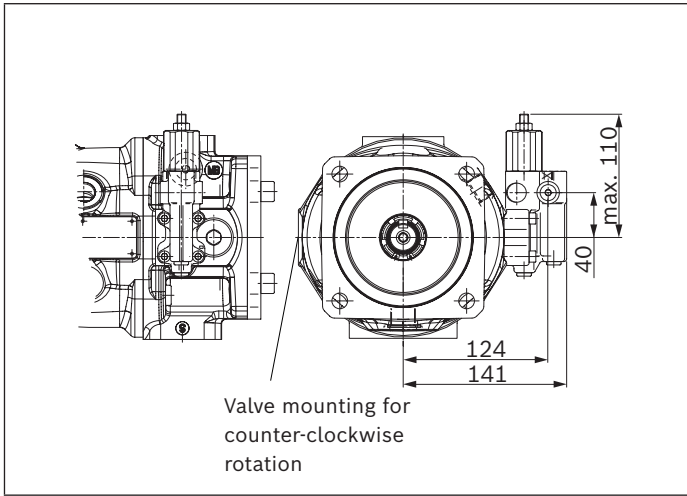
▼ **ED7./ER7. – Pressure controller, electric; mounting flange C**



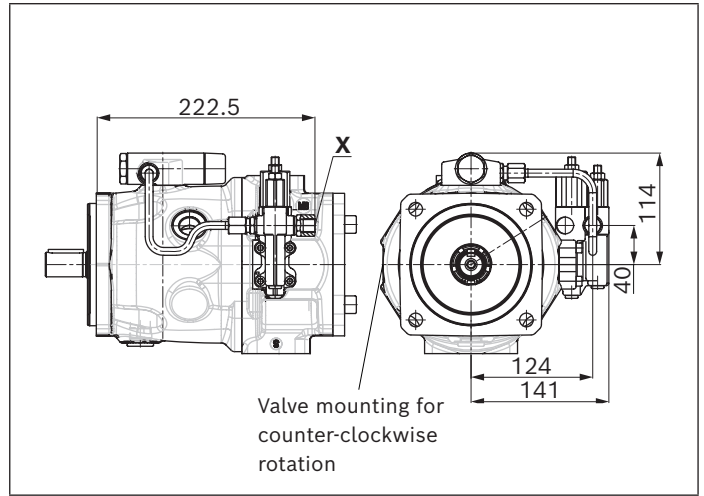
1) To mounting flange

Port plate 22 and 32

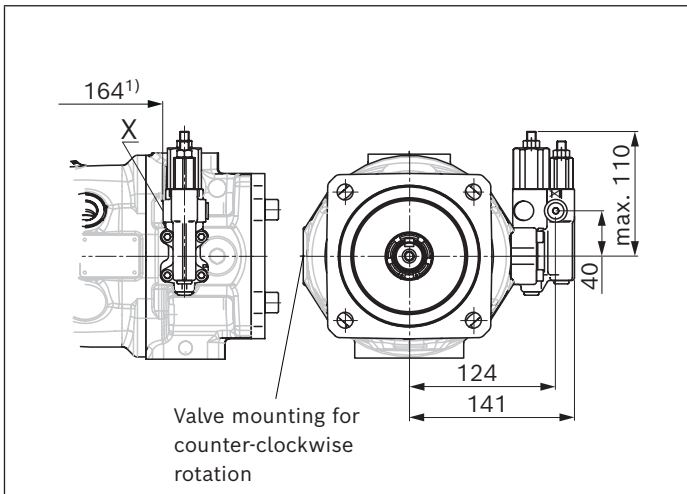
▼ **DR – Pressure controller; mounting flange D**



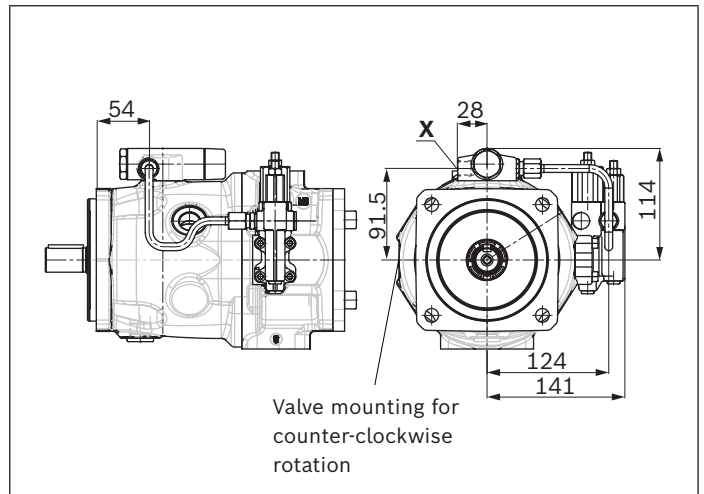
▼ **LA.DS – Pressure, flow and power controller; mounting flange D**



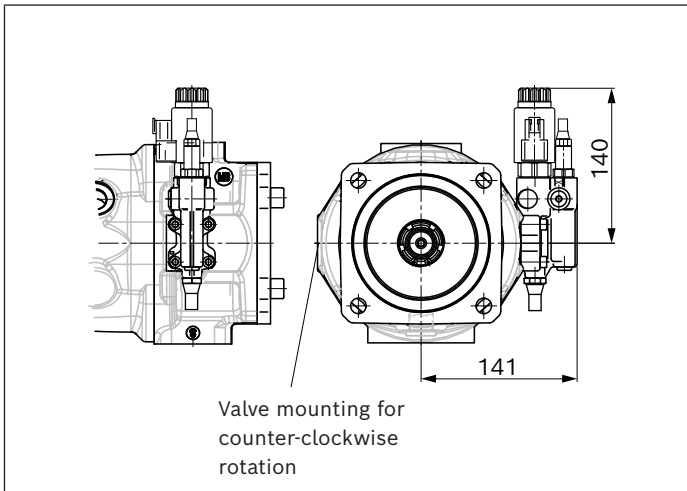
▼ **DRG – Pressure controller, remotely controlled; mounting flange D**



▼ **LA.DG – Power controller; with pressure cut-off, remote controlled; mounting flange D**



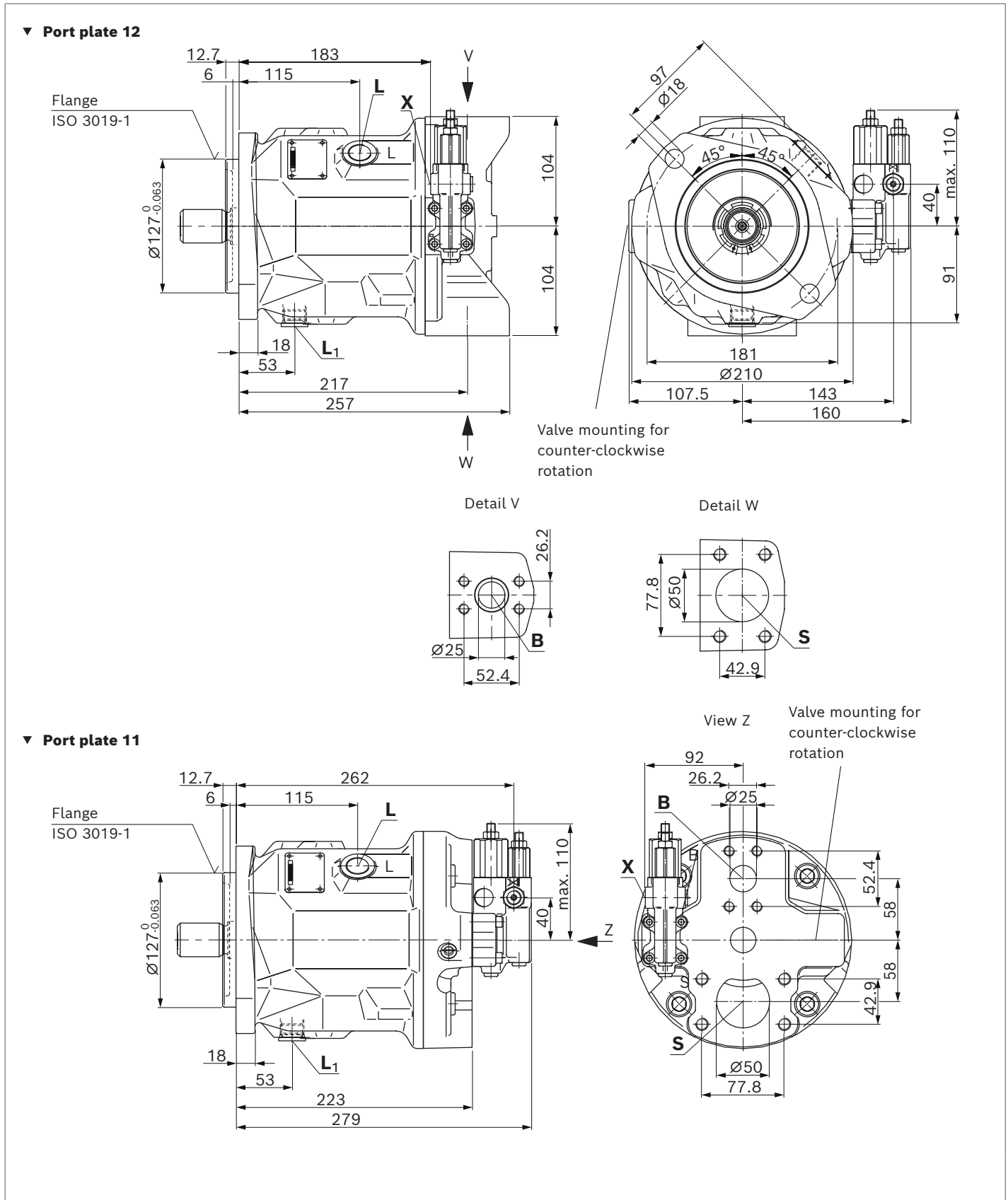
▼ **ED7./ER7. – Pressure controller, electric; mounting flange D**



1) To mounting flange

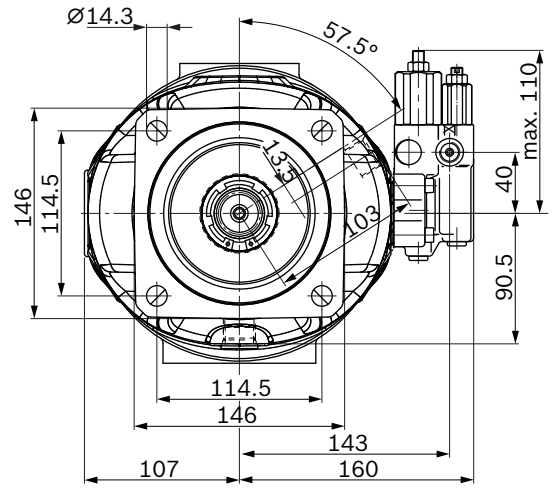
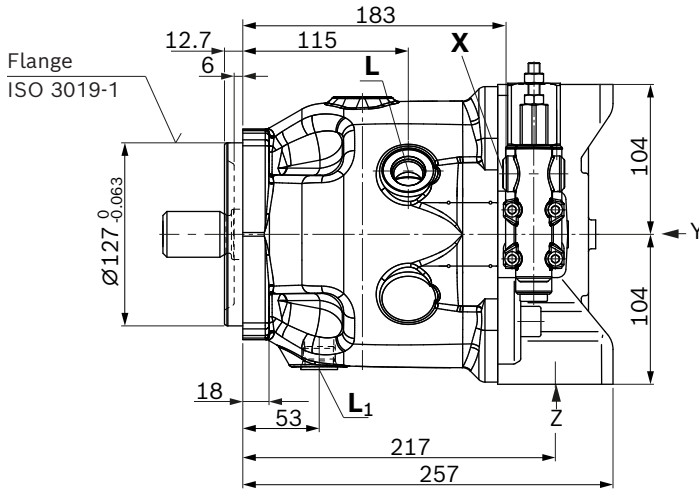
Dimensions, size 71

DRF, DRS, DRSC – Pressure flow controller, port plate 11 and 12; mounting flange C (SAE-C; 127-2)

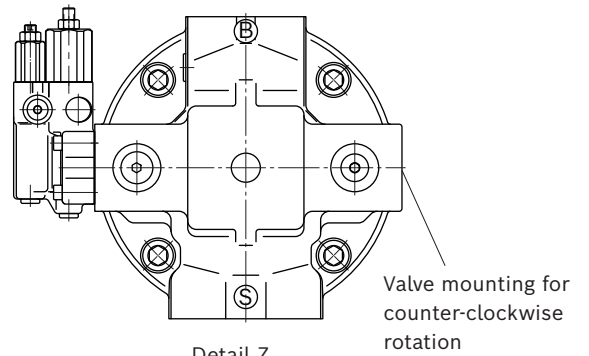
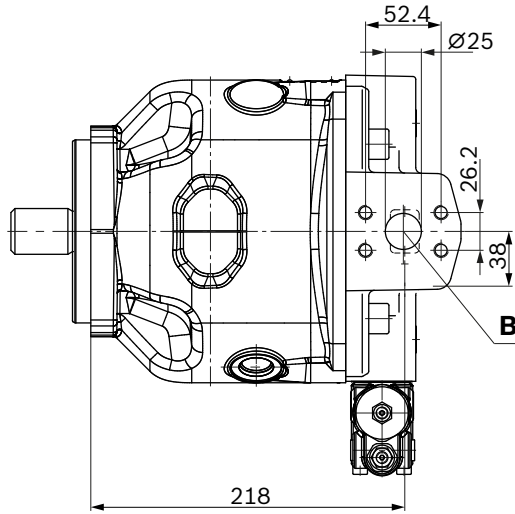


DRF, DRS, DRSC – Pressure flow controller, port plate 12; mounting flange D (SAE-C; 127-4) and U (SAE-D; 152-4)

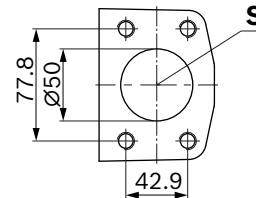
▼ **Port plate 12; mounting flange D**



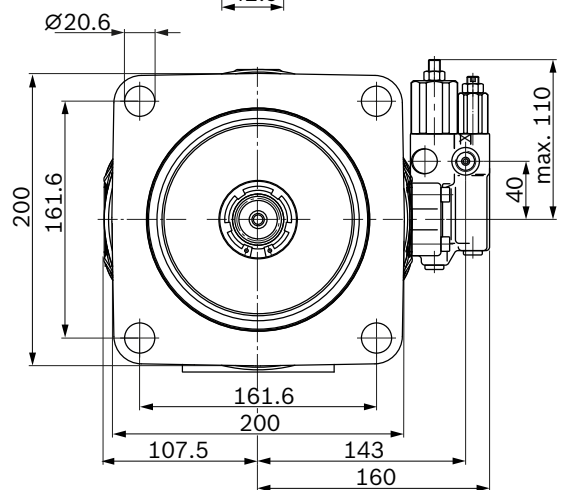
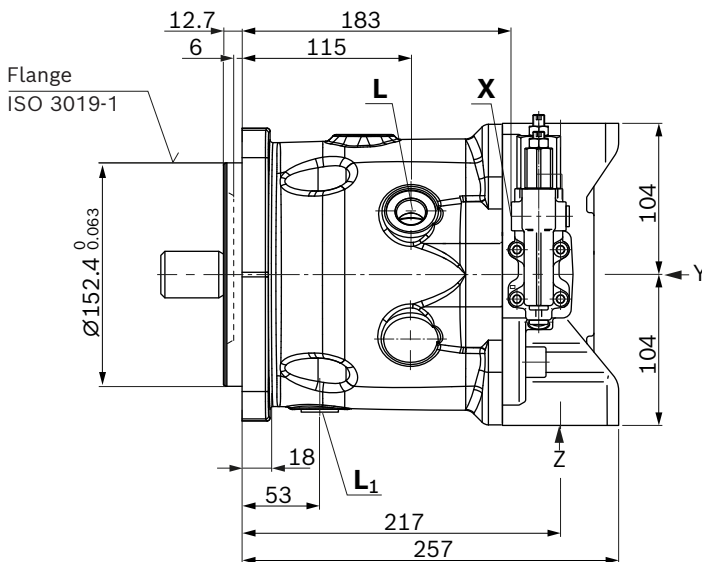
View Y



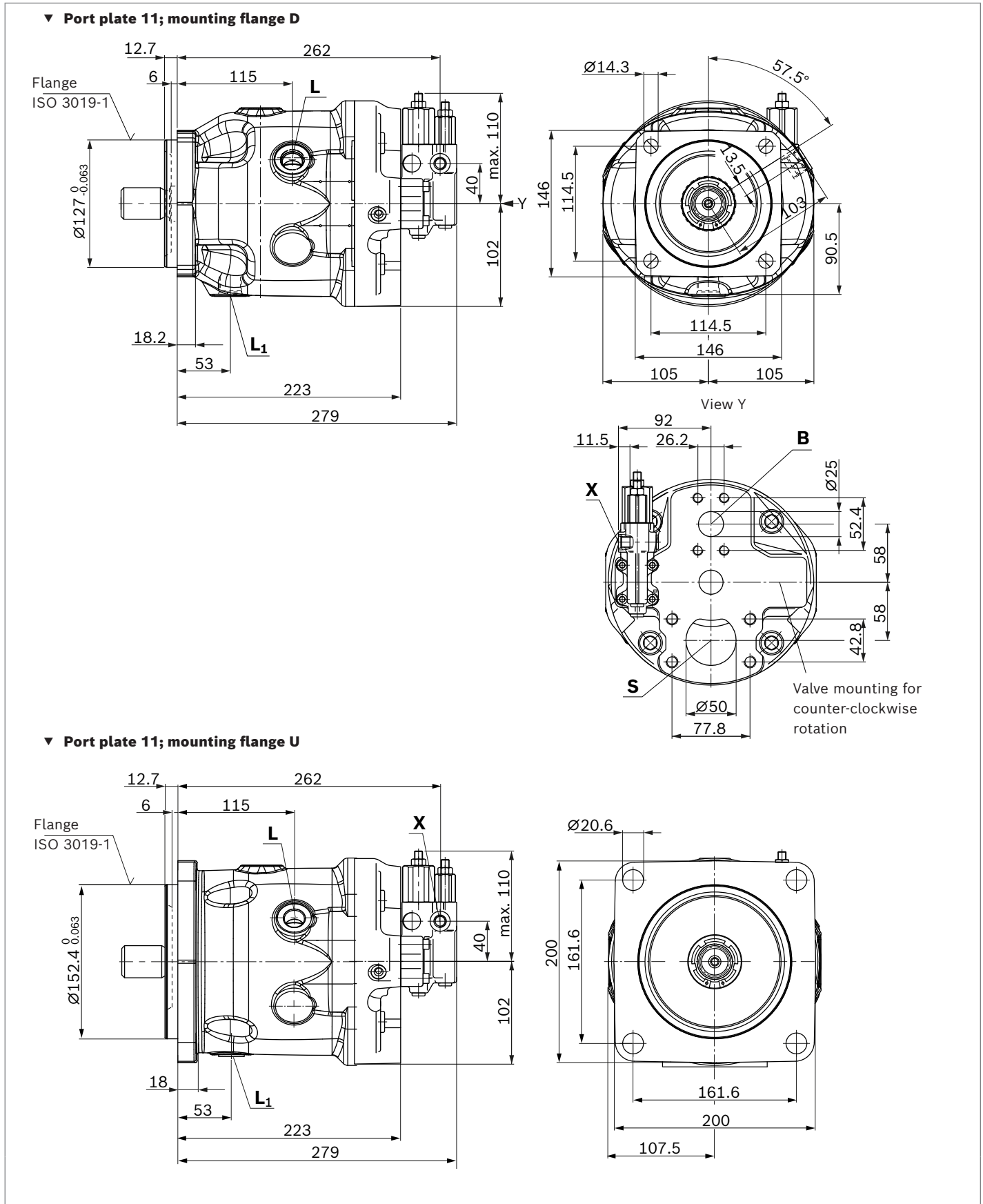
Detail Z



▼ **Port plate 12; mounting flange U**

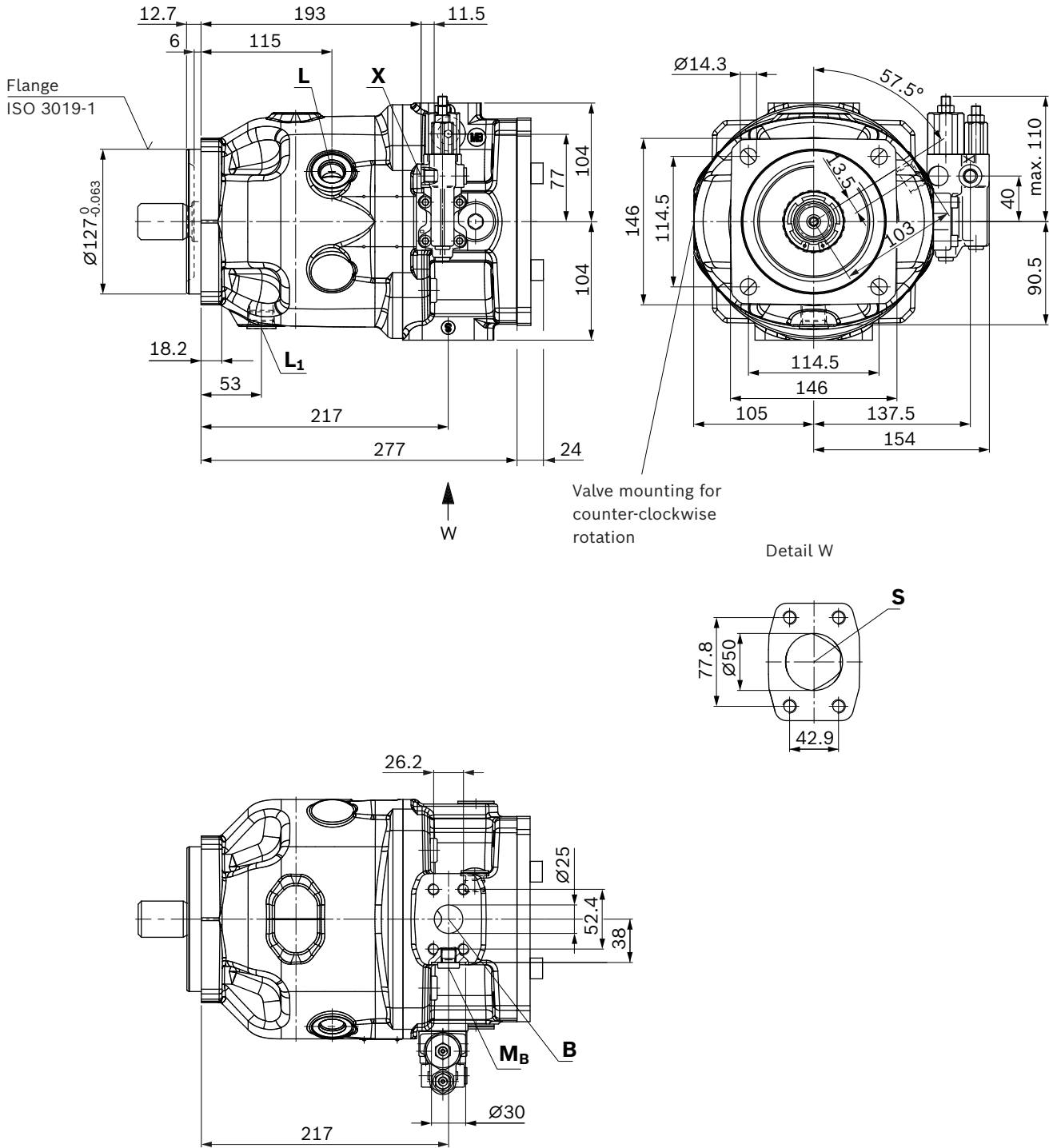


DRF, DRS, DRSC – Pressure flow controller, port plate 11; mounting flange D (SAE-C; 127-4) and U (SAE-D; 152-4)

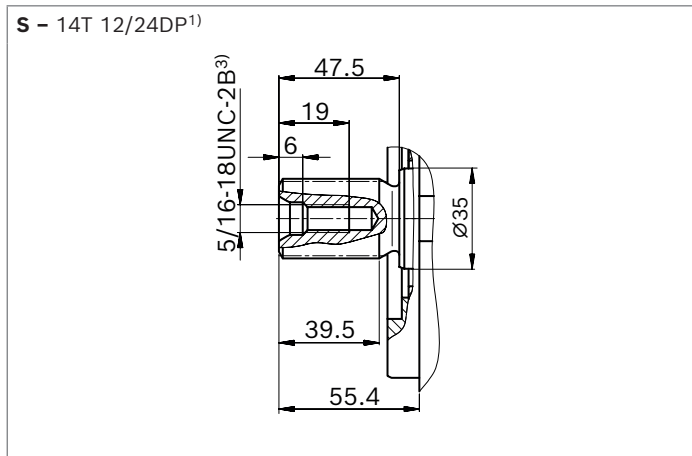


DRF, DRS, DRSC – Pressure flow controller, port plate 22 and 32; mounting flange D (SAE-C; 127-4)

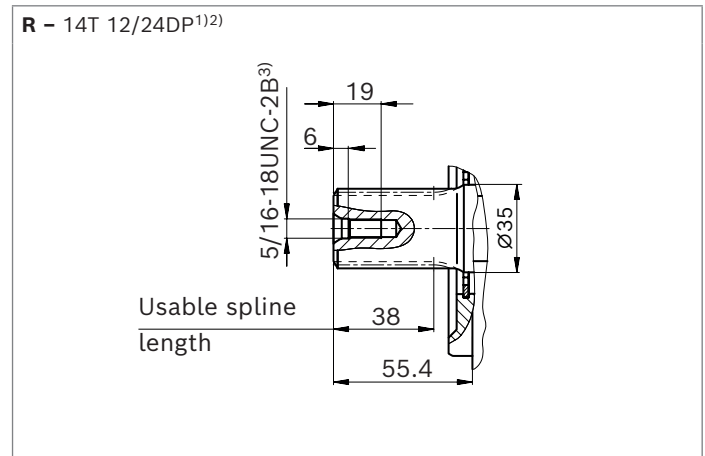
▼ **Port plate 22 and 32**



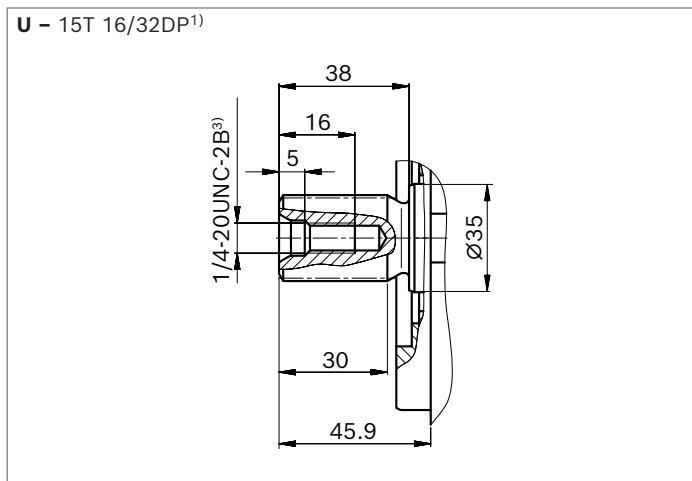
▼ **Splined shaft 1 1/4 in** (32-4, ISO 3019-1)



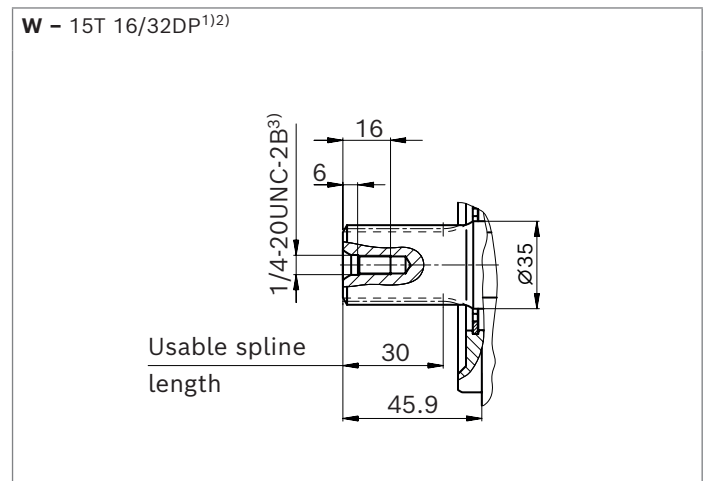
▼ **Splined shaft 1 1/4 in** (similar to ISO 3019-1)



▼ **Splined shaft 1 in** (25-4, ISO 3019-1)



▼ **Splined shaft 1 in** (similar to ISO 3019-1)



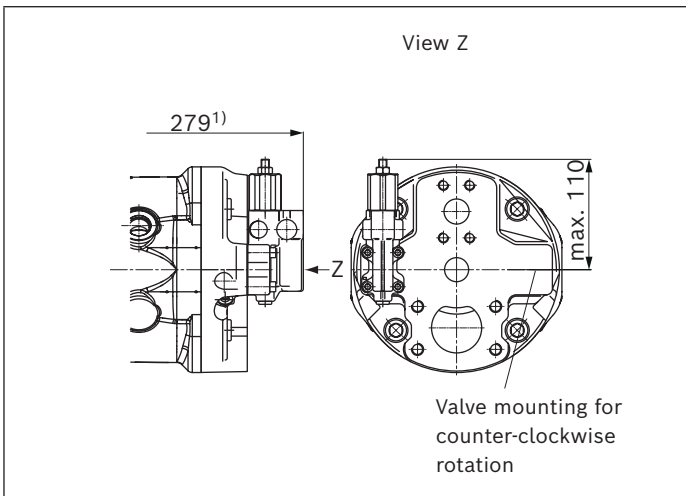
Ports		Standard	Size	p_{\max} [bar] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
B	Working port (standard pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-1 DIN 13	1 in M10x1.5; 17 deep	350	O
S	Suction port (standard pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-1 DIN 13	2 in M12 x 1.75; 20 deep	10	O
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/8-14 UNF-2B; 17 deep	2	O ⁶⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	7/8-14 UNF-2B; 17 deep	2	X ⁶⁾
X	Pilot pressure	ISO 11926	7/16-20 UNF-2B; 11.5 deep	350	O
M_B	Measuring pressure B (only with port plates 22 and 32)	DIN 3852-2 ⁵⁾	G 1/4 in; 12 deep	350	X

1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
 2) Splines according to ANSI B92.1a, spline runout is a deviation from standard ISO 3019-1.
 3) Thread according to ASME B1.1
 4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

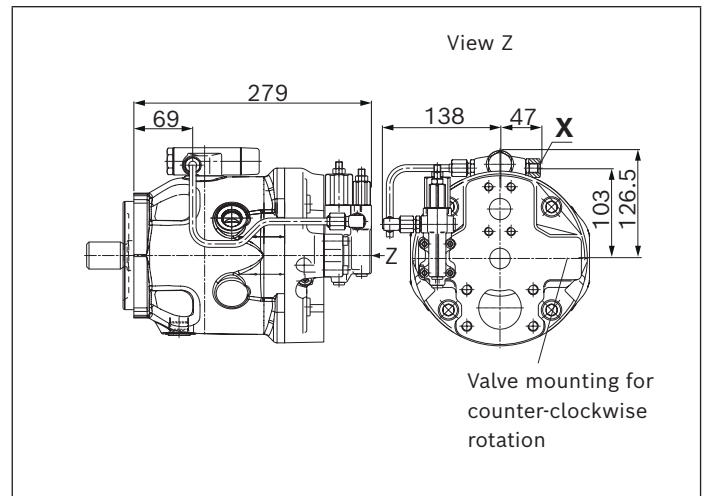
5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.
 6) Depending on the installation position, **L** or **L₁** must be connected (also see installation instructions on page 67).
 7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)
 X = Plugged (in normal operation)

Port plate 11

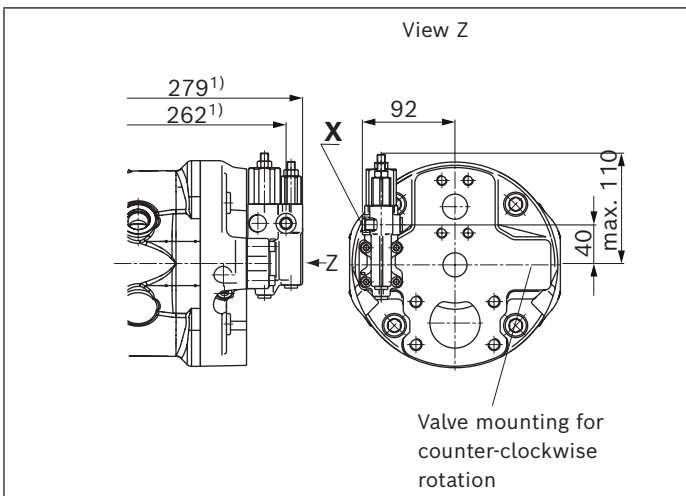
▼ **DR - Pressure controller; mounting flange D**



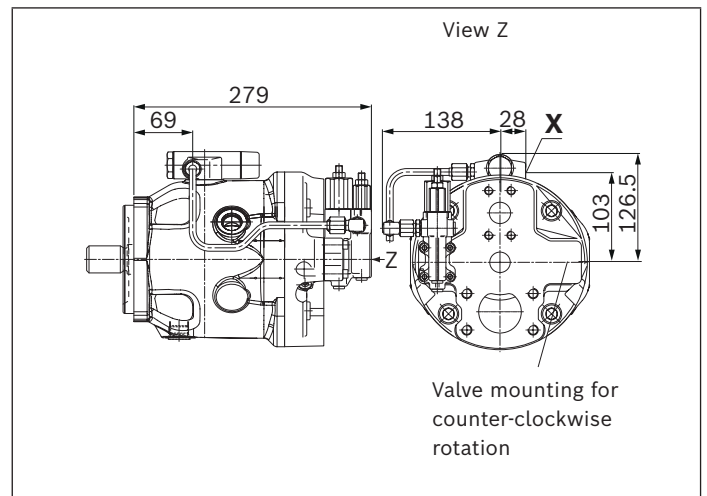
▼ **LA.DS - Pressure, flow and power controller; mounting flange D**



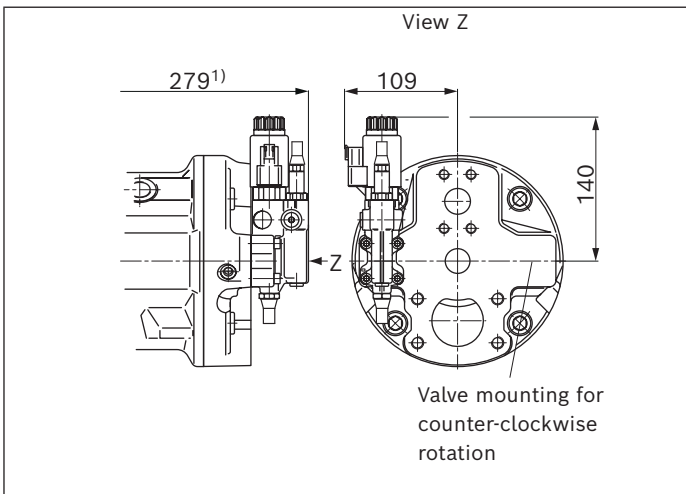
▼ **DRG - Pressure controller, remotely controlled; mounting flange D**



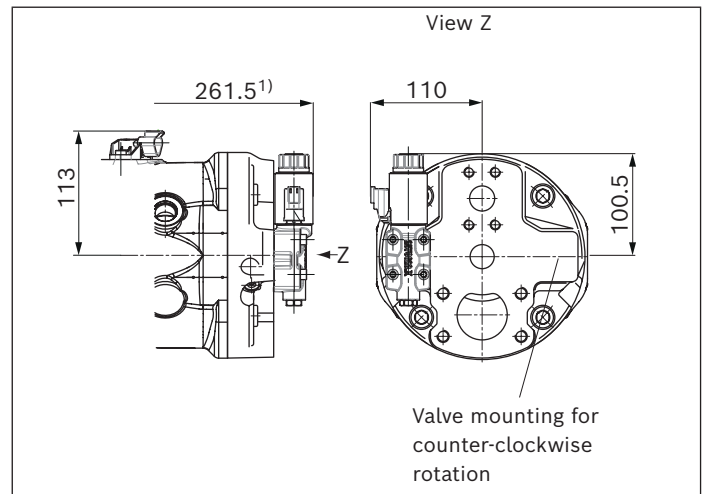
▼ **LA.DG - Power controller; with pressure cut-off, remote controlled; mounting flange D**



▼ **ED7./ER7. - Pressure controller, electric; mounting flange D**



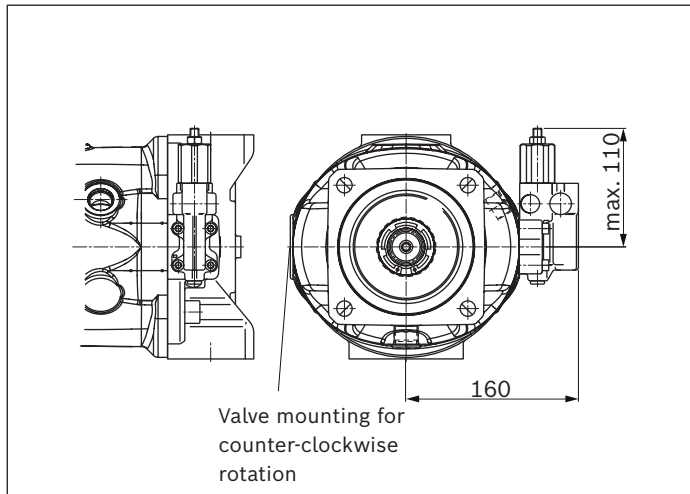
▼ **EC4 - Electrohydraulic control valve**



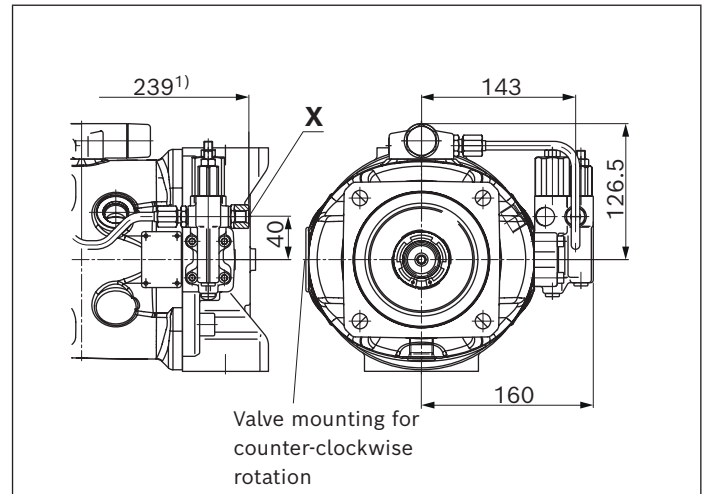
1) To mounting flange

Port plate 12

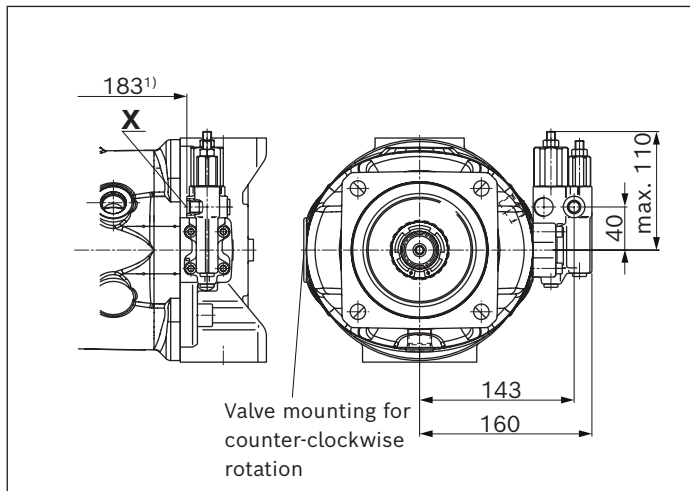
▼ **DR – Pressure controller; mounting flange D**



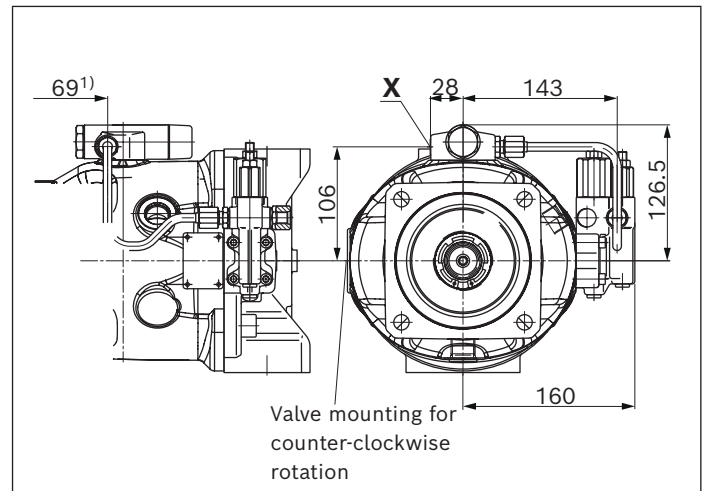
▼ **LA.DS – Pressure, flow and power controller; mounting flange D**



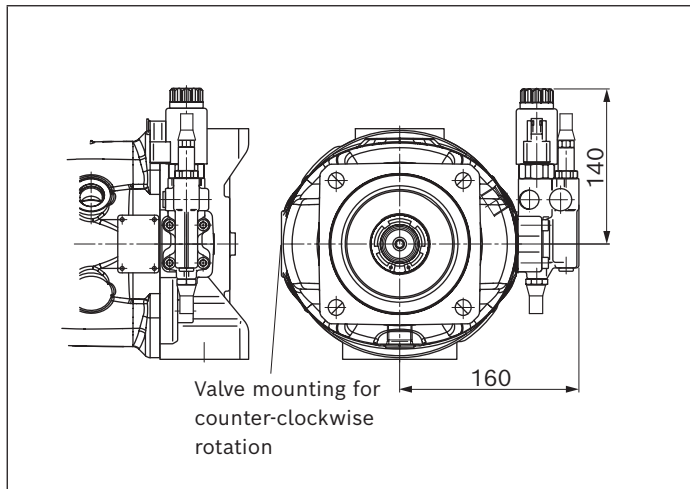
▼ **DRG – Pressure controller, remotely controlled; mounting flange D**



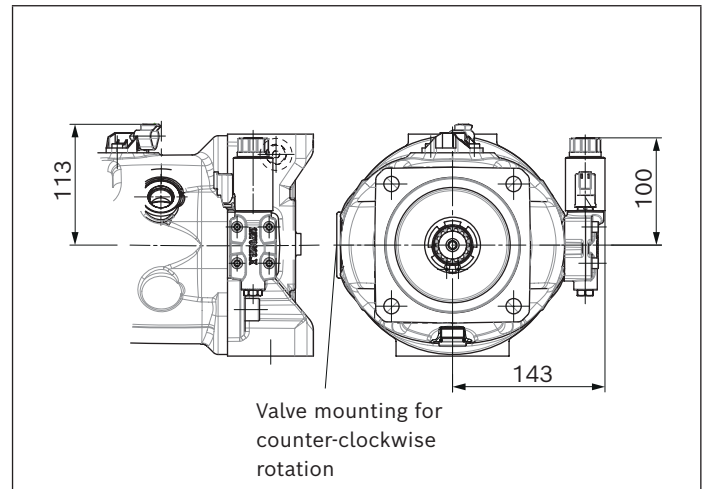
▼ **LA.DG – Pressure, with pressure cut-off, remote controlled; mounting flange D**



▼ **ED7./ER7. – Pressure controller, electric; mounting flange D**



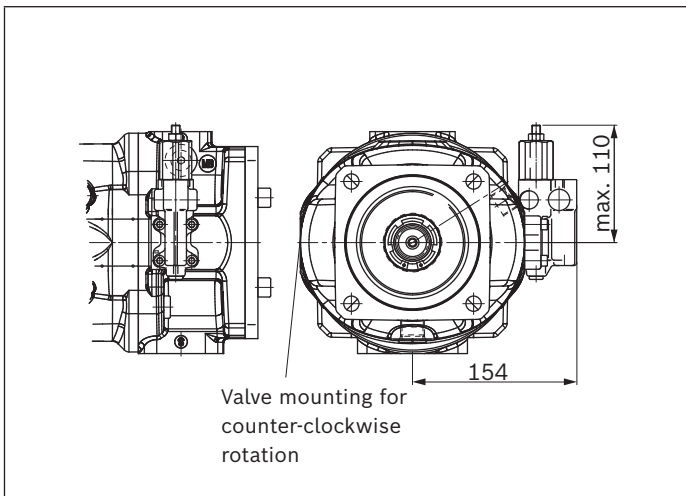
▼ **EC4 – Electrohydraulic control valve**



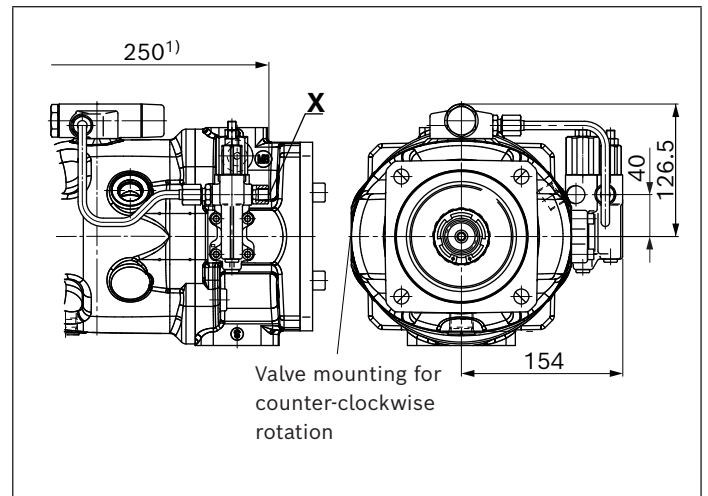
1) To mounting flange

Port plate 22 and 32

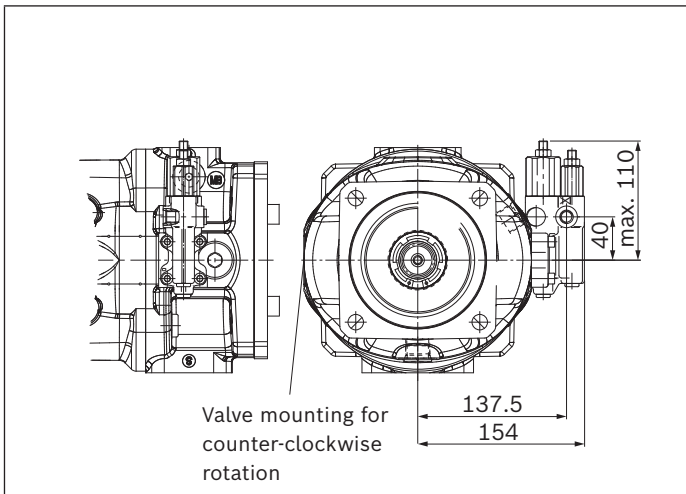
▼ **DR - Pressure controller; mounting flange D**



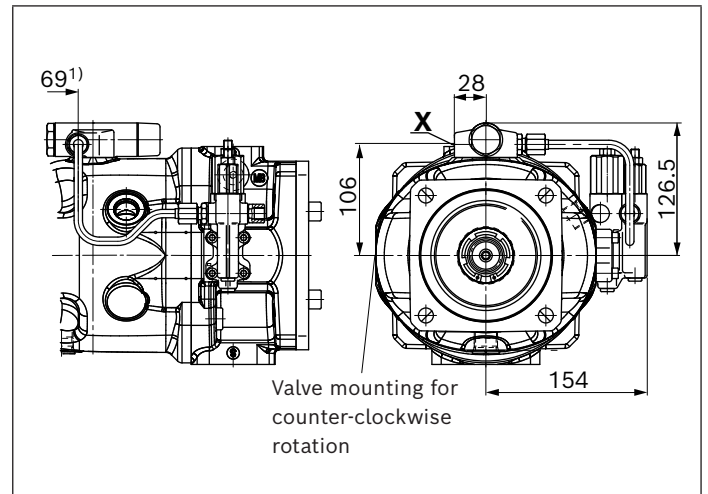
▼ **LA.DS - Pressure, flow and power controller; mounting flange D**



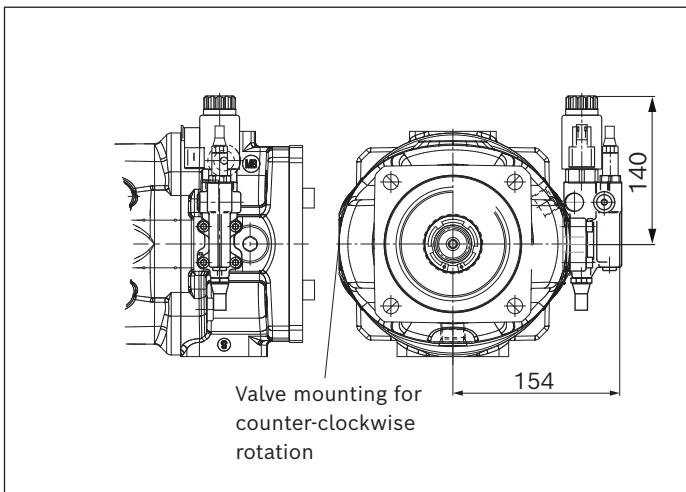
▼ **DRG - Pressure controller, remotely controlled; mounting flange D**



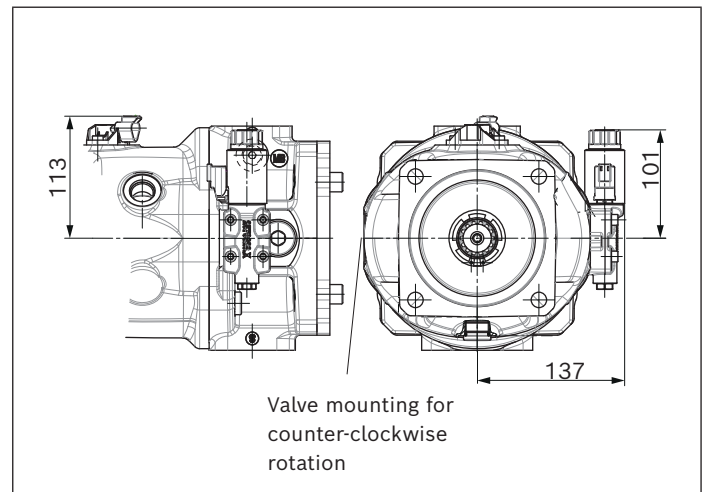
▼ **LA.DG - Power controller; with pressure cut-off, remote controlled; mounting flange D**



▼ **ED7./ER7. - Pressure controller, electric; mounting flange D**



▼ **EC4 - Electrohydraulic control valve**

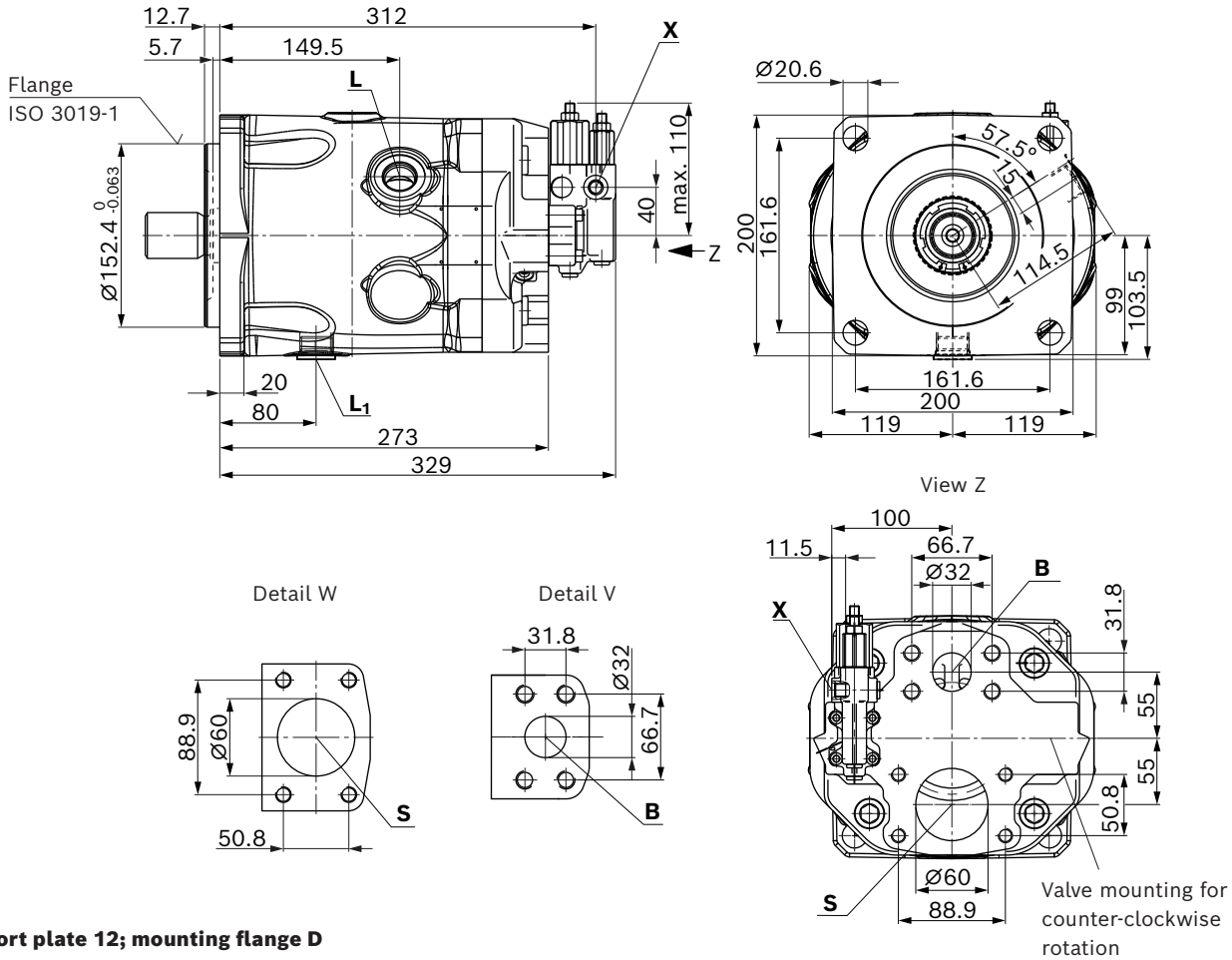


1) To mounting flange

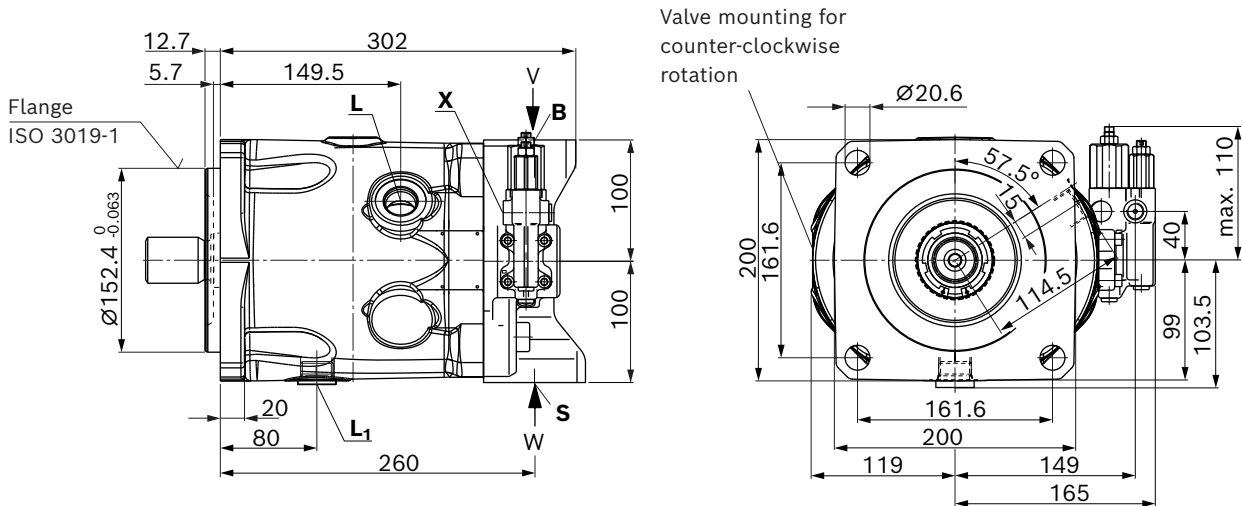
Dimensions, size 100

DRF, DRS, DRSC – Pressure flow controller, port plate 11, 12; mounting flange D (SAE-D; 152-4)

▼ **Port plate 11; mounting flange D**



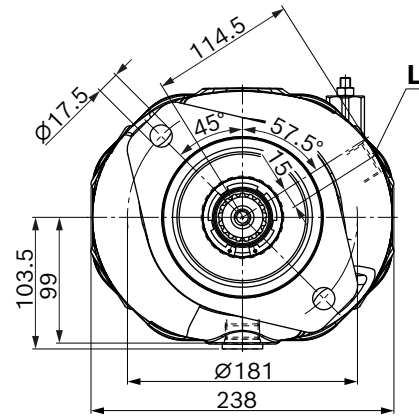
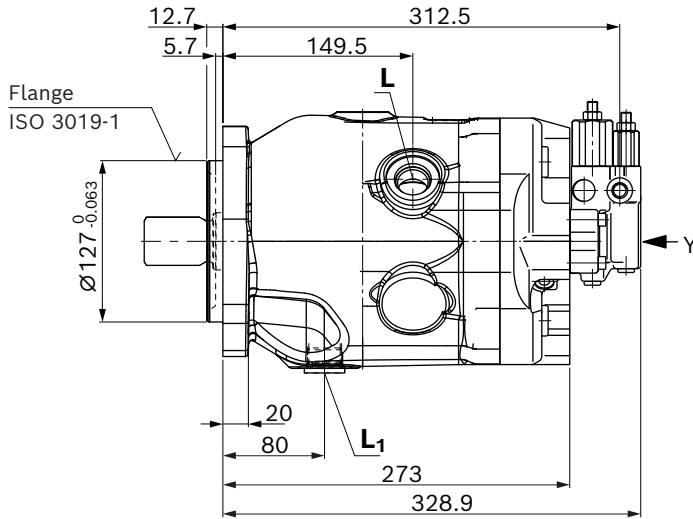
▼ **Port plate 12; mounting flange D**



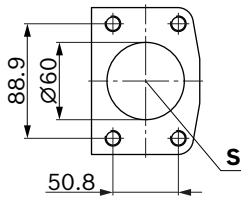
Dimensions, size 100

DRF, DRS, DRSC – Pressure flow controller, port plate 11, 12; mounting flange C (SAE-C; 127-2)

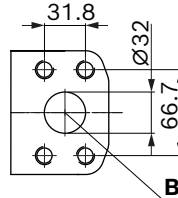
▼ **Port plate 11; mounting flange C**



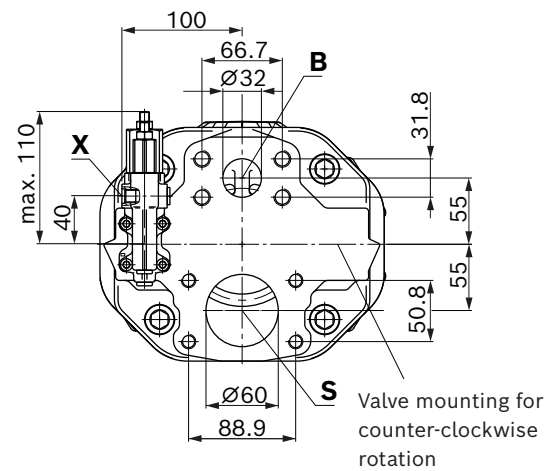
Detail W



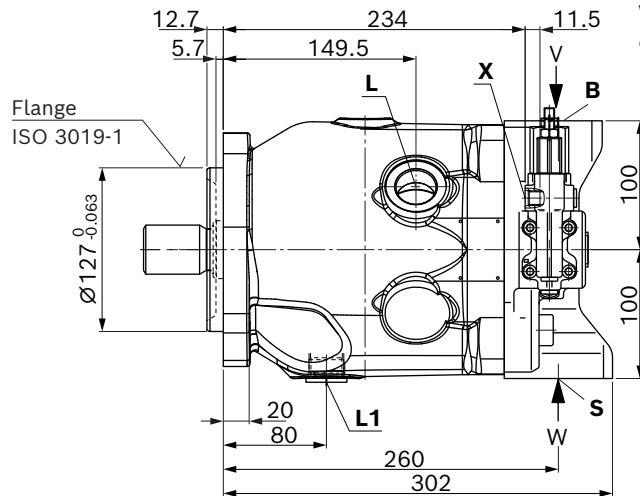
Detail V



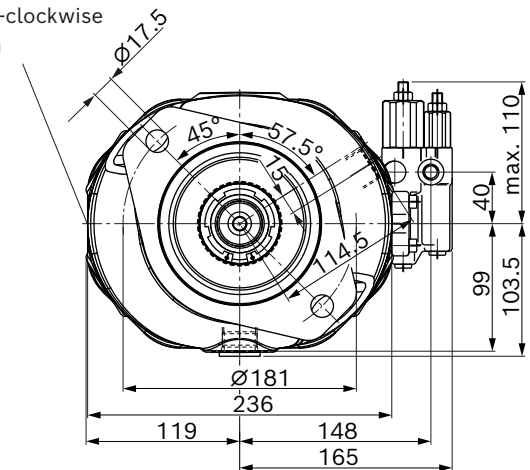
View Z



▼ **Port plate 12; mounting flange C**

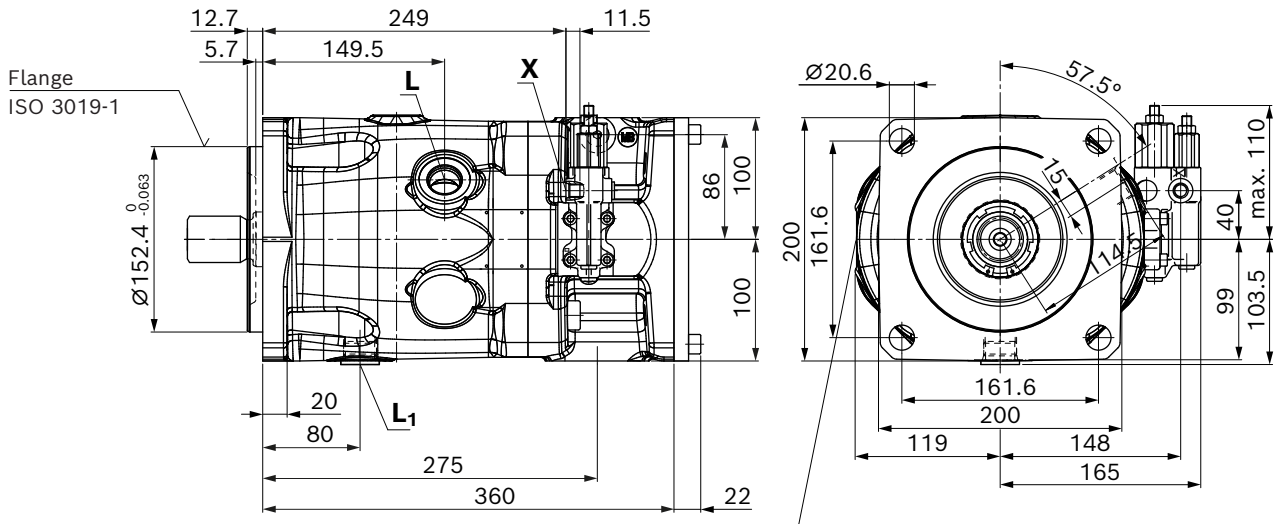


Valve mounting for counter-clockwise rotation



DRF, DRS, DRSC – Pressure flow controller, port plate 22 and 32; mounting flange D (SAE-D; 152-4)

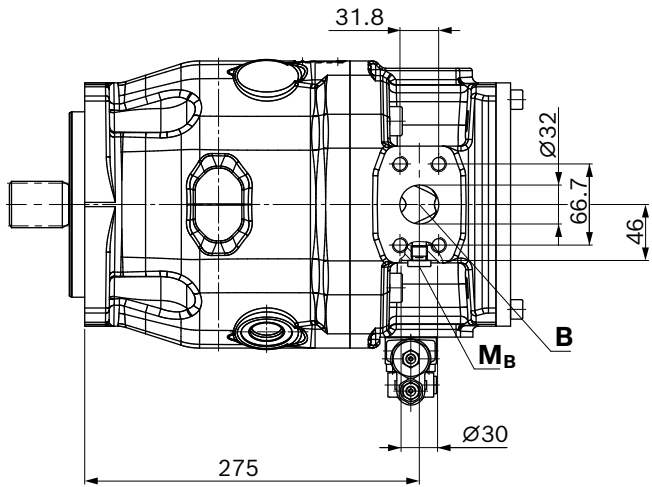
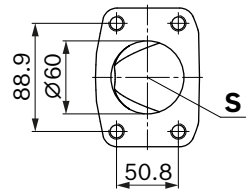
▼ **Port plate 22 and 32**



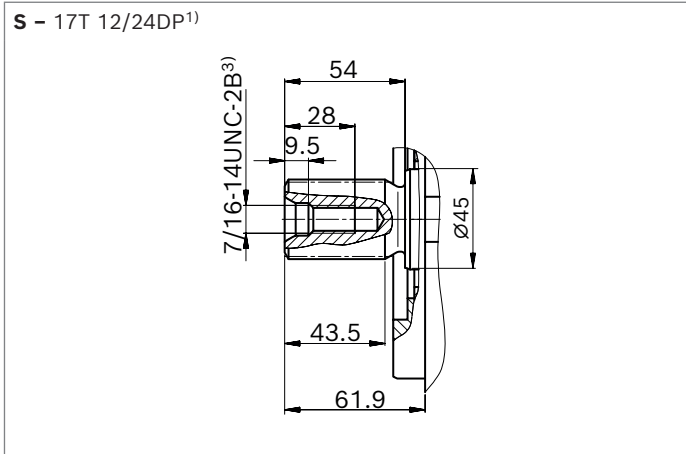
↑
W

Valve mounting for counter-clockwise rotation

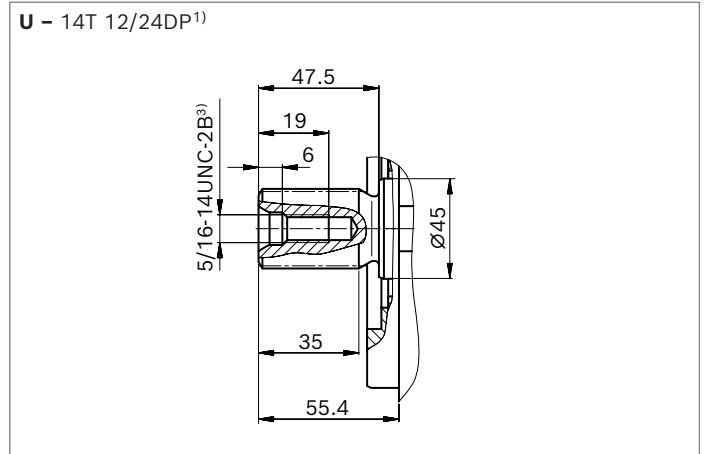
Detail W



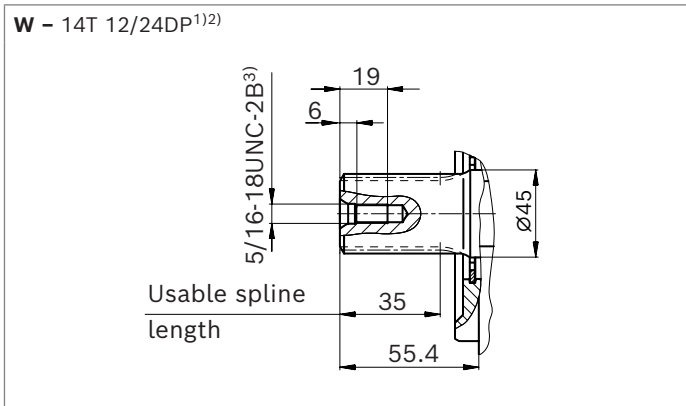
▼ **Splined shaft 1 1/2 in** (38-4, ISO 3019-1)



▼ **Splined shaft 1 1/4 in** (32-4, ISO 3019-1)



▼ **Splined shaft 1 1/4 in** (similar to ISO 3019-1)



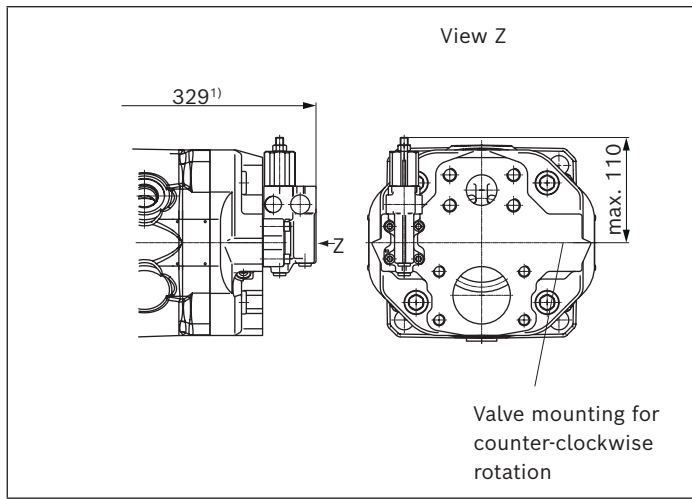
Ports		Standard	Size	p_{max} [bar] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
B	Working port (high-pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-2 DIN 13	1 1/4 in M14 x 2 ⁸⁾ ; 19 deep	350	O
S	Suction port (standard pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-1 DIN 13	2 1/2 in M12 x 1.75; 17 deep	10	O
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 1/16-12 UNF-2B; 20 deep	2	O ⁶⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 1/16-12 UNF-2B; 20 deep	2	X ⁶⁾
X	Pilot pressure	ISO 11926	7/16-20 UNF; 11.5 deep	350	O
M_B	Measuring pressure B (only with port plates 22 and 32)	DIN 3852-2 ⁵⁾	G 1/4 in; 12 deep	350	X

1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
 2) Splines according to ANSI B92.1a, spline runout is a deviation from standard ISO 3019-1.
 3) Thread according to ASME B1.1
 4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

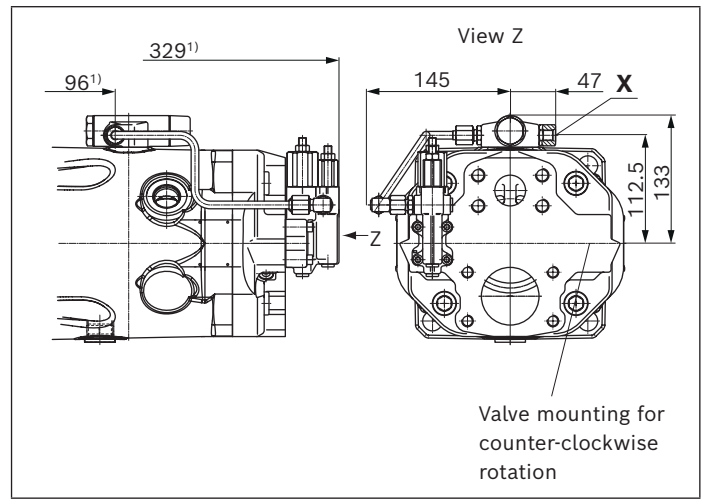
5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.
 6) Depending on the installation position, **L** or **L₁** must be connected (also see installation instructions on page 67).
 7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)
 X = Plugged (in normal operation)
 8) Fastening thread M14 deviating from standard ISO 6162-2.

Port plate 11

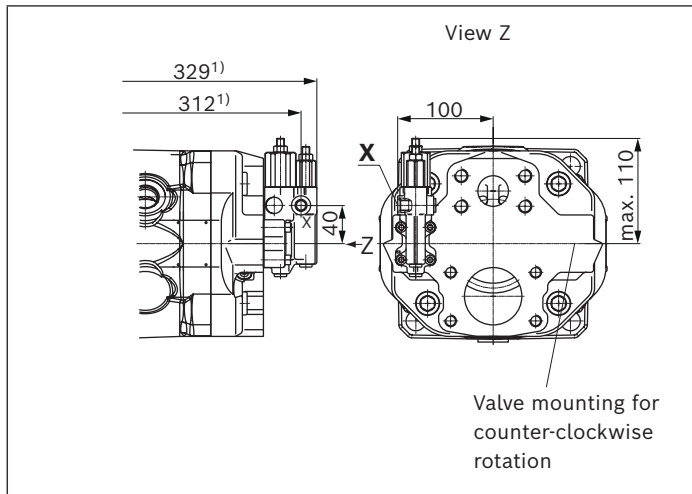
▼ **DR – Pressure controller; mounting flange D**



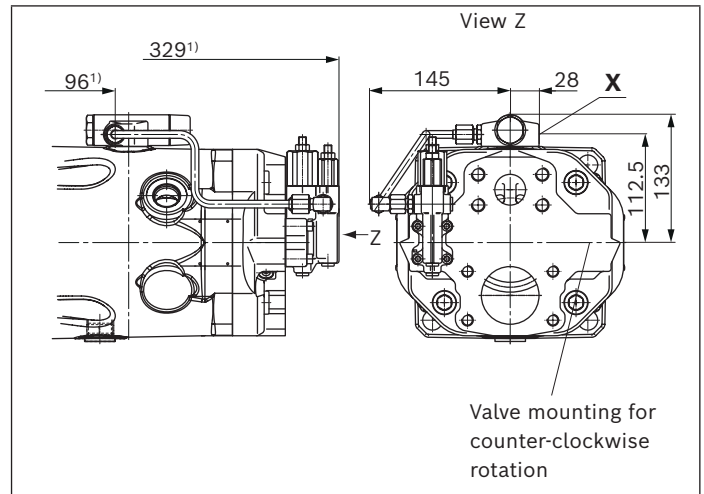
▼ **LA.DS – Pressure, flow and power controller; mounting flange D**



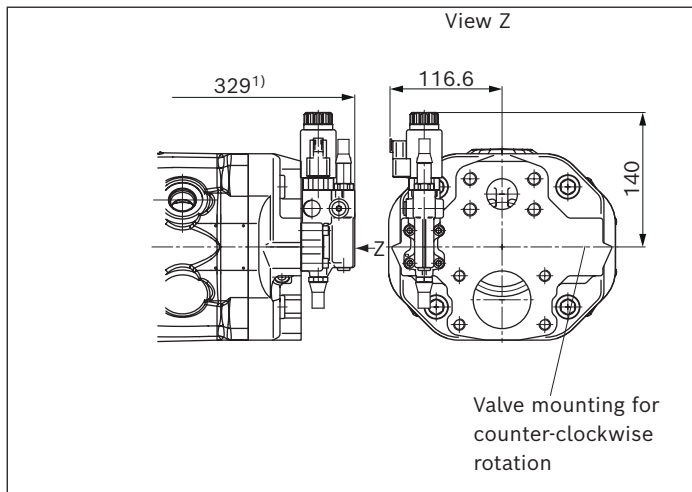
▼ **DRG – Pressure controller, remotely controlled; mounting flange D**



▼ **LA.DG – Power controller; with pressure cut-off, remote controlled; mounting flange D**



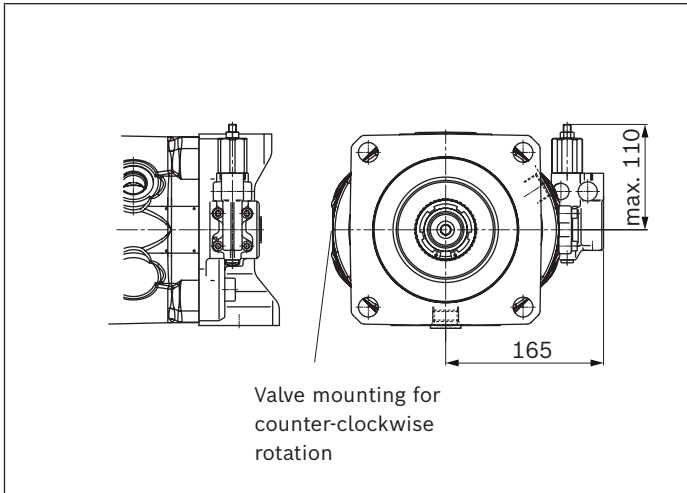
▼ **ED7./ER7. – Pressure controller, electric; mounting flange D**



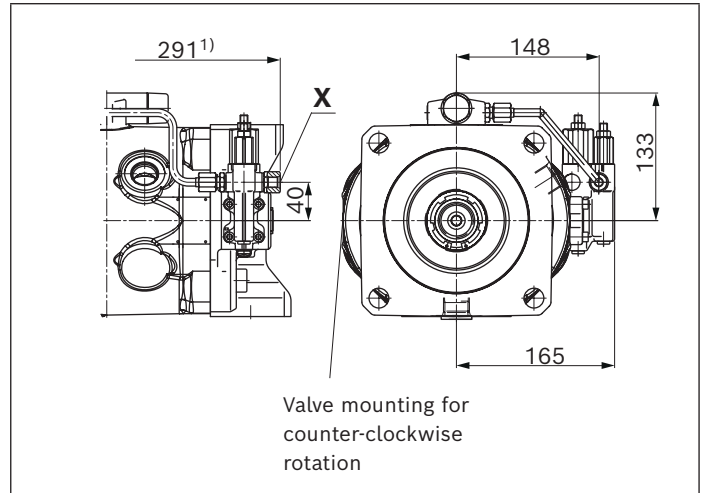
1) To mounting flange

Port plate 12

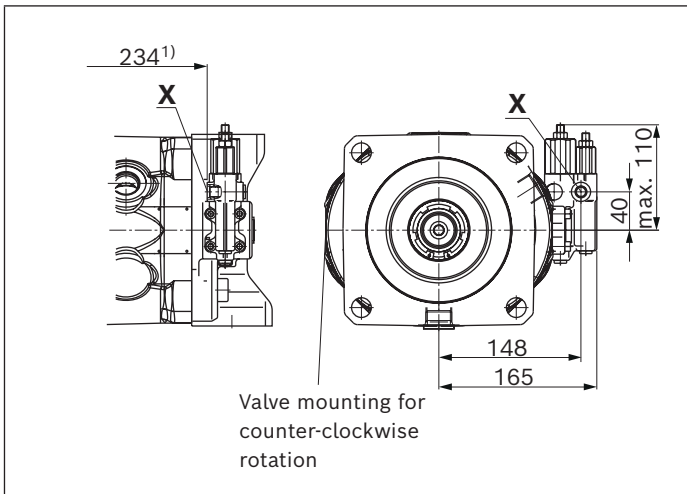
▼ **DR - Pressure controller; mounting flange D**



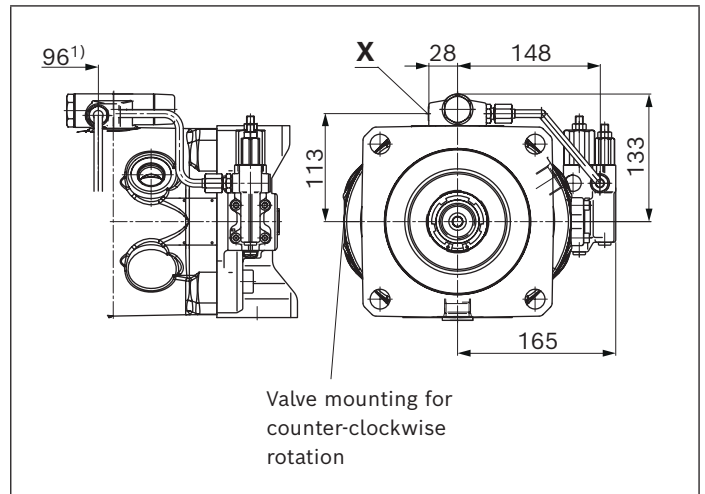
▼ **LA.DS - Pressure, flow and power controller; mounting flange D**



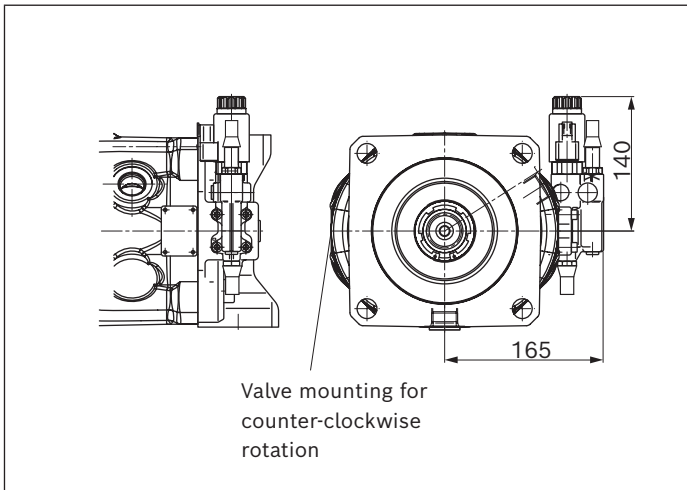
▼ **DRG - Pressure controller, remotely controlled; mounting flange D**



▼ **LA.DG - Power controller; with pressure cut-off, remote controlled; mounting flange D**



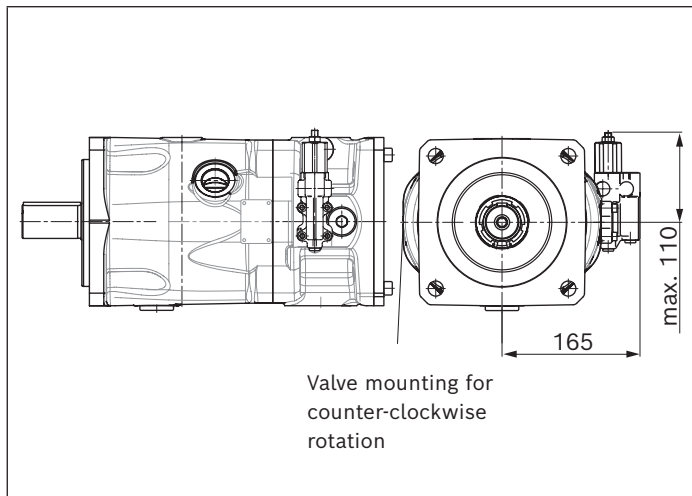
▼ **ED7./ER7. - Pressure controller, electric; mounting flange D**



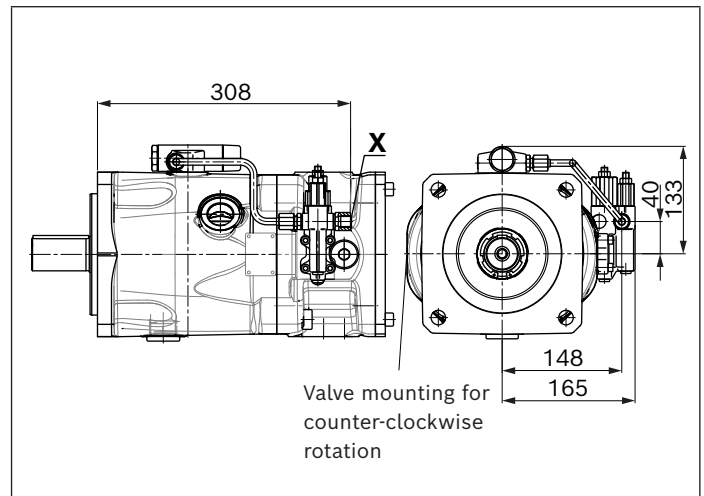
1) To mounting flange

Port plate 22 and 32

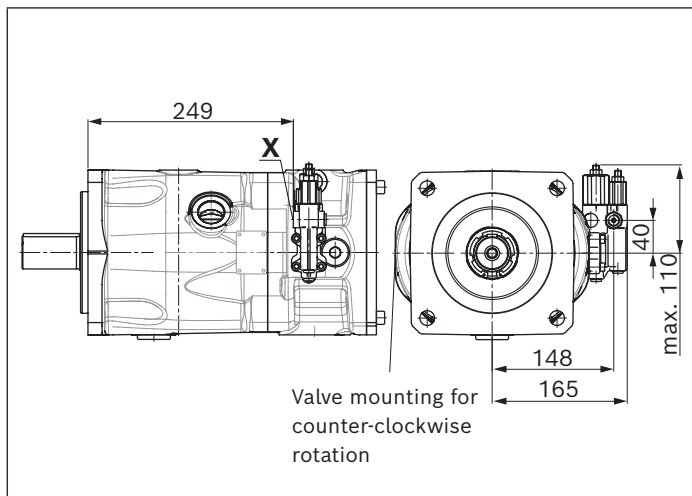
▼ **DR – Pressure controller; mounting flange D**



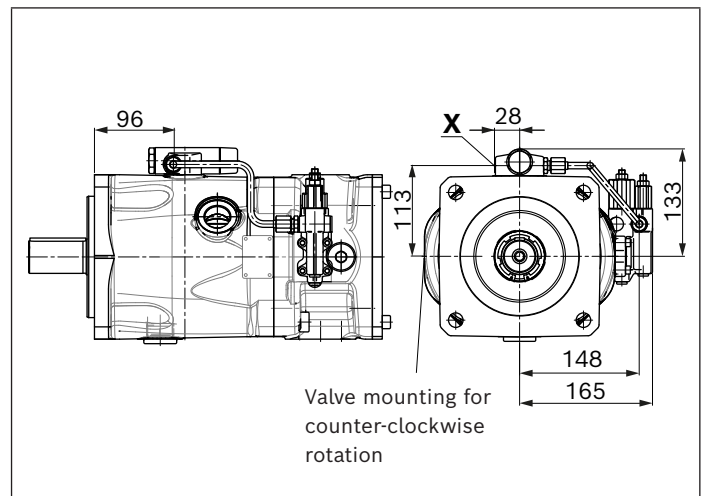
▼ **LA.DS – Pressure, flow and power controller; mounting flange D**



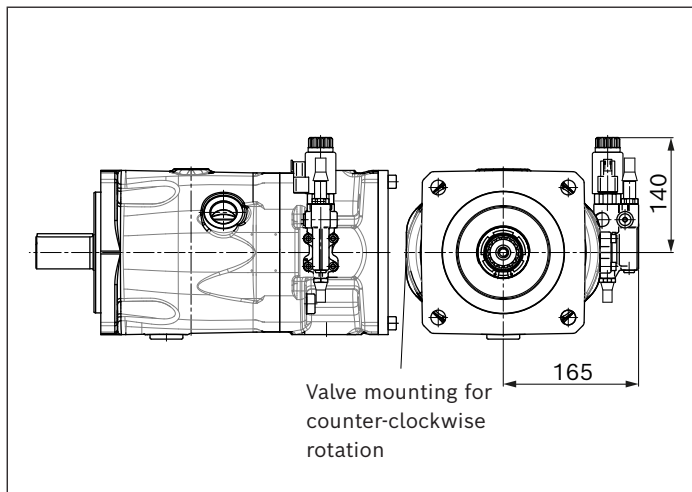
▼ **DRG – Pressure controller, remotely controlled; mounting flange D**



▼ **LA.DG – Power controller; with pressure cut-off, remote controlled; mounting flange D**



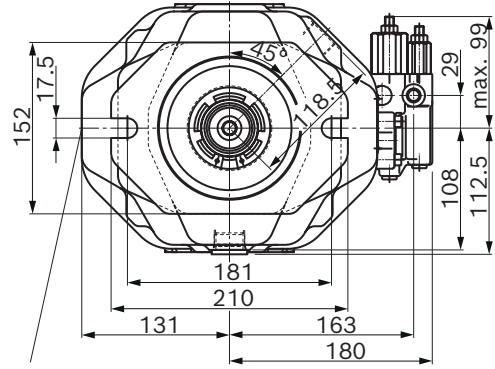
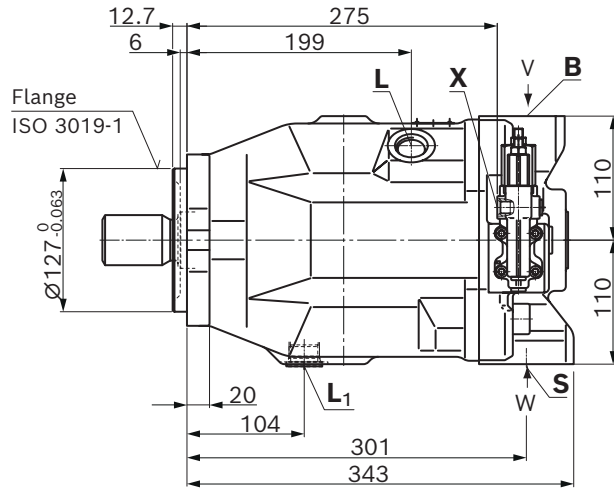
▼ **ED7./ER7. – Pressure controller, electric; mounting flange D**



Dimensions, size 140

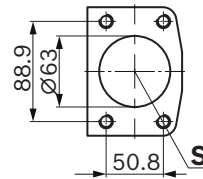
DRF, DRS, DRSC – Pressure flow controller, port plate 11/61 and 12/62; mounting flange C (SAE-C; 127-2)

▼ **Port plate 12/62; mounting flange C**

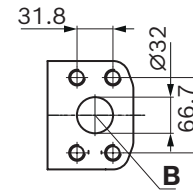


Valve mounting for counter-clockwise rotation

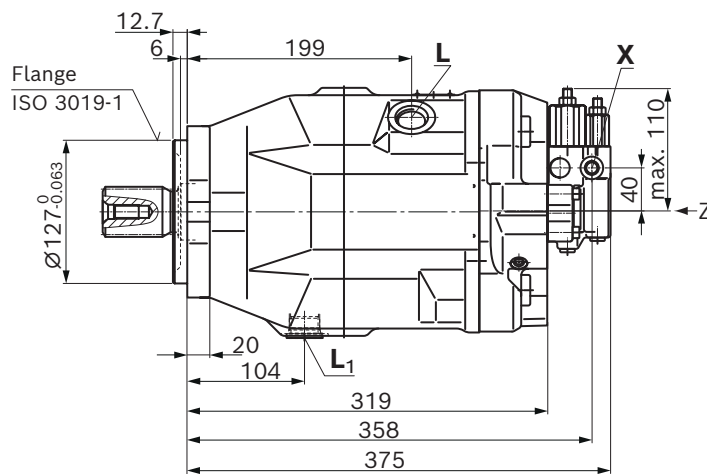
Detail W



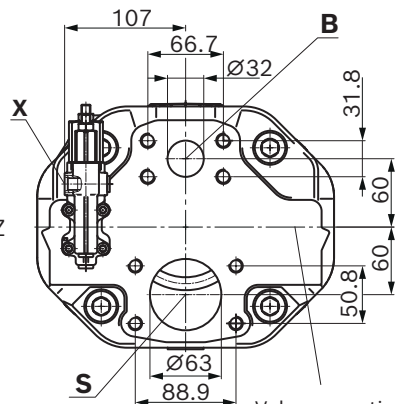
Detail V



▼ **Port plate 11/61; mounting flange C**



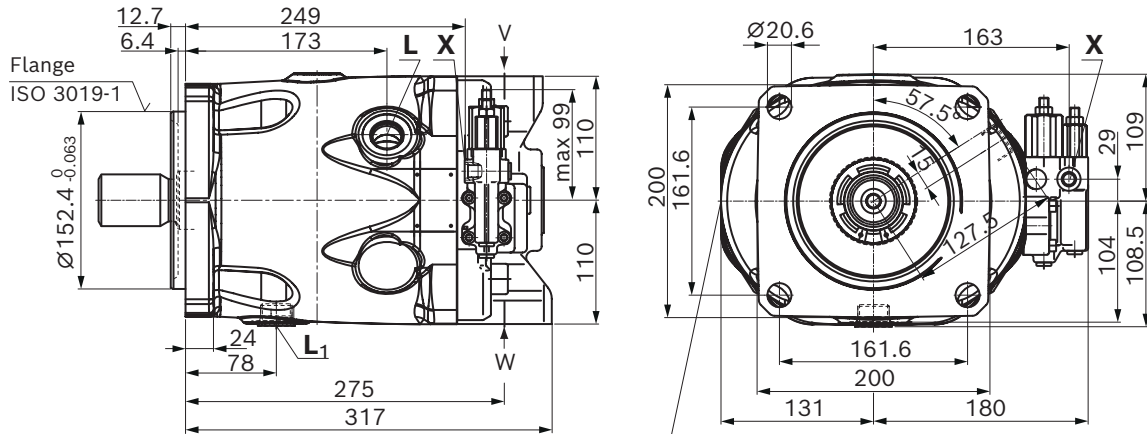
View Z



Valve mounting for counter-clockwise rotation

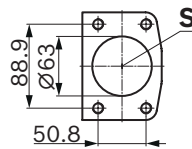
DRF, DRS, DRSC – Pressure flow controller, port plate 11/61 and 12/62; mounting flange D (SAE-D; 152-4)

▼ **Port plate 12/62; mounting flange D**

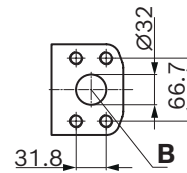


Valve mounting for counter-clockwise rotation

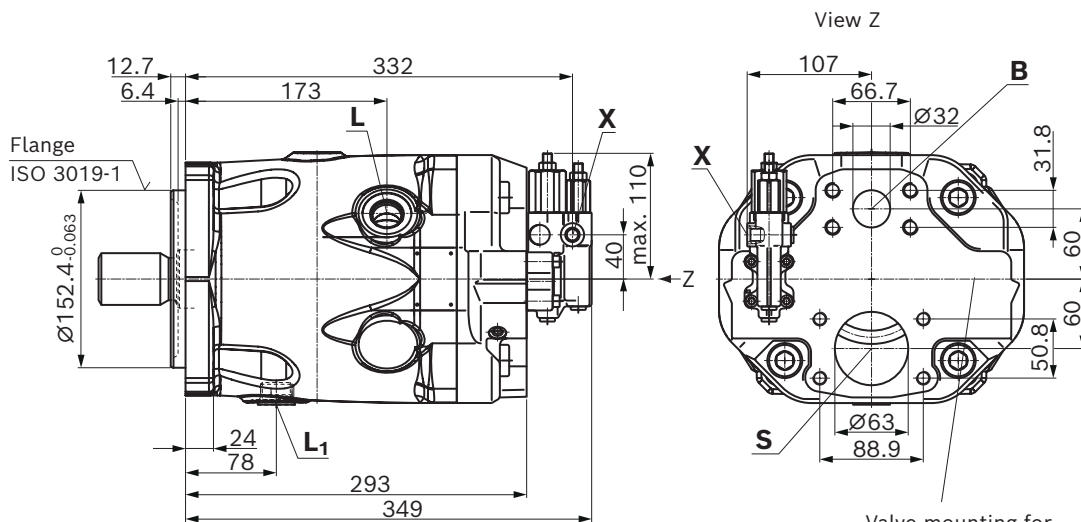
Detail W



Detail V



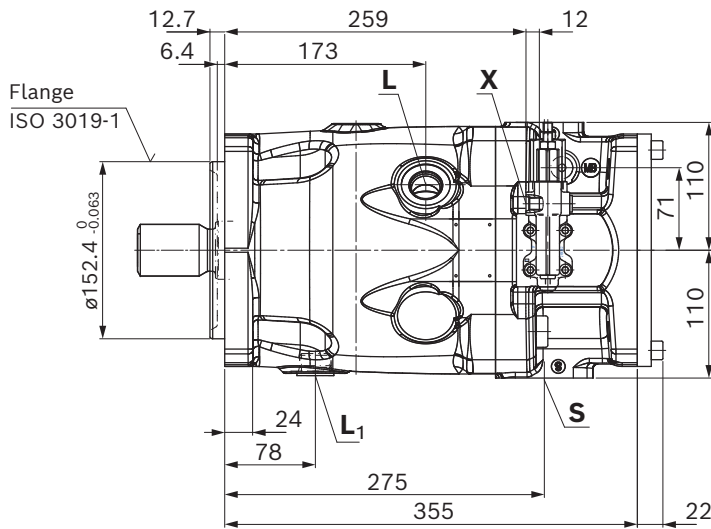
▼ **Port plate 11/61; mounting flange D**



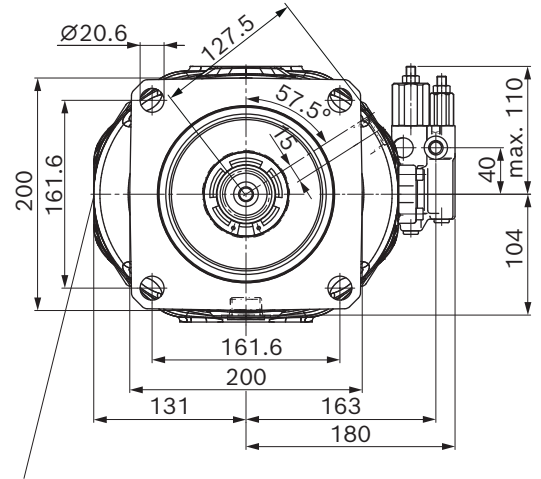
Valve mounting for counter-clockwise rotation

DRF, DRS, DRSC – Pressure flow controller, port plate 22; mounting flange D (SAE-D; 152-4)

▼ **Port plate 22; mounting flange D**

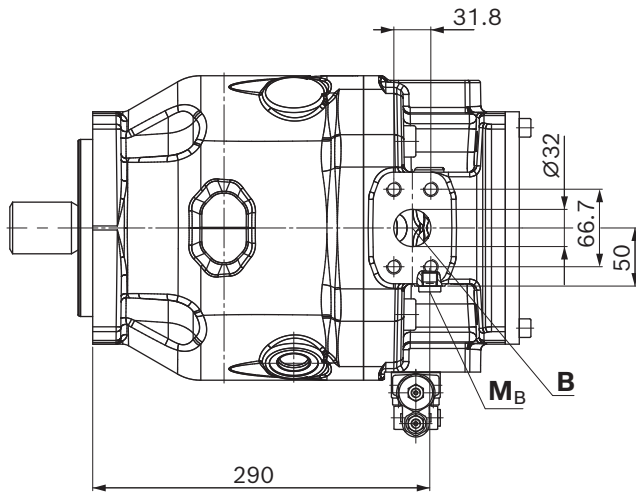
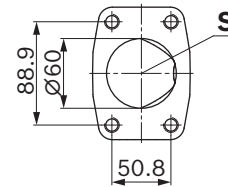


W

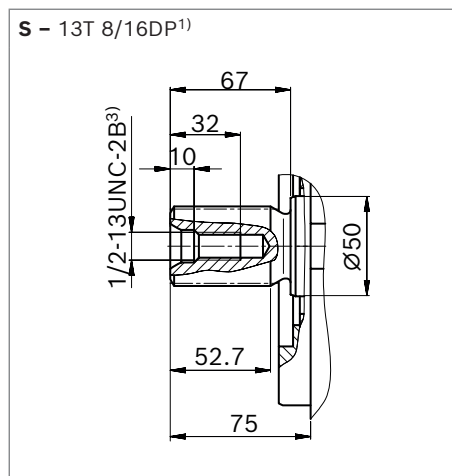


Valve mounting for counter-clockwise rotation

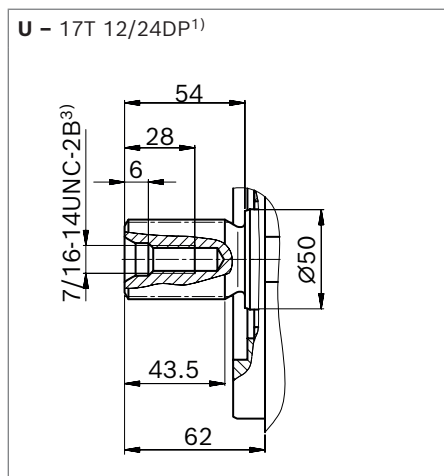
Detail W



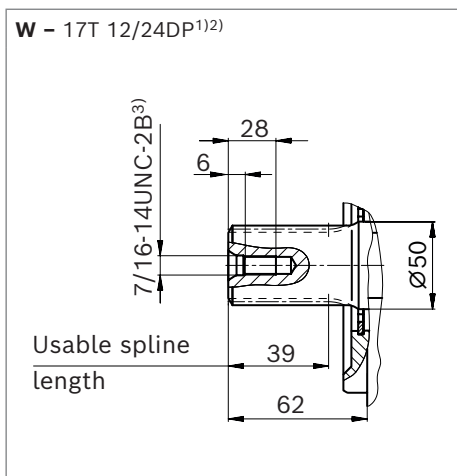
▼ **Splined shaft 1 3/4 in** (44-4, ISO 3019-1)



▼ **Splined shaft 1 1/2 in** (38-4, ISO 3019-1)



▼ **Splined shaft 1 1/2 in** (38-4, ISO 3019-1)



Ports – version metric port plate		Standard	Size	p_{max} [bar] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
B	Working port (high-pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-2 DIN 13	1 1/4 in M14 x 2 ⁸⁾ ; 19 deep	350	O
S	Suction port (standard pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-1 DIN 13	2 1/2 in M12 x 1.75; 17 deep	10	O
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 1/16-12 UNF-2B; 20 deep	2	O ⁶⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 1/16-12 UNF-2B; 20 deep	2	X ⁶⁾
X	Pilot pressure	ISO 11926	7/16-20 UNF-2B; 11.5 deep	350	O
M_B	Measuring pressure B (only with port plate 22)	DIN 3852-2 ⁵⁾	G 1/4 in; 12 deep	350	X

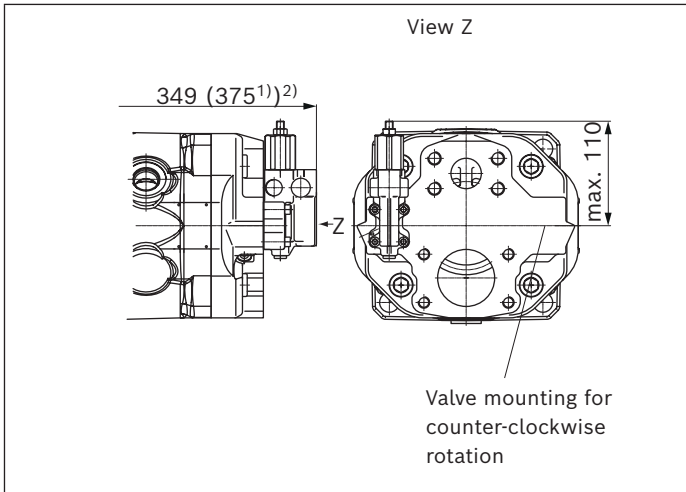
Ports – version SAE port plate 61/62		Standard	Size	p_{max} [bar] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
B	Working port (high-pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-2 ASME B1.1	1 1/4 in 1/2-13 UNC-2B; 24 deep	350	O
S	Suction port (standard pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-1 ASME B1.1	2 1/2 in 1/2-13 UNC-2B; 24 deep	10	O
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 1/16-12 UNF-2B; 20 deep	2	O ⁶⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 1/16-12 UNF-2B; 20 deep	2	X ⁶⁾
X	Pilot pressure	ISO 11926	7/16-20 UNF-2B; 11.5 deep	350	O

1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
 2) Splines according to ANSI B92.1a, spline runout is a deviation from standard SAE J744.
 3) Thread according to ASME B1.1
 4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

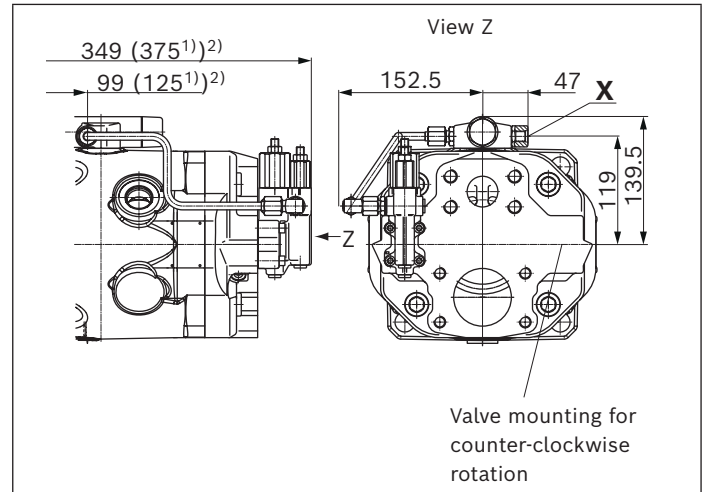
5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.
 6) Depending on the installation position, **L** or **L₁** must be connected (also see installation instructions on page 67).
 7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)
 X = Plugged (in normal operation)
 8) Fastening thread M14 deviating from standard ISO 6162-2.

Port plate 11/61

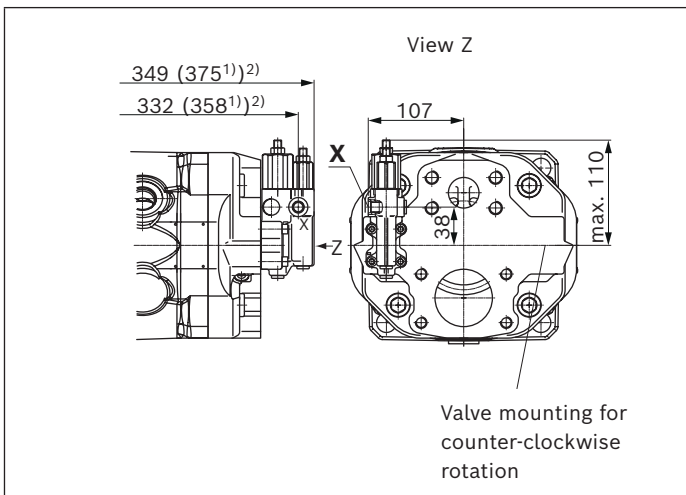
▼ **DR – Pressure controller; mounting flange D**



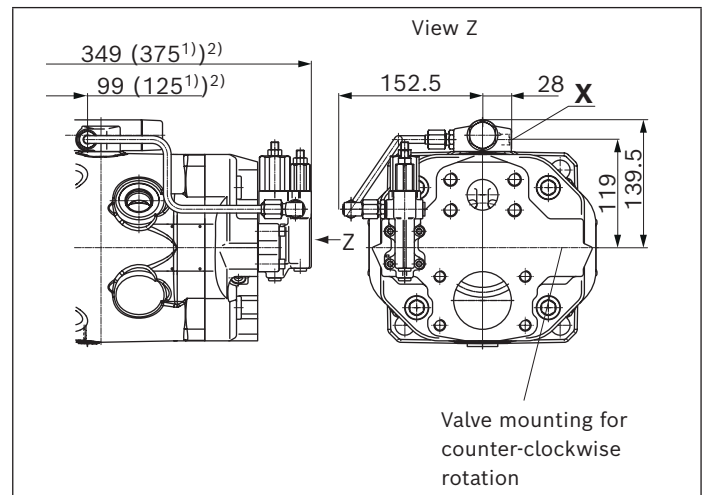
▼ **LA.DS – Pressure, flow and power controller; mounting flange D**



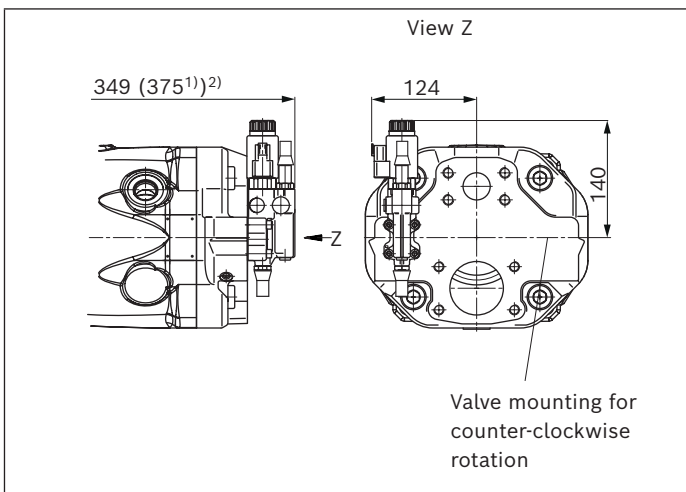
▼ **DRG – Pressure controller, remotely controlled; mounting flange D**



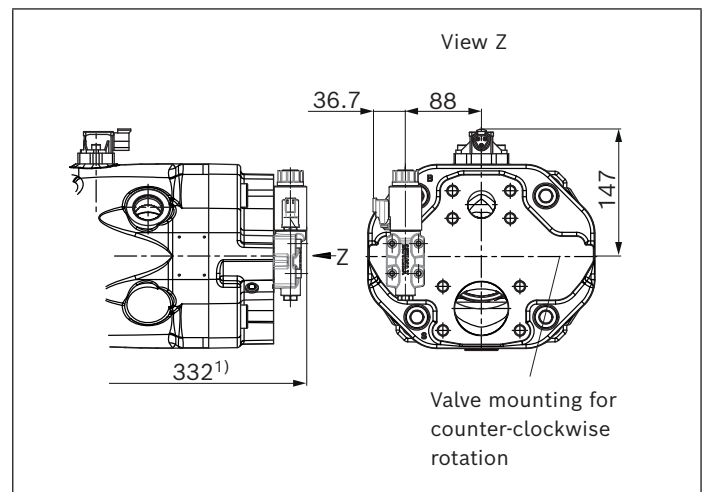
▼ **LA.DG – Power controller; with pressure cut-off, remote controlled; mounting flange D**



▼ **ED7./ER7. – Pressure controller, electric; mounting flange D**



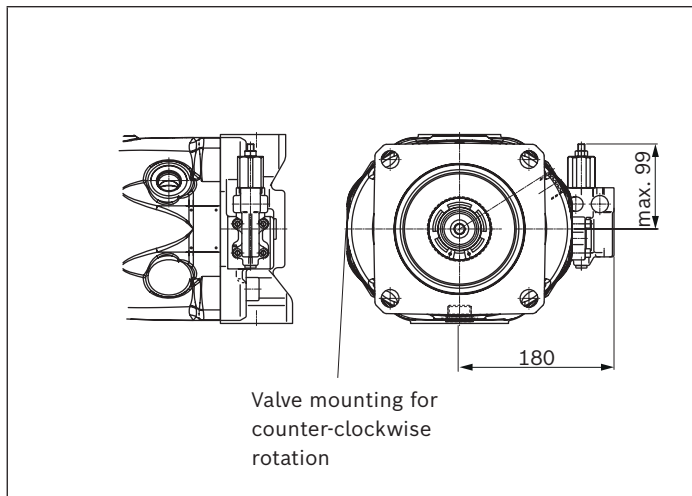
▼ **EC4 – Electrohydraulic control valve; mounting flange D**



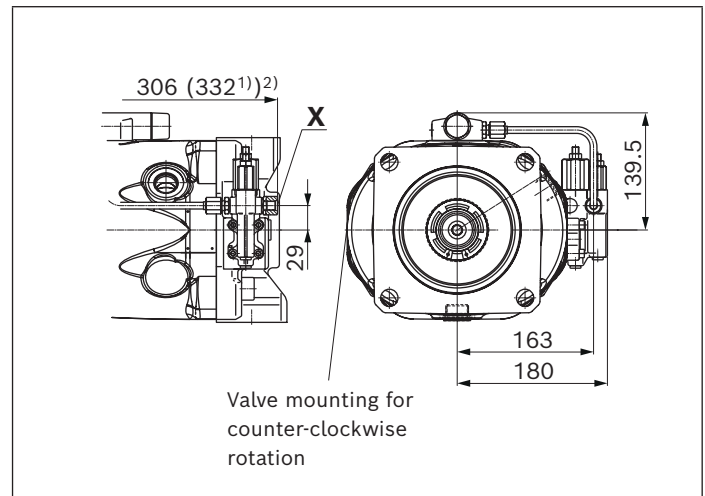
1) Dimension of mounting flange C
 2) To mounting flange

Port plate 12/62

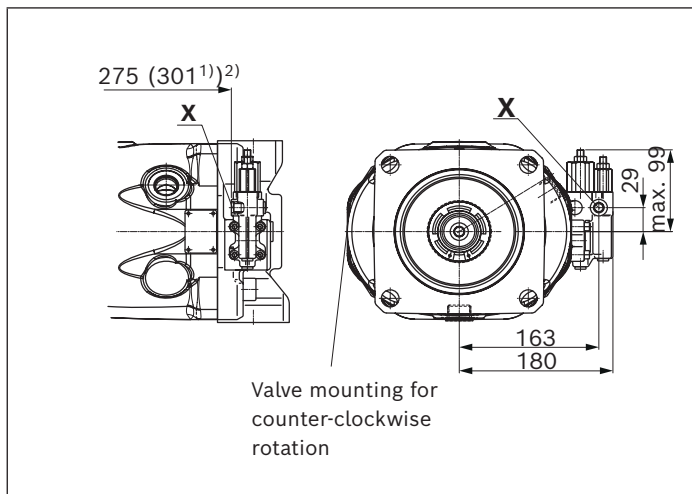
▼ **DR – Pressure controller; mounting flange D**



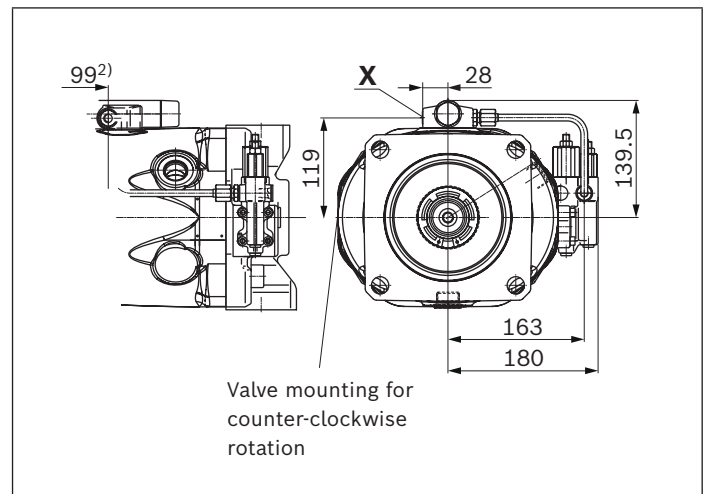
▼ **LA.DS – Pressure, flow and power controller; mounting flange D**



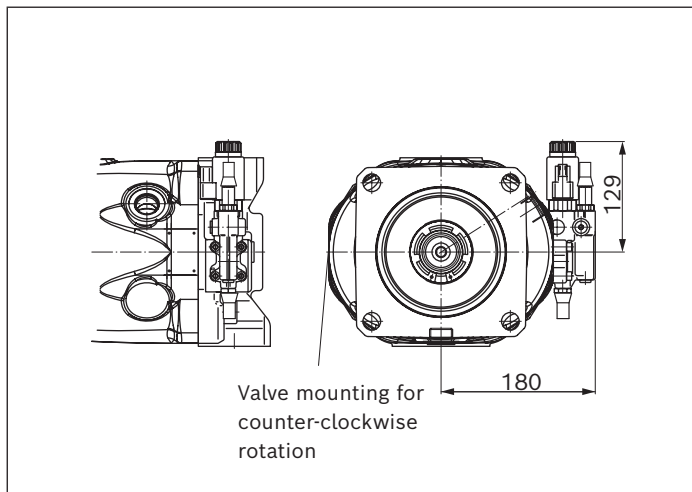
▼ **DRG – Pressure controller, remotely controlled; mounting flange D**



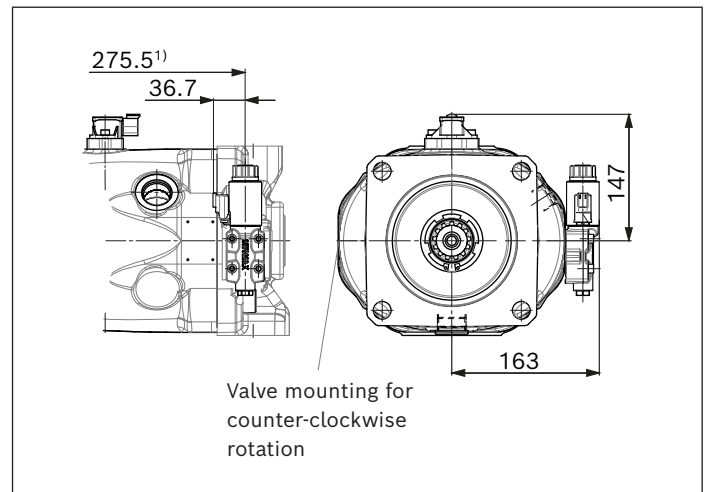
▼ **LA.DG – Power controller; with pressure cut-off, remote controlled; mounting flange D**



▼ **ED7./ER7. – Pressure controller, electric; mounting flange D**



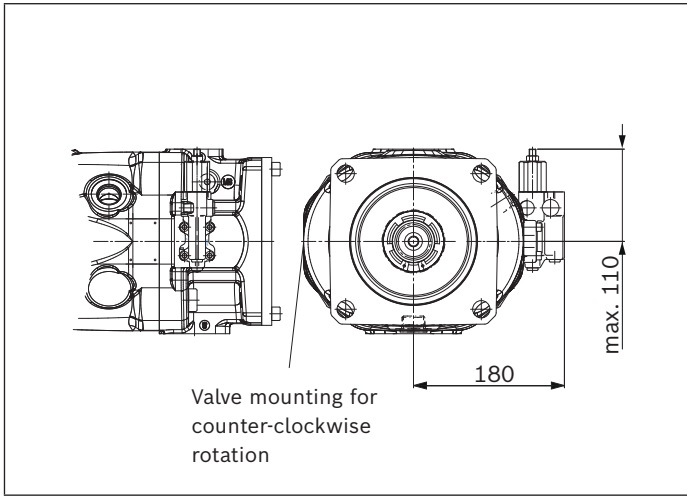
▼ **EC4 – Electrohydraulic control valve; mounting flange D**



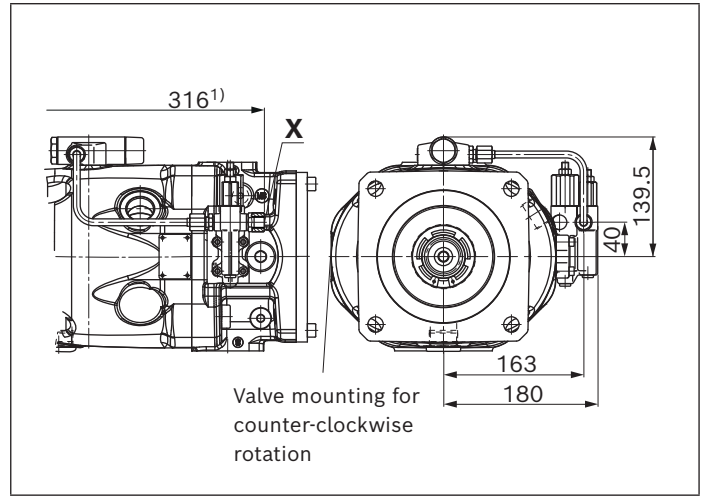
1) Dimension of mounting flange C
2) To mounting flange

Port plate 22

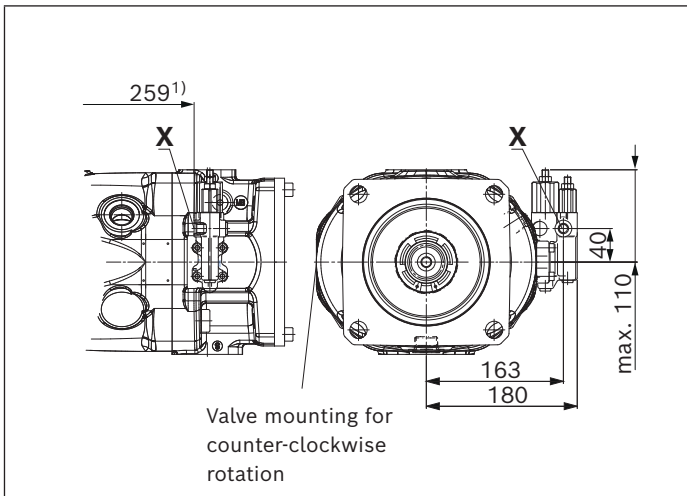
▼ **DR - Pressure controller; mounting flange D**



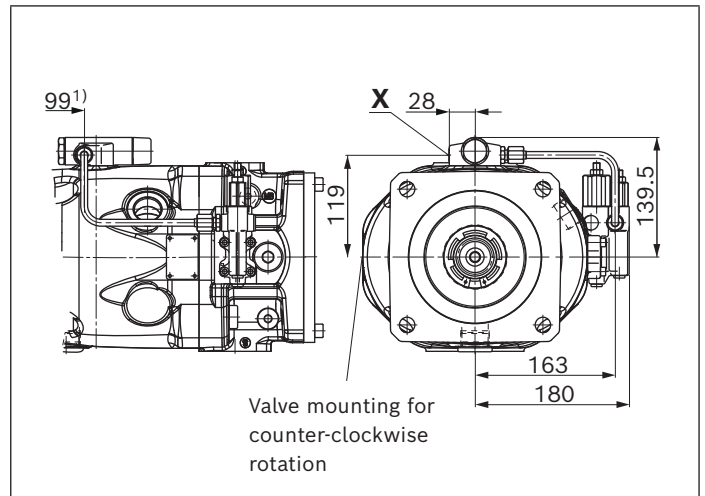
▼ **LA.DS - Pressure, flow and power controller; mounting flange D**



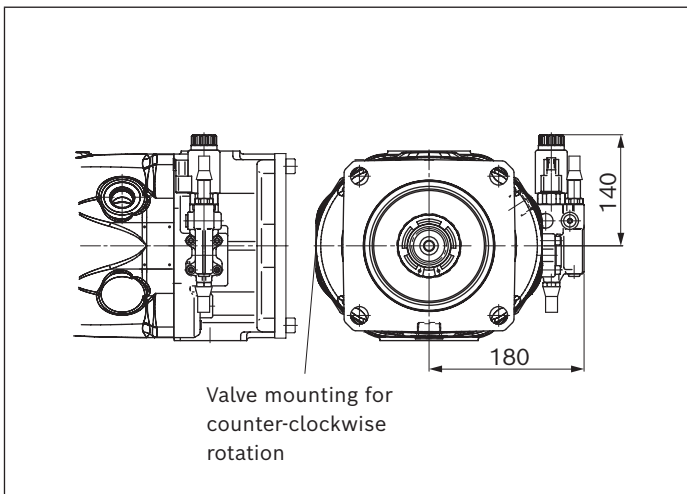
▼ **DRG - Pressure controller, remotely controlled; mounting flange D**



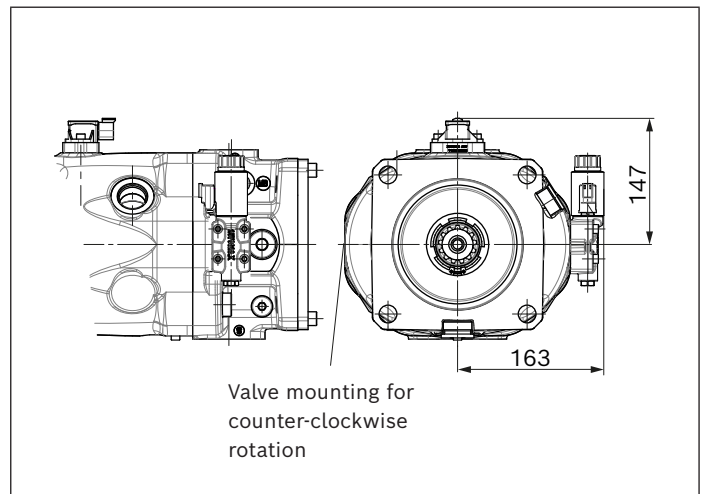
▼ **LA.DG - Power controller; with pressure cut-off, remote controlled; mounting flange D**



▼ **ED7./ER7. - Pressure controller, electric; mounting flange D**



▼ **EC4 - Electrohydraulic control valve; mounting flange D**

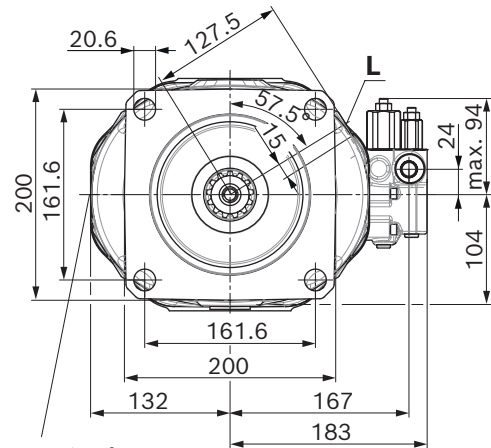
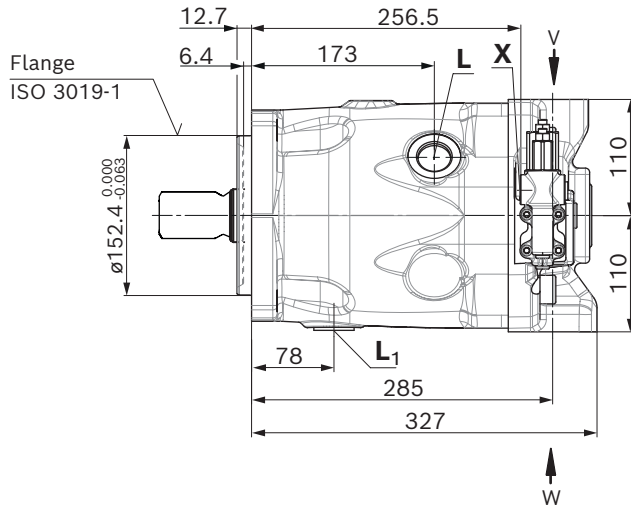


1) To mounting flange

Dimensions, size 180

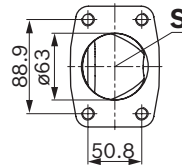
DRF, DRS, DRSC – Pressure flow controller, port plate 11/61, 12/62; mounting flange D (SAE-D; 152-4)

▼ **Port plate 12/62**

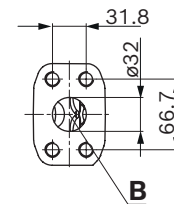


Valve mounting for counter-clockwise rotation

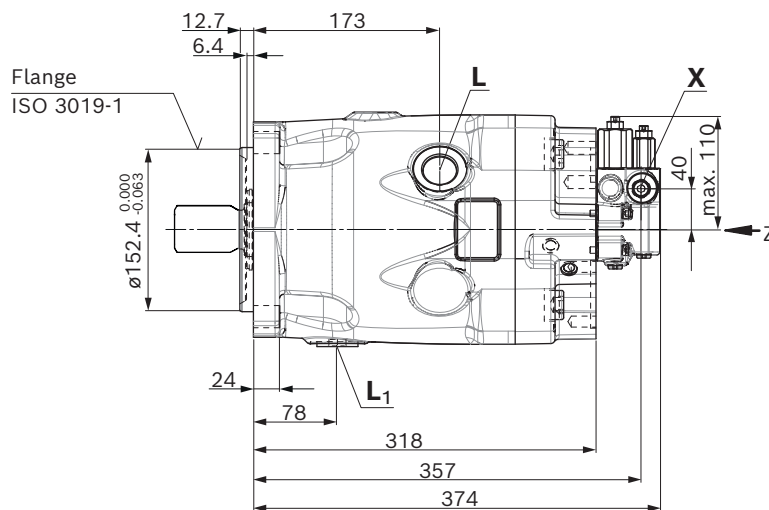
Detail W



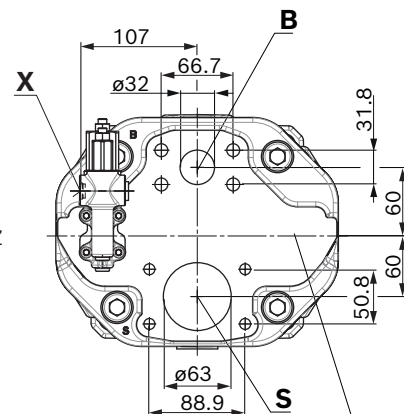
Detail V



▼ **Port plate 11/61**



View Z

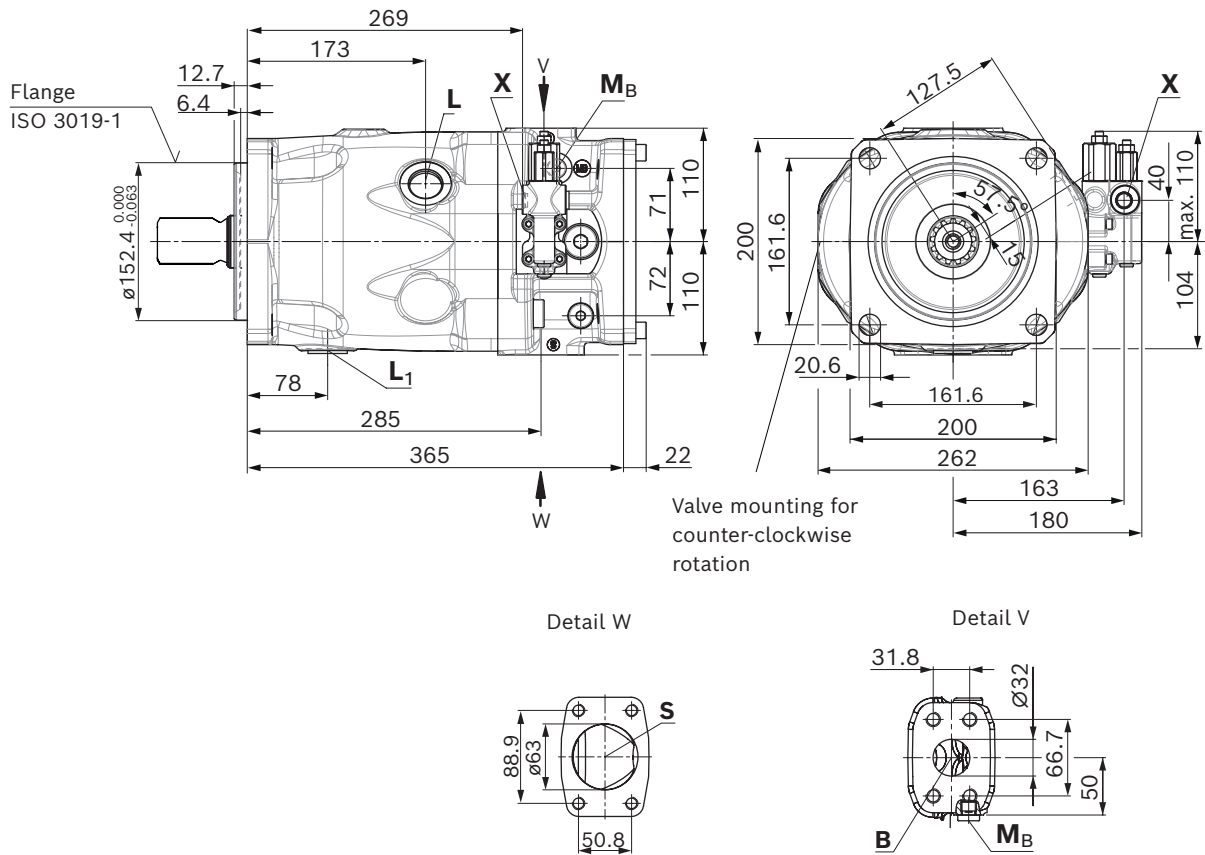


Valve mounting for counter-clockwise rotation

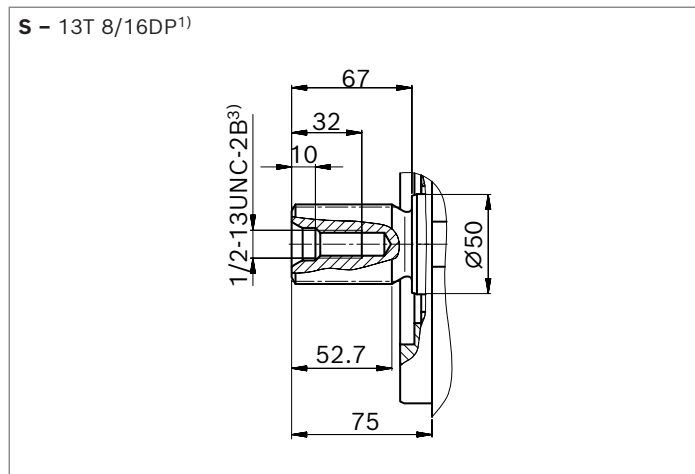
Dimensions, size 180

DRF, DRS, DRSC – Pressure flow controller, port plate 22 and 32; mounting flange D (SAE-D; 152-4)

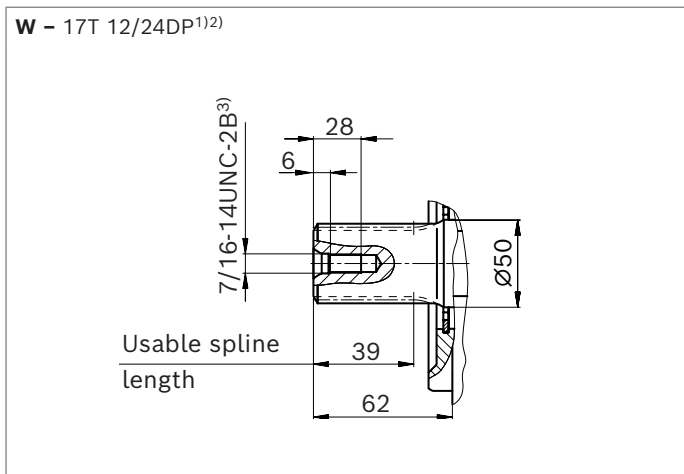
▼ **Port plate 22 and 32**



▼ **Splined shaft 1 3/4 in** (44-4, ISO 3019-1)



▼ **Splined shaft 1 1/2 in** (38-4, ISO 3019-1)



Ports – version metric port plate		Standard	Size ⁴⁾	p_{max} [bar] ⁴⁾	State ⁸⁾
B	Working port (high-pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-2 DIN 13	1 1/4 in M14 x 2 ⁸⁾ ; 19 deep	350	O
S	Suction port (standard pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-1 DIN 13	2 1/2 in M12 x 1.75; 17 deep	10	O
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 5/16-12 UN-2B; 20 deep	2	O ⁷⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 5/16-12 UN-2B; 20 deep	2	X ⁷⁾
X	Pilot pressure	ISO 11926	7/16-20 UNF-2B; 11.5 deep	350	O
M_B	Measuring pressure B (only with port plates 22 and 32)	DIN 3852-2 ⁵⁾	G 1/4 in; 12 deep	350	X

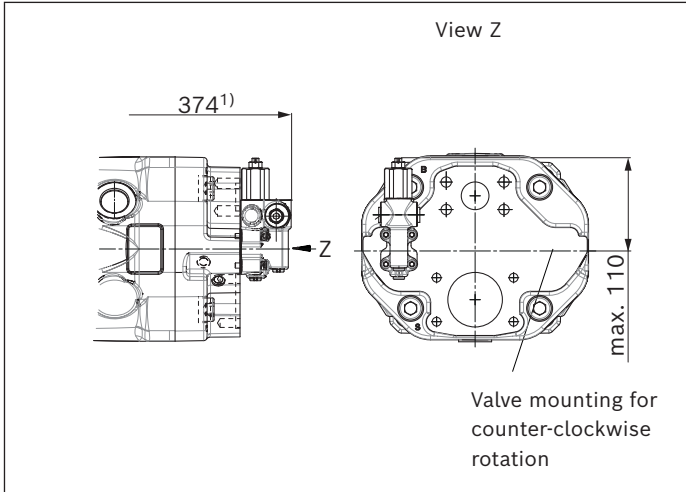
Ports – version SAE port plate 61/62		Standard	Size	p_{max} [bar] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
B	Working port (high-pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-2 ASME B1.1	1 1/4 in 1/2-13 UNC-2B; 24 deep	350	O
S	Suction port (standard pressure series) Fastening thread	ISO 6162-1 ASME B1.1	2 1/2 in 1/2-13 UNC-2B; 24 deep	10	O
L	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 5/16-12 UNF-2B; 20 deep	2	O ⁶⁾
L₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 5/16-12 UNF-2B; 20 deep	2	X ⁶⁾
X	Pilot pressure	ISO 11926	7/16-20 UNF-2B; 11.5 deep	350	O

1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
 2) Splines according to ANSI B92.1a, spline runout is a deviation from standard SAE J744.
 3) Thread according to ASME B1.1
 4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

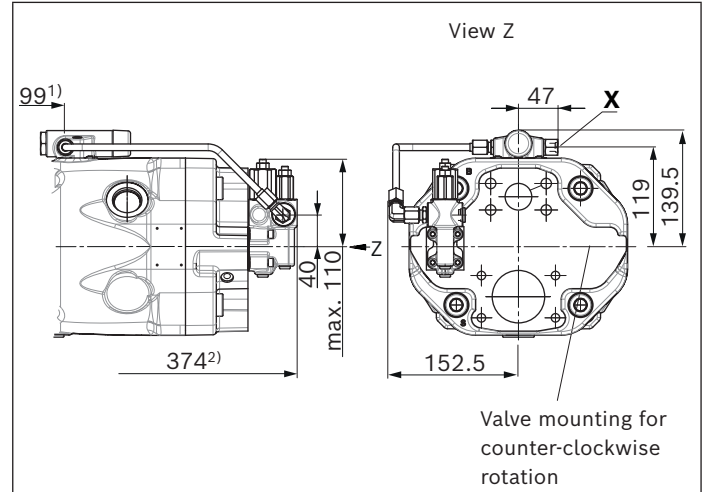
5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.
 6) Depending on the installation position, L or L₁ must be connected (also see installation instructions starting on page 67).
 7) O = Must be connected (plugged on delivery)
 X = Plugged (in normal operation)
 8) Fastening thread M14 deviating from standard ISO 6162-2.

Port plate 11/61

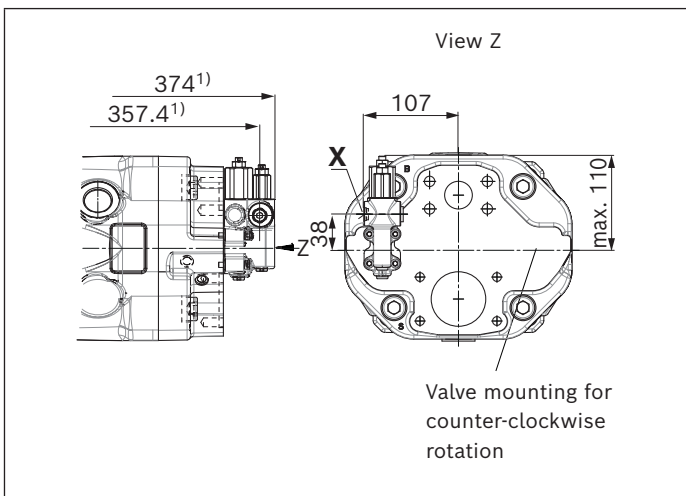
▼ **DR - Pressure controller**



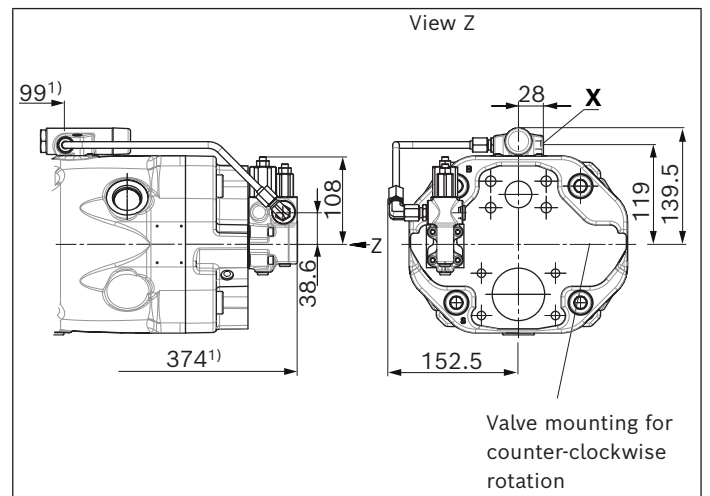
▼ **LA.DS - Pressure, flow and power controller**



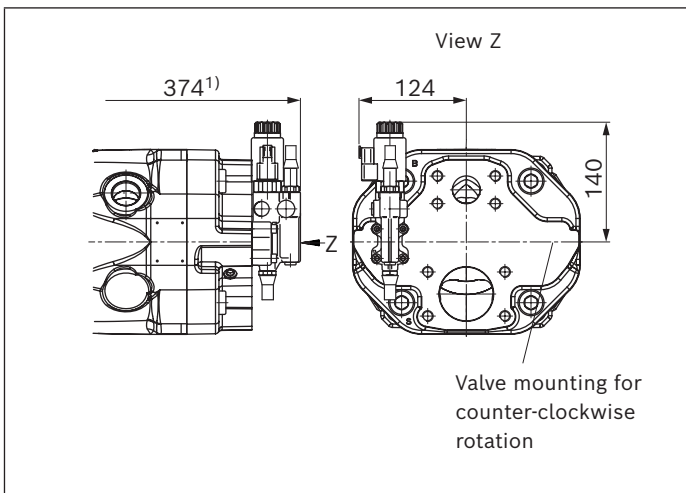
▼ **DRG - Pressure controller, remotely controlled**



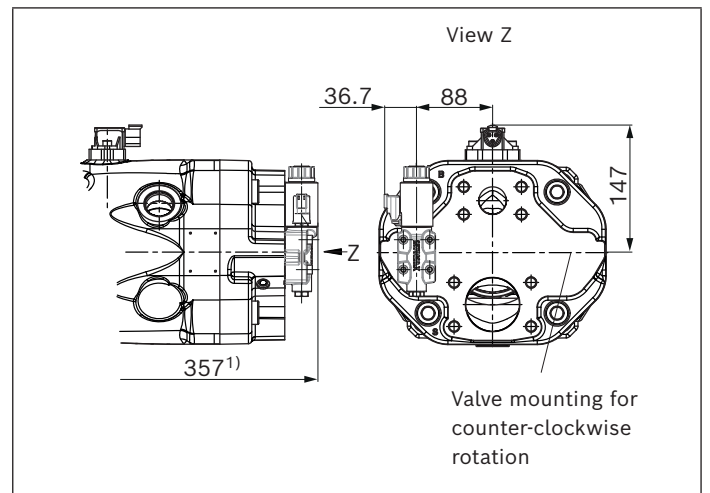
▼ **LA.DG - Power controller; with pressure cut-off, remote controlled**



▼ **ED7./ER7. - Pressure controller, electric**



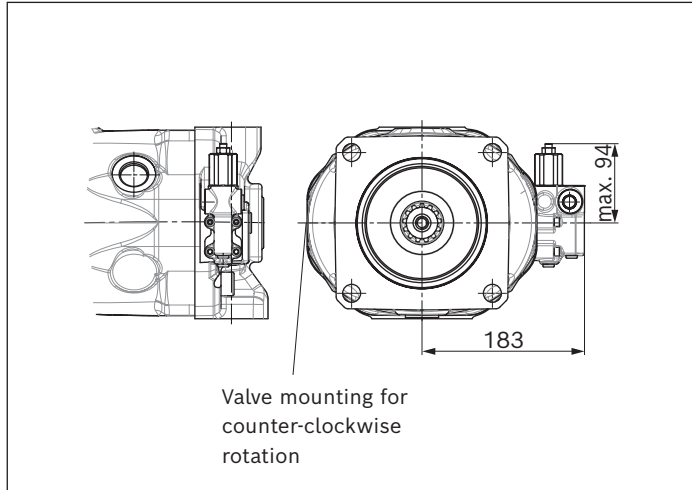
▼ **EC4 - Electrohydraulic control valve**



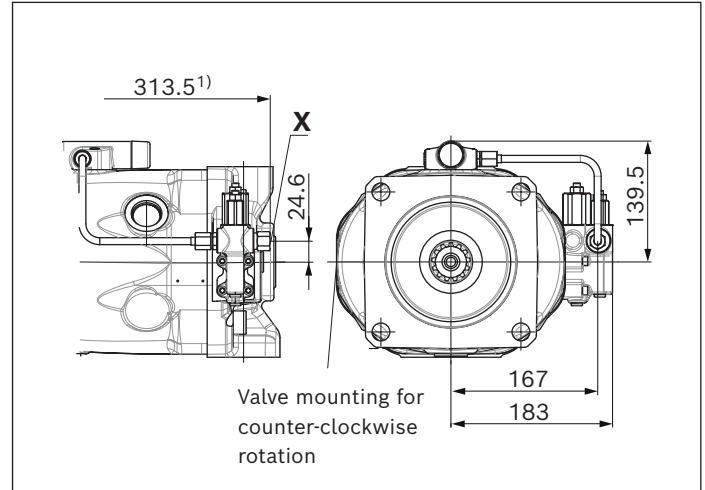
1) To mounting flange

Port plate 12/62

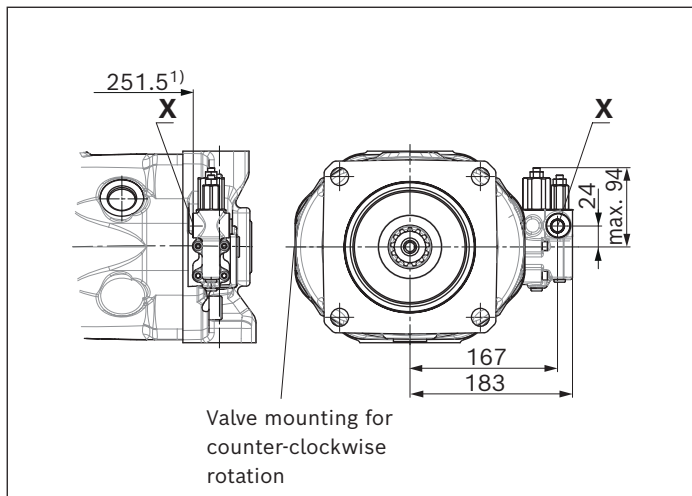
▼ **DR – Pressure controller**



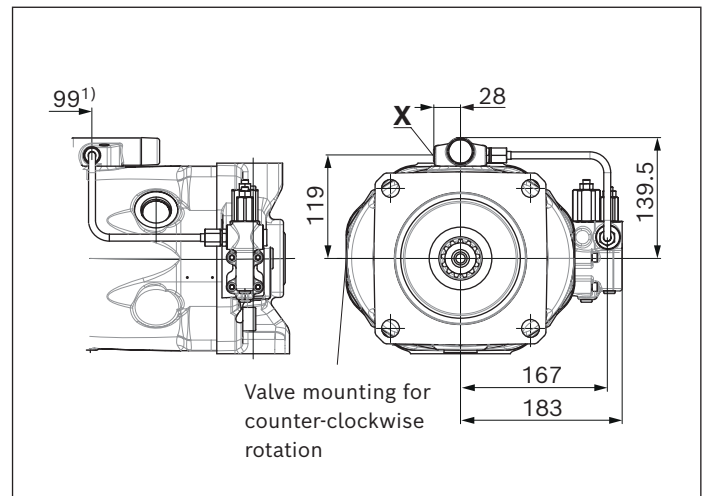
▼ **LA.DS – Pressure, flow and power controller**



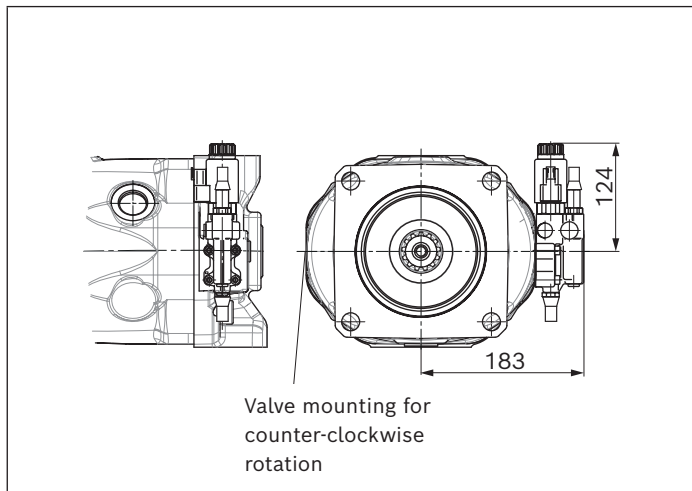
▼ **DRG – Pressure controller, remotely controlled**



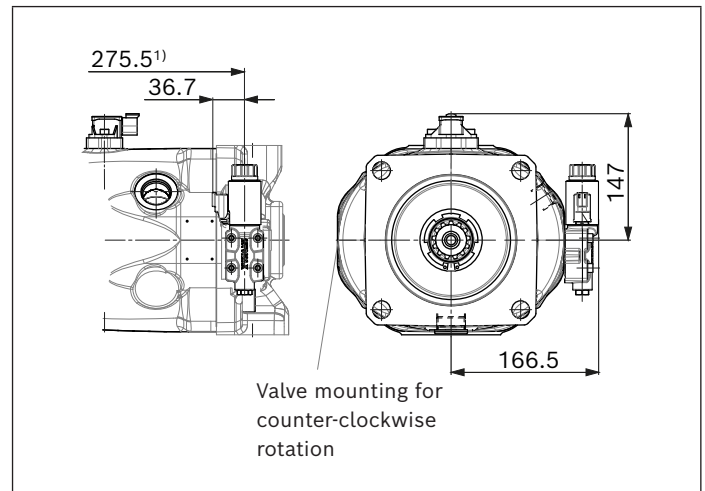
▼ **LA.DG – Power controller; with pressure cut-off, remote controlled**



▼ **ED7./ER7. – Pressure controller, electric**



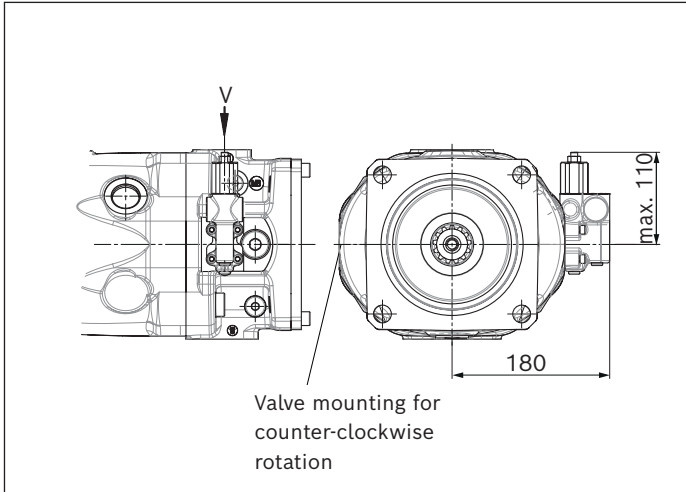
▼ **EC4 – Electrohydraulic control valve**



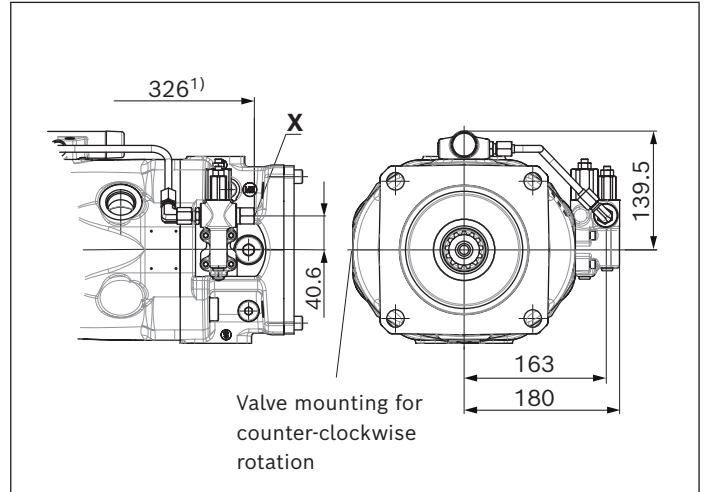
1) To mounting flange

Port plate 22 and 32

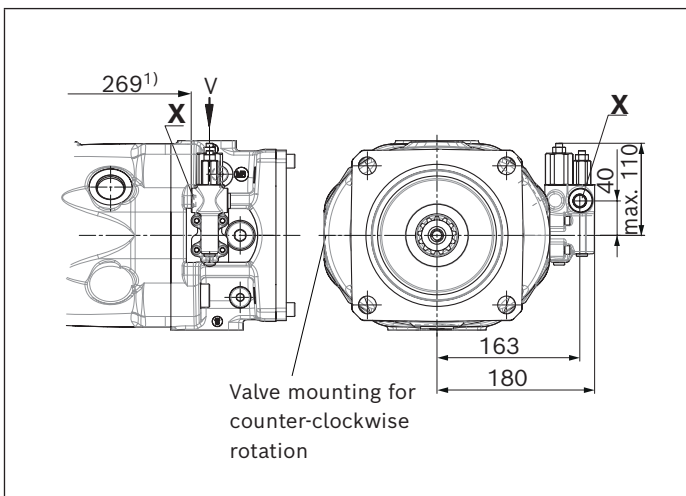
▼ **DR - Pressure controller**



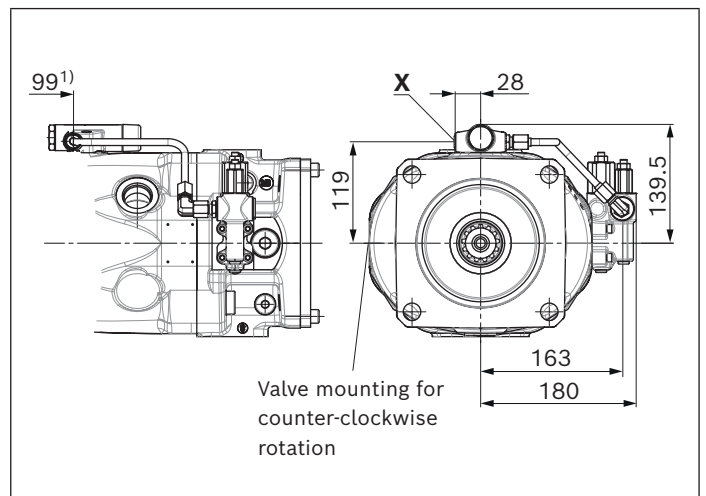
▼ **LA.DS - Pressure, flow and power controller**



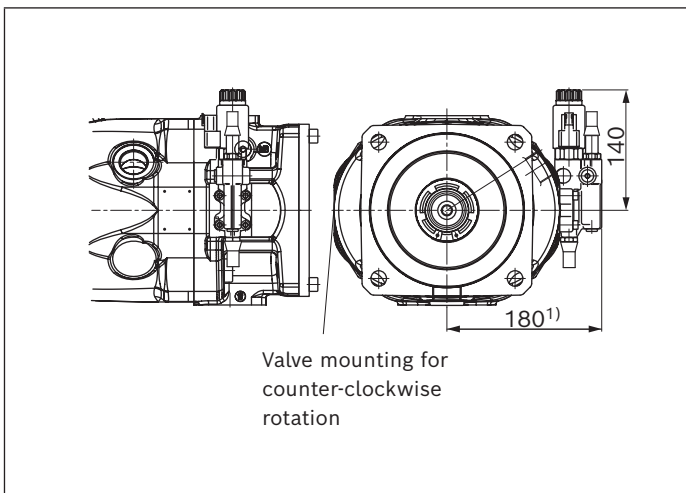
▼ **DRG - Pressure controller, remotely controlled**



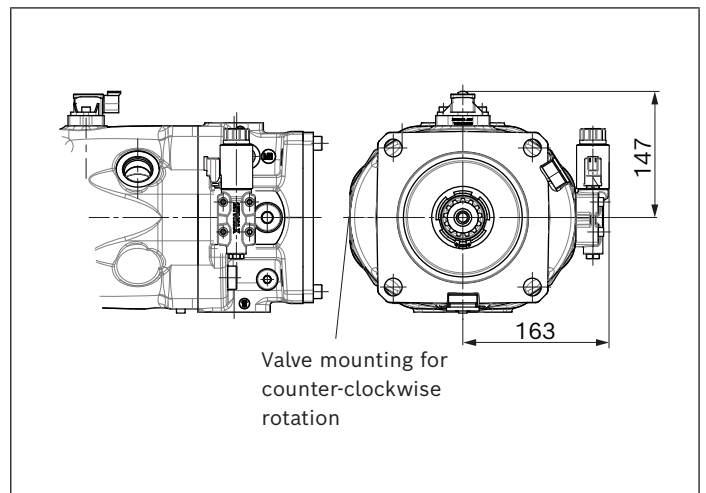
▼ **LA.DG - Power controller; with pressure cut-off, remote controlled**



▼ **ED7./ER7. - Pressure controller, electric**



▼ **EC4 - Electrohydraulic control valve**



1) To mounting flange

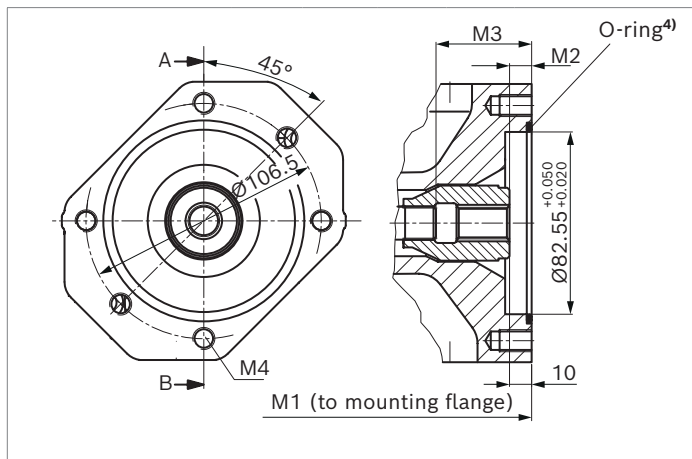
Dimensions for through drives

For flanges and shafts according to ISO 3019-1

Flange Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Hub for splined shaft ¹⁾		Availability across sizes					Code
		Diameter		45	71	100	140	180	
82-2 (A)	⌀, ⌀, ∞	5/8 in	9T 16/32DP	●	●	●	●	-	K01
	⌀, ⌀, ∞	5/8 in	9T 16/32DP	○	●	●	●	●	U01

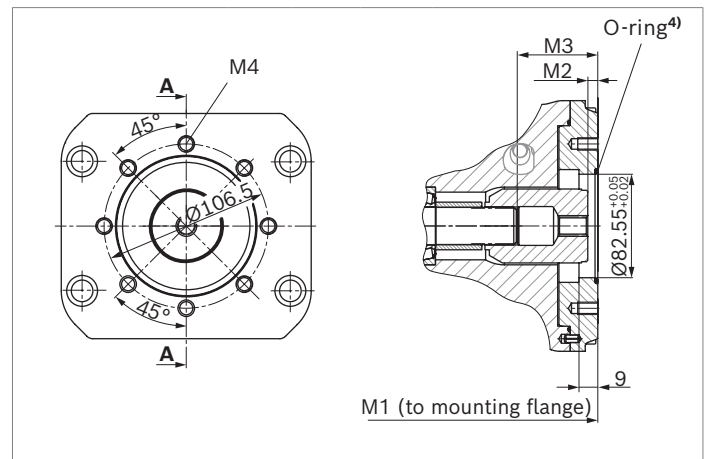
● = Available ○ = On request - = Not available

▼ 82-2 (A)



K01 (16-4 (A))	NG	M1	M2 ⁷⁾	M3 ⁷⁾	M4 ³⁾
	45	229	10.1	52.7	M10; 16 deep
	71	267	11.2	60.6	M10; 20 deep
	100	338	10.0	64.3	M10; 16 deep
	140 ⁵⁾	350	10.1	76.6	M10; 16 deep
	140 ⁶⁾	376			

▼ 82-2 (A)



U01 (16-4 (A))	NG	M1	M2 ⁷⁾	M3 ⁷⁾	M4 ³⁾
	71	299	8.4	60.6	M10; 16 deep
	100	360	9.7	64.7	M10; 16 deep
	140	377	On request		
	180	387	10.8	77.1	M10; 16 deep

1) According to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top.
3) Thread according to DIN 13.

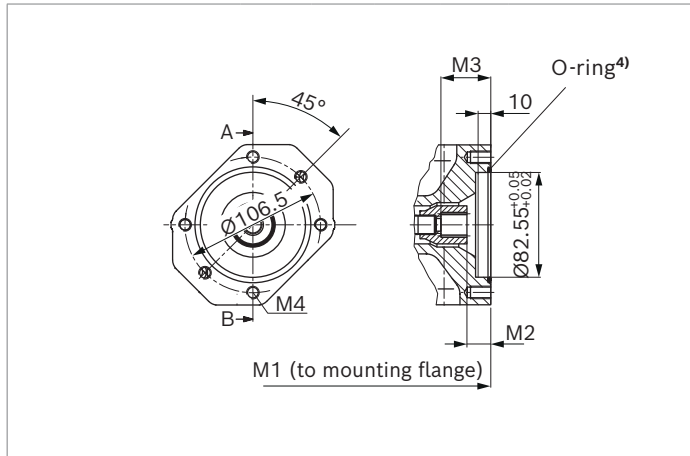
4) O-ring included in the scope of delivery
5) With D-flange
6) With C-flange
7) Minimum dimension

For flanges and shafts according to ISO 3019-1

Flange Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Hub for splined shaft ¹⁾		Availability across sizes					Code
		Diameter		45	71	100	140	180	
82-2 (A)	⌀, ♂, ∞	3/4 in	11T 16/32DP	●	●	●	●	-	K52
	⌀, ♂, ∞	3/4 in	11T 16/32DP	●	●	●	●	●	U52

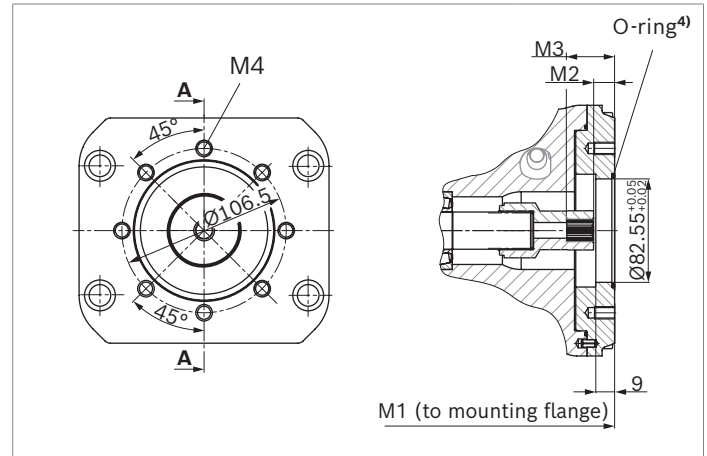
● = Available ○ = On request - = Not available

▼ **82-2 (A)**



K52 (19-4 (A-B))	NG	M1	M2 ⁷⁾	M3 ⁷⁾	M4 ³⁾
45	229	18.4	38.8	M10; 16 deep	
71	267	20.8	41.2	M10; 20 deep	
100	338	18.6	39.6	M10; 16 deep	
140 ⁵⁾	350	18.4	39.4	M10; 16 deep	
140 ⁶⁾	376				

▼ **82-2 (A)**



U52 (19-4 (A-B))	NG	M1	M2 ⁷⁾	M3 ⁷⁾	M4 ³⁾
45	264	19.0	39.4	M10; 16 deep	
71	299	20.8	41.2	M10; 20 deep	
100	360	19.0	40.0	M10; 16 deep	
140	377	18.6	39.6	M10; 20 deep	
180	387	18.9	39.9	M10; 16 deep	

1) Hub for splined shaft according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
 2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top.
 3) Thread according to DIN 13.

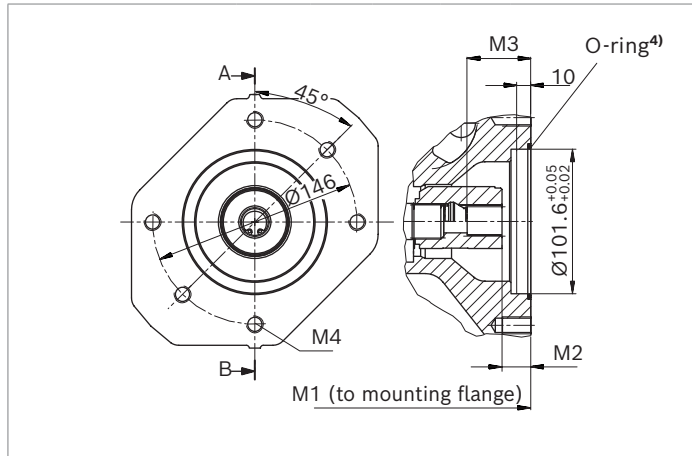
4) O-ring included in the scope of delivery
 5) With D-flange
 6) With C-flange
 7) Minimum dimension

For flanges and shafts according to ISO 3019-1

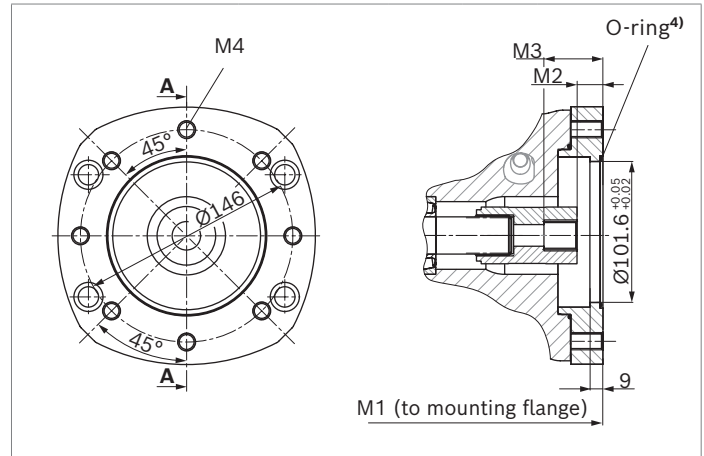
Flange Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Hub for splined shaft ¹⁾		Availability across sizes					Code
		Diameter		45	71	100	140	180	
101-2 (B)	⊘, ♂, ∞	7/8 in	13T 16/32DP	●	●	●	●	-	K68
	⊘, ♂, ∞	7/8 in	13T 16/32DP	●	●	●	●	●	U68

● = Available ○ = On request - = Not available

▼ **101-2 (B)**



▼ **101-2 (B)**



K68 (22-4 (B))	NG	M1	M2 ⁷⁾	M3 ⁷⁾	M4 ³⁾
	45	229	17.4	41.8	M12; 18 deep
	71	267	19.8	44.2	M12; 20 deep
	100	338	17.6	41.9	M12; 20 deep
	140 ⁵⁾	350	17.4	41.7	M12; 20 deep
	140 ⁶⁾	376			

U68 (22-4 (B))	NG	M1	M2 ⁷⁾	M3 ⁷⁾	M4 ³⁾
	45	264	18.0	42.4	M12; 22 deep
	71	299	19.8	44.2	M12; 22 deep
	100	360	18.0	42.3	M12; 22 deep
	140	377	17.6	41.9	M12; 22 deep
	180	387	17.9	42.2	M12; 22 deep

1) Hub for splined shaft according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
 2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top
 3) Thread according to DIN 13.

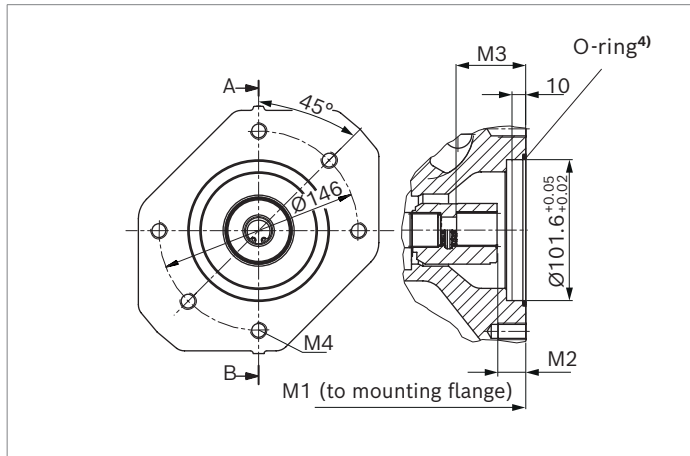
4) O-ring included in the scope of delivery
 5) With D-flange
 6) With C-flange
 7) Minimum dimension

For flanges and shafts according to ISO 3019-1

Flange Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Splined shaft ¹⁾		Availability across sizes					Code
		Diameter		45	71	100	140	180	
101-2 (B)	⌀, ♂, ∞	1 in	15T 16/32DP	●	●	●	●	-	K04
	⌀, ♂, ∞	1 in	15T 16/32DP	○	●	●	●	●	U04

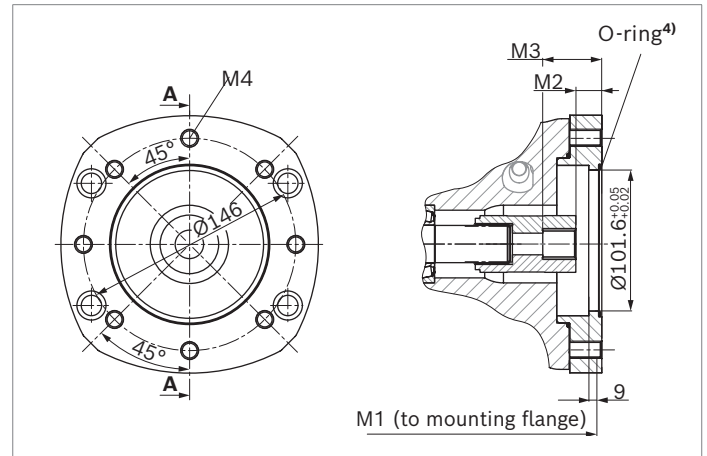
● = Available ○ = On request - = Not available

▼ **101-2 (B)**



K04 (25-4 (B-B))	NG	M1	M2⁷⁾	M3⁷⁾	M4³⁾
	45	229	17.9	47.4	M12; 18 deep
	71	267	20.3	49.2	M12; 20 deep
	100	338	17.8	46.6	M12; 20 deep
	140 ⁵⁾	350	17.9	47.4	M12; 20 deep
	140 ⁶⁾	376			

▼ **101-2 (B)**



U04 (25-4 (B-B))	NG	M1	M2⁷⁾	M3⁷⁾	M4³⁾
	71	299	20.3	49.2	M12; 22 deep
	100	360	18.2	47.0	M12; 22 deep
	140	377	18.1	47.6	M12; 22 deep
	180	387	18.4	47.9	M12; 22 deep

1) Hub for splined shaft according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
 2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top
 3) Thread according to DIN 13; observe the maximum tightening torques in the instruction manual.

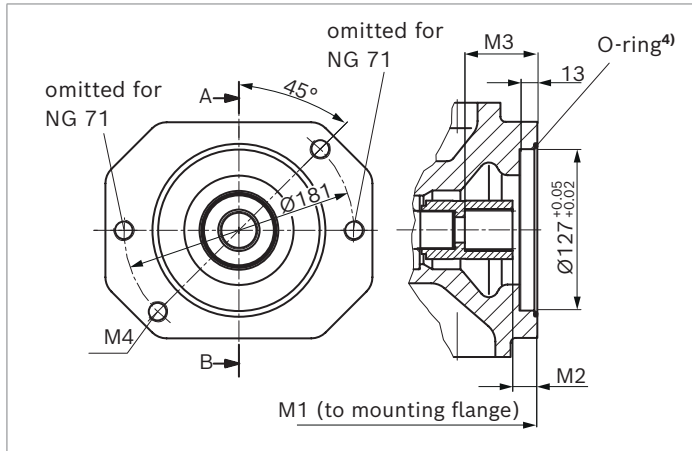
4) O-ring included in the scope of delivery
 5) With D-flange
 6) With C-flange
 7) Minimum dimension

For flanges and shafts according to ISO 3019-1

Flange Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Splined shaft ¹⁾ Diameter	Availability across sizes					Code
			45	71	100	140	180	
127-2 (C)	∅, ∞	1 1/4 in 14T 12/24DP	-	●	●	●	-	K07
	∅, ∅, ∞	1 1/4 in 14T 12/24DP	-	●	●	●	●	U07

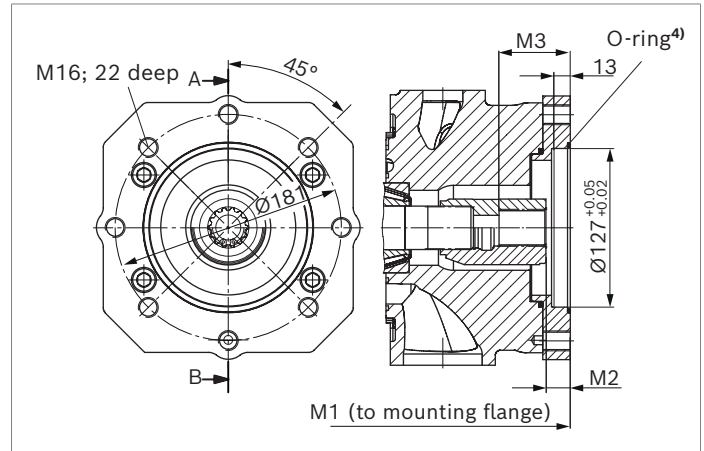
● = Available ∅ = On request - = Not available

▼ **127-2 (C)**



K07 (32-4 (C))	NG	M1	M2 ⁷⁾	M3 ⁷⁾	M4 ³⁾
	71	267	20.3	58.3	M16; continuous
	100	338	19.1	57.1	M16; continuous
	140 ⁵⁾	350	18.9	56.2	M16; 24 deep
	140 ⁶⁾	376			

▼ **127-2 (C)**



U07 (32-4 (C))	NG	M1	M2 ⁷⁾	M3 ⁷⁾	M4 ³⁾
	71	299	20.3	58.3	M16; 22 deep
	100	360	19.5	57.5	M16; 22 deep
	140	377	19.1	56.4	M16; 22 deep
	180	387	19.4	56.7	M16; 22 deep

1) Hub for splined shaft according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
 2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top
 3) Thread according to DIN 13; observe the maximum tightening torques in the instruction manual.

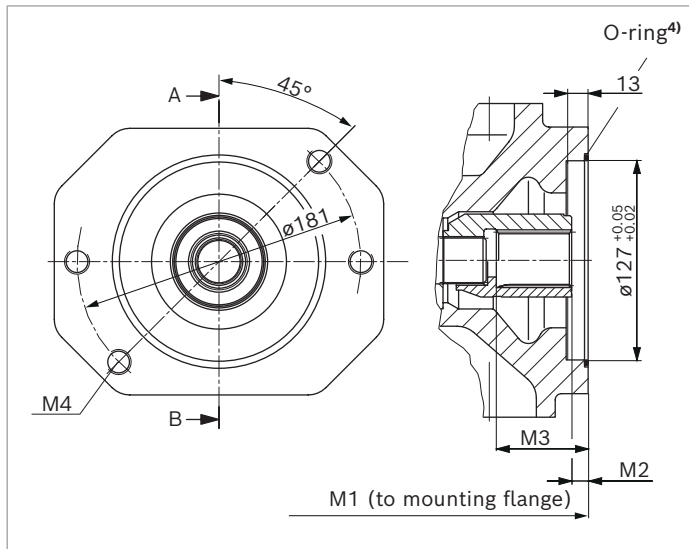
4) O-ring included in the scope of delivery
 5) With D-flange
 6) With C-flange
 7) Minimum dimension

For flanges and shafts according to ISO 3019-1

Flange		Splined shaft ¹⁾ Diameter	Availability across sizes					Code
Diameter	Mounting ²⁾		45	71	100	140	180	
127-2 (C)	♂, ∞	1 1/2 in 17T 12/24DP	-	-	●	●	-	K24
	♀, ♂, ∞	1 1/2 in 17T 12/24DP	-	-	●	●	●	U24

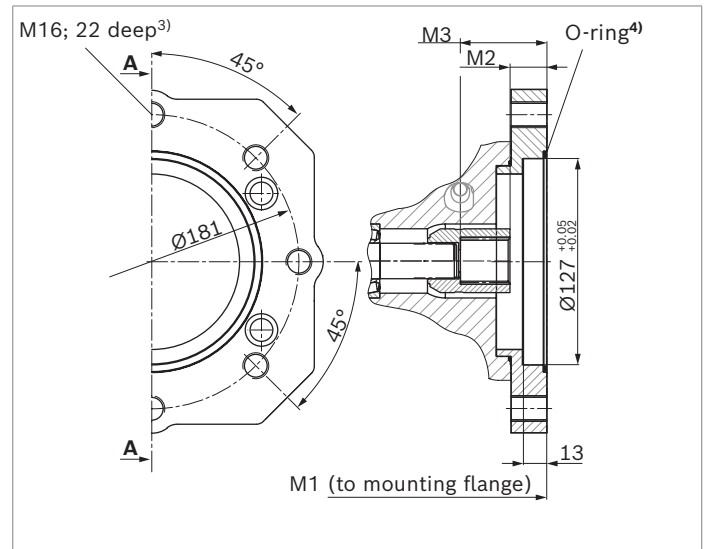
● = Available ○ = On request - = Not available

▼ **127-2 (C)**



K24 (38-4 (C-C))	NG	M1	M2⁷⁾	M3⁷⁾	M4³⁾
	100	323	10.0	64.3	M16; continuous
	140 ⁵⁾	350	9.4	68.4	M16; 24 deep
	140 ⁶⁾	376			

▼ **127-2 (C)**



U24 (38-4 (C-C))	NG	M1	M2⁷⁾	M3⁷⁾	M4³⁾
	100	360	21.0	63.0	M16; 22 deep
	140	377	9.6	68.6	M16; 22 deep
	180	387	9.9	68.9	M16; 22 deep

1) Hub for splined shaft according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
 2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top
 3) Thread according to DIN 13; observe the maximum tightening torques in the instruction manual.

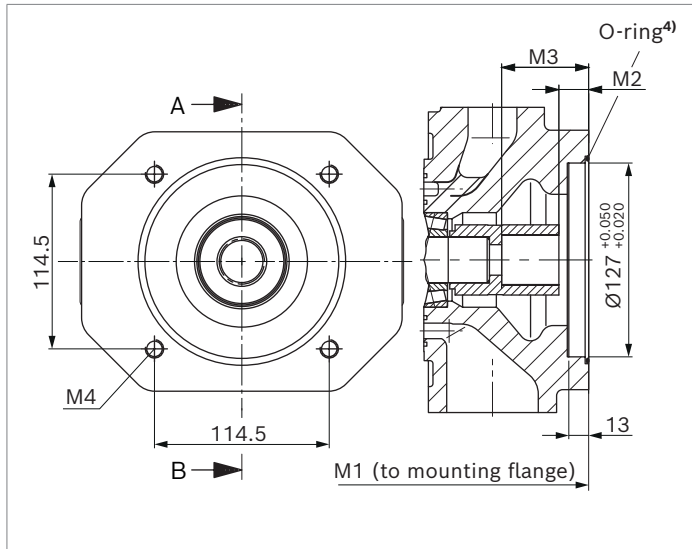
4) O-ring included in the scope of delivery
 5) With D-flange
 6) With C-flange
 7) Minimum dimension

For flanges and shafts according to ISO 3019-1

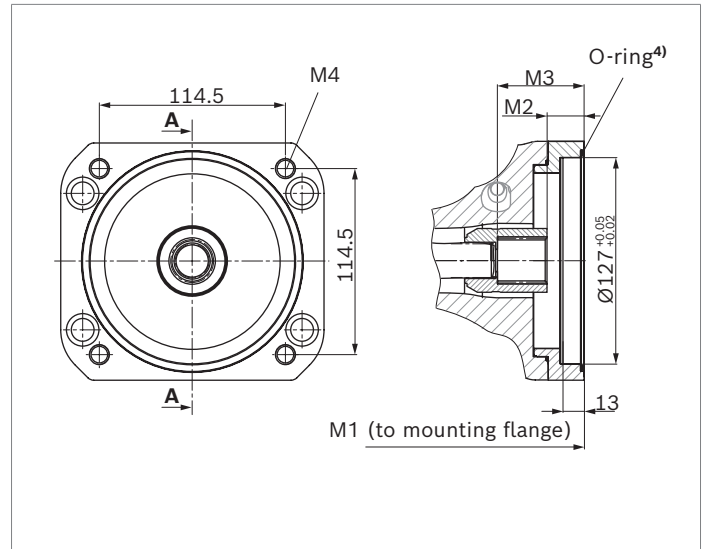
Flange Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Splined shaft ¹⁾		Availability across sizes					Code
		Diameter		45	71	100	140	180	
127-4 (C)		1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP	-	o	•	•	-	K15
		1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP	-	-	•	•	•	U15

• = Available o = On request - = Not available

▼ **127-4 (C)**



▼ **127-4 (C)**




K15 (32-4 (C))	NG	M1	M2⁵⁾	M3⁵⁾	M4³⁾
	100	338	19.1	57.1	M12; 22 deep
	140	350	18.9	56.2	M12; 22 deep

U15 (32-4 (C))	NG	M1	M2⁵⁾	M3⁵⁾	M4³⁾
	100	360	19.5	57.5	M12; 22 deep
	140	377	19.1	56.4	M12; 22 deep
	180	387	19.4	56.7	M12; 22 deep

1) Hub for splined shaft according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top

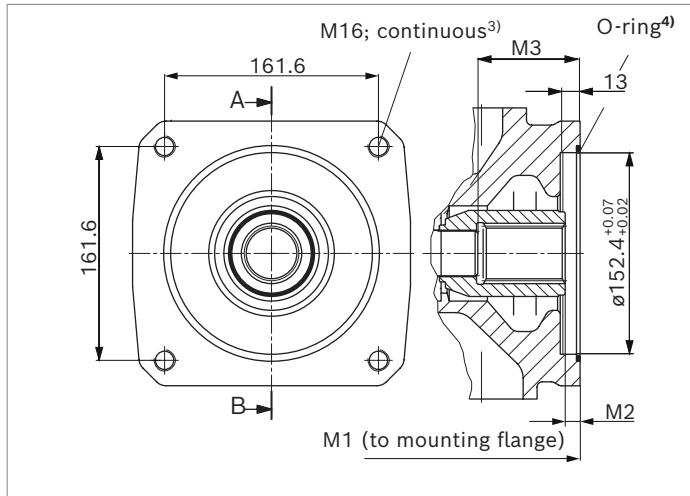
3) Thread according to DIN 13; observe the maximum tightening torques in the instruction manual.
4) O-ring included in the scope of delivery
5) Minimum dimensions

For flanges and shafts according to ISO 3019-1

Flange Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Splined shaft ¹⁾ Diameter	Availability across sizes					Code
			45	71	100	140	180	
152-4 (D)		1 3/4 in 13T 8/16DP	-	-	-	●	-	K17
		1 3/4 in 13T 8/16DP	-	-	-	●	●	U17

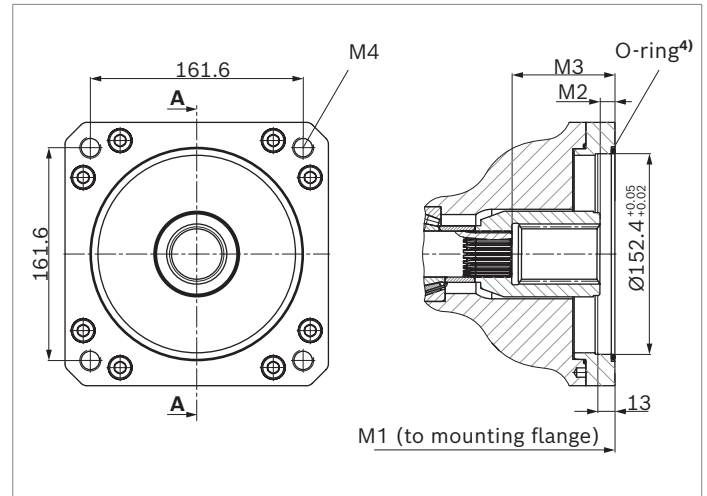
- = Not available

▼ **152-4 (D)**



K17 (152-4 (D))	NG	M1 ⁵⁾	M2 ⁵⁾	M3
	140	350	9.7	76.3

▼ **152-4 (D)**



U17 (152-4 (D))	NG	M1	M2 ⁵⁾	M3 ⁵⁾	M4 ³⁾
	140	377	9.3	75.9	M16; 22 deep
	180	387	10.4	76.4	M16; 22 deep

1) Hub for splined shaft according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top

3) Thread according to DIN 13; observe the maximum tightening torques in the instruction manual.
4) O-ring included in the scope of delivery
5) Minimum dimensions

Overview of mounting options

Through drive			Mounting options – 2nd pump			External gear pump
Flange (SAE) ISO 3019-1	Hub for Splined shaft	Code ¹⁾	A10VO/31 and 32 NG (shaft)	A10VO/52 and 53 NG (shaft)	A1VO/10 NG (shaft)	
82-2 (A)	5/8 in	(K)(U)01	18 (U)/31	10 (U), 18 (U)	–	Design F
	3/4 in	(K)(U)52	18 (S, R)/31	10 (S) 18 (S, R)	18, 28 (S3)	
101-2 (B)	7/8 in	(K)(U)68	28 (S, R)/31 45 (U, W)	28 (S, R) 45 (U, W)	28 (S4) 35 (S4)	Design N/G
	1 in	(K)(U)04	45 (S, R)	45 (S, R) 60, 63 (U, W) ²⁾ 72 (U, W) ²⁾	35 (S5)	
127-2 (C)	1 1/4 in	(K)(U)07	71 (S, R) 88 (S, R)/31 100 (U) ³⁾	60, 63 (S, R) 72 (S, R) 85 (U) 100 (U) ³⁾	–	–
	1 1/2 in	(K)(U)24	100 (S) 140 (W)/31	85 (S) 100 (S)	–	–
127-4 (C)	1 in	UE2	45 (S, R)/32	60, 63 (U, W) 72 (U, W)	–	–
	1 1/4 in	(K)(U)15	71 (S, R)/32	60, 63 (S, R) 72 (S, R) 85 (U) 100 (U)	–	–
152-4 (D)	1 3/4 in	(K)(U)17	140 (S); 180 (S)/32	–	–	–

Mounting flange C, D and U (see order item 09 in the type code) and port plate with a K.. or U.. Through drive (see or items 10 and 11 in the type code) directly connected by the static and dynamic loading when installed.

The following table shows the version to be selected:

Mounting flange	C	D	U
Port plate	12(62)	22/32	22/32
Through drive	K..	U..	U..

1) 1st pump only with mounting flanges D or U for Uxx through drives (for more information, see also type code on page 3).

2) Not for main pump NG45 with K/U04

3) Not for main pump NG71 with K/U07

Combination pumps A10VO + A10VO

By using combination pumps, it is possible to have independent circuits without the need for splitter gearboxes. When ordering combination pumps the type designations for the 1st and the 2nd pump must be joined by a "+".

Order example:

A10VO100DR/32R-VSC12K07+

A10VO71DR/32R-VSC12N00

If no further pumps are to be mounted at the factory, the simple type designation is sufficient.

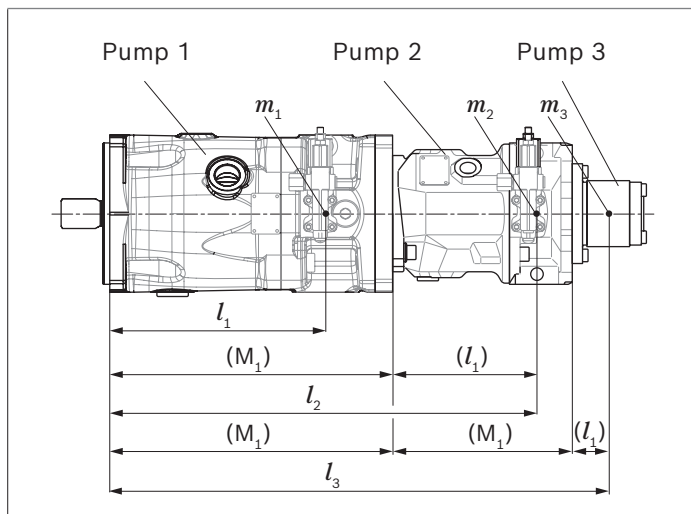
A tandem pump, with two pumps of equal size, is permissible without additional supports, assuming that the dynamic mass acceleration does not exceed maximum 10 g (= 98.1 m/s²).

For combination pumps consisting of more than two pumps, the mounting flange must be calculated for the permissible mass torque.

Through drives are plugged with a **non-pressure-resistant** cover. Therefore, single pumps must be fitted with a pressure-resistant cover before commissioning. Through drives can also be ordered with a pressure-resistant cover, please specify in plain text.

U00 basic through drives (without hub or intermediate flange) **are supplied with a pressure-resistant** cover.

This enables the utilization of various through drive options without mechanical machining of the port plate. Details of the assembled parts can be found in data sheet RE 95581.



m_1, m_2, m_3	Weight of pump	[kg]
l_1, l_2, l_3	Distance from center of gravity	[mm]
$T_m = (m_1 \cdot l_1 + m_2 \cdot l_2 + m_3 \cdot l_3) \cdot \frac{1}{102} \text{ [Nm]}$		

Calculation for multiple pumps	
l_1	Front pump distance from center of gravity (values from "Permissible moments of inertia" table)
l_2	Dimension "M1" from through drive drawings (from page 56) + l_1 of the 2nd pump
l_3	Dimension "M1" from through drive drawings from page 56 of the 1st pump + "M1" of the 2nd pump + l_1 of the 3rd pump

Notice
Through drives with installed hub are supplied with a spacer.
The spacer must be removed before installation of the 2nd pump and before commissioning. For information, please refer to the 92714-01-B operating instructions.

Permissible moments of inertia

Size		45	71	100	140	180
for 4-hole flange						
static	T_m Nm	3000	3000	7000	7000	7000
dynamic at 10 g (98.1 m/s ²)	T_m Nm	300	300	700	700	700
for 2-hole flange						
static	T_m Nm	1370	2160	3000	On request ¹⁾	-
dynamic at 10 g (98.1 m/s ²)	T_m Nm	137	216	300	-	-
Weight with port plate 11/12(61/62)N00 and mounting flange C or D	m kg	25.8	40.4	56.4	70.5	75.2
Weight with port plate 12(62)K.. and mounting flange C	m kg	27.4	43.3	62.6	79.5	-
Weight with port plate 22(32)Uxx and mounting flange D or U	m kg	32.6	51.8	76	90.2	89.4
Distance from center of gravity with 11/12(61/62)N00	l_1 mm	108	120	138	158	159
Distance from center of gravity with 12(62)Kxx	l_1 mm	115	129	153	177	-
Distance from center of gravity with 22/32Uxx	l_1 mm	135	153	184	196	190

Please also pay attention to the installation information on page 70.

1) Pump combinations permissible only max. as double pump up to the same size.

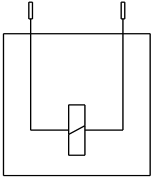
Connector for solenoids

DEUTSCH DT04-2P

Molded, 2-pin, without bidirectional suppressor diode.
The following type of protection ensues with the installed mating connector:

- ▶ IP67 (DIN/EN 60529) and
- ▶ IP69K (DIN 40050-9)

▼ Switching symbol

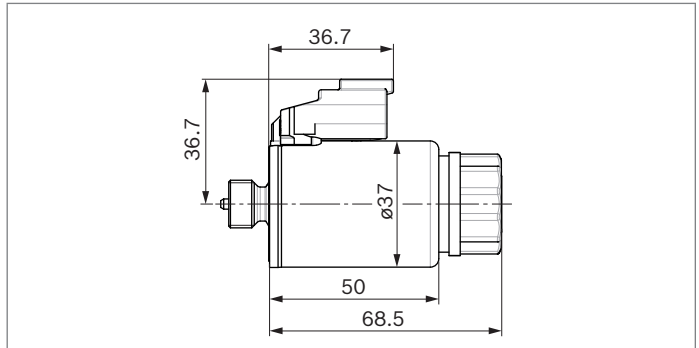


▼ Mating connector DEUTSCH DT06-2S-EP04

Consisting of	DT designation
1 housing	DT06-2S-EP04
1 wedge	W2S
2 sockets	0462-201-16141

The mating connector is not included in the scope of delivery.

This can be supplied by Bosch Rexroth on request (material number R902601804).



Notice

- ▶ If necessary, you can change the position of the connector by turning the solenoid body.
- ▶ This procedure is defined in 92714-01-B operating instructions.
- ▶ Only the dead weight (<1 N) of the connection cable with a length of 150 mm may act on the plug-in connection and the solenoid coil with coil nut. Other forces and vibrations are not permissible. For example, this can be realized by suspension of the cable at the same vibration system.

Control electronics

Control	Electronics function	Electronics		Data sheet
Electric pressure control	Controlled power outlet	VT-MSPA	analog	30232
		RC4-5/30	digital	95205

Installation instructions

General

The axial piston unit must be filled with hydraulic fluid and air bled during commissioning and operation. This must also be observed following a longer standstill as the axial piston unit may empty via the hydraulic lines.

Particularly in the installation position "drive shaft upwards", filling and air bleeding must be carried out completely as there is, for example, a danger of dry running.

The leakage in the housing area must be directed to the reservoir via the highest available drain port (**L**, **L₁**).

For combination pumps, the leakage must be drained off at each single pump.

If a shared drain line is used for several units, make sure that the respective case pressure in each unit is not exceeded. The shared drain line must be dimensioned to ensure that the maximum permissible case pressure of all connected units is not exceeded in any operating condition, particularly at cold start. If this is not possible, separate drain line must be laid, if necessary.

To prevent the transmission of structure-borne noise, use elastic elements to decouple all connecting lines from all vibration-capable components (e.g. reservoir, frame parts). Under all operating conditions, the suction lines and the drain lines must flow into the reservoir below the minimum fluid level. The permissible suction height h_s results from the total pressure loss. However, it must not be higher than $h_{S \max} = 800$ mm. The minimum suction pressure at port **S** (see the technical data on page 8) must not be fallen short of during operation and at cold starting either.

When designing the reservoir, ensure adequate distance between the suction line and the drain line. This minimizes oil turbulence and carries out degassing, which prevents the heated hydraulic fluid from being sucked directly back in again.

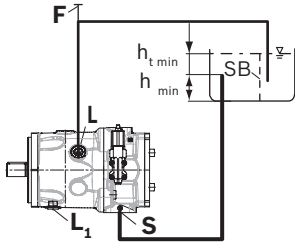
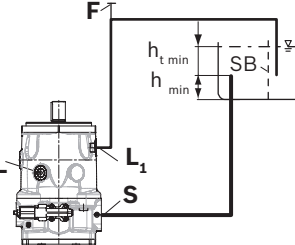
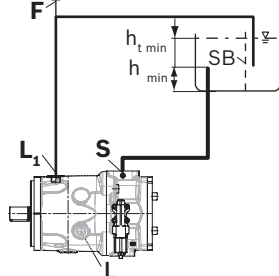
Installation position

See the following examples **1** to **9**.

Further installation positions are available upon request.
Recommended installation position: **1** and **3**

Below-reservoir installation (standard)

Below-reservoir installation means that the axial piston unit is installed outside of the reservoir below the minimum fluid level.

Installation position	Air bleed	Filling
1	F	F (L)
		
2¹⁾	F	F (L₁)
		
3	F	F (L₁)
		

Notice

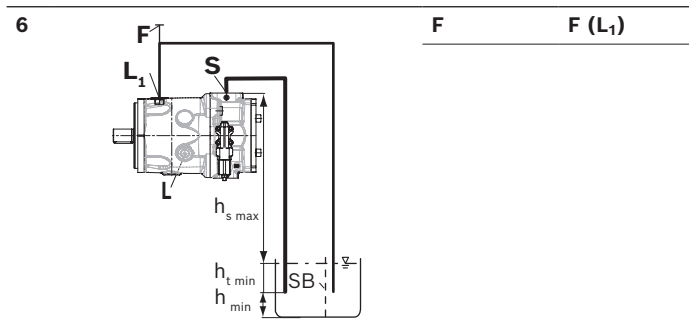
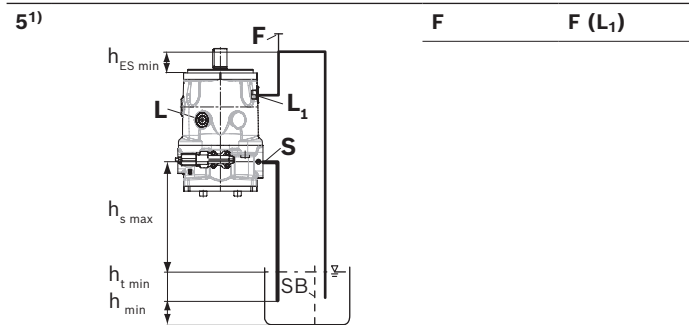
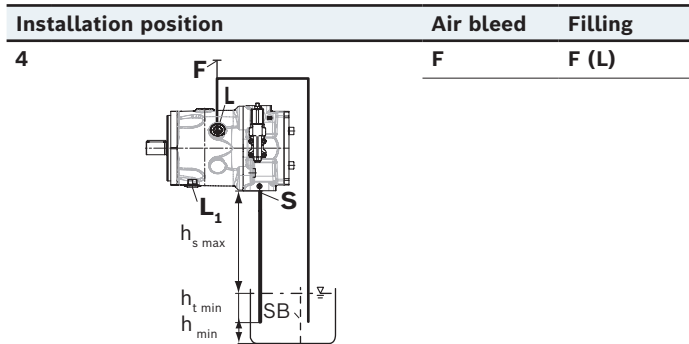
Port **F** is part of the external piping and must be provided on the customer side to make filling and air bleeding easier.

¹⁾ Because complete air bleeding and filling are not possible in this position, the pump should be air bled and filled in a horizontal position before installation.

Above-reservoir installation

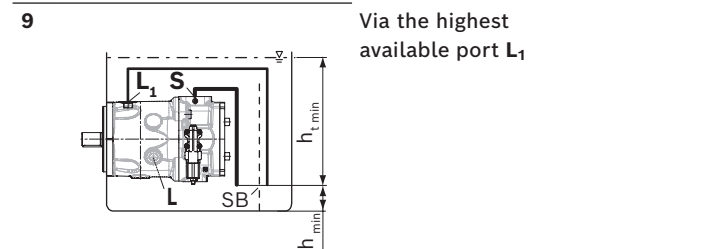
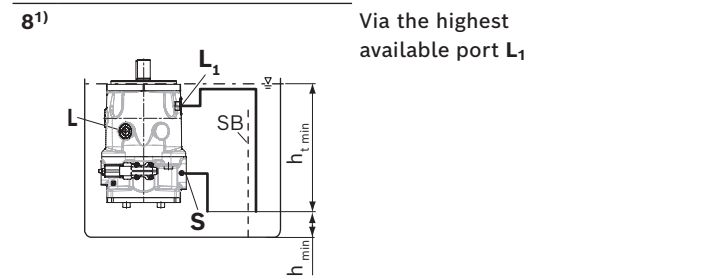
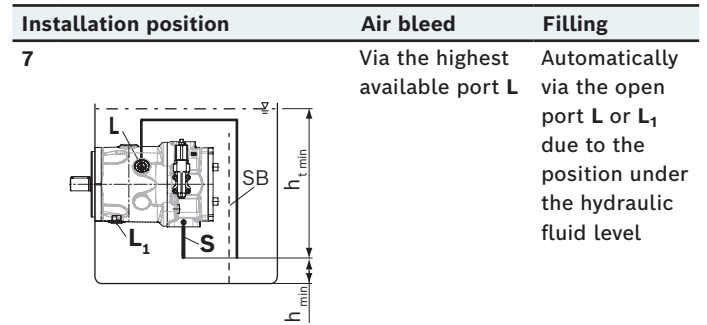
Above-reservoir installation means that the axial piston unit is installed above the minimum fluid level of the reservoir. To prevent the axial piston unit from draining in position 5, the height difference $h_{ES\ min}$ must be at least 25 mm. Observe the maximum permissible suction height $h_{S\ max} = 800$ mm.

A check valve in the drain line is only permissible in individual cases. Consult us for approval.



Inside-reservoir installation

Inside-reservoir installation is when the axial piston unit is installed in the reservoir below the minimum fluid level. The axial piston unit is completely below the hydraulic fluid. If the minimum fluid level is equal to or below the upper edge of the pump, see chapter "Above-reservoir installation". Axial piston units with electrical components (e.g., electric control, sensors) may not be installed in a reservoir below the fluid level.



For key, see page 69.

1) Because complete air bleeding and filling are not possible in this position, the pump should be air bled and filled in a horizontal position before installation.

Key	
L, L₁ (F)	Filling / Air bleeding
S	Suction port
L, L₁	Drain port
SB	Baffle (baffle plate)
$h_{t \min}$	Minimum required immersion depth (200 mm)
h_{\min}	Minimum required distance to reservoir bottom (100 mm)
$h_{ES \min}$	Minimum height required to prevent axial piston unit from draining (25 mm)
$h_{S \max}$	Maximum permissible suction height (800 mm)

Project planning notes

- ▶ The A10VO axial piston variable pump is designed to be used in open circuit.
- ▶ The project planning, installation and commissioning of the axial piston unit requires the involvement of skilled personnel.
- ▶ Before using the axial piston unit, please read the corresponding instruction manual completely and thoroughly. If necessary, this can be requested from Bosch Rexroth.
- ▶ Before finalizing your design, please request a binding installation drawing.
- ▶ The specified data and notes contained herein must be observed.
- ▶ Depending on the operating conditions of the axial piston unit (working pressure, fluid temperature), the characteristic curve may shift.
- ▶ The characteristic curve may also shift due to the dither frequency or control electronics.
- ▶ Preservation: Our axial piston units are supplied as standard with preservation protection for a maximum of 12 months. If longer preservation protection is required (maximum 24 months), please specify this in plain text when placing your order. The preservation periods apply under optimal storage conditions, details of which can be found in the data sheet 90312 or the instruction manual.
- ▶ Not all versions of the product are approved for use in a safety function according to ISO 13849. Please consult the proper contact at Bosch Rexroth if you require reliability parameters (e.g. $MTTF_d$) for functional safety.
- ▶ Depending on the type of control used, electromagnetic effects can be produced when using solenoids. Applying a direct voltage signal (DC) to solenoids does not create electromagnetic interference (EMI) nor is the solenoid affected by EMI. Electromagnetic interference (EMI) potential exists when operating and controlling a solenoid with a modulated direct voltage signal (e.g. PWM signal) Appropriate testing and measures should be taken by the machine manufacturer to ensure other components or operators (e.g. with pacemaker) are not affected by this potential.
- ▶ Pressure controllers are not safeguards against pressure overload. Be sure to add a pressure relief valve to the hydraulic system.
- ▶ For drives that are operated for a long period of time with constant rotational speed, the natural frequency of the hydraulic system can be stimulated by the excitation frequency of the pump (rotational speed frequency x 9). This can be prevented with suitably designed hydraulic lines.
- ▶ Please note the details regarding the tightening torques of port threads and other threaded joints in the instruction manual.
- ▶ The ports and fastening threads are designed for the p_{max} permissible pressures of the respective ports, see the connection tables. The machine or system manufacturer must ensure that the connecting elements and lines correspond to the specified application conditions (pressure, flow, hydraulic fluid, temperature) with the necessary safety factors.
- ▶ The service ports and function ports are only intended to accommodate hydraulic lines.

Assembly information

Due to the compact design of the housing, socket-head screws with a hexagon socket must be used to attach the axial piston pump. Please observe the maximum permissible surface pressure according to VDI 2230.

Safety instructions

- ▶ During and shortly after operation, there is a risk of getting burnt on the axial piston unit and especially on the solenoids. Take the appropriate safety measures (e.g. by wearing protective clothing).
- ▶ Moving parts in control equipment (e.g. valve spools) can, under certain circumstances, get stuck in position as a result of contamination (e.g. contaminated hydraulic fluid, abrasion, or residual dirt from components).
As a result, the hydraulic fluid flow and the build-up of torque in the axial piston unit can no longer respond correctly to the operator's specifications. Even the use of various filter elements (external or internal flow filtration) will not rule out a fault but merely reduce the risk.
The machine/system manufacturer should test whether additional measures are required on the machine for the relevant application in order to bring the driven consumer into a safe position (e.g. safe stop) and make sure any measures are properly implemented.

Bosch Rexroth AG

An den Kelterwiesen 14
72160 Horb a.N.
Germany
Tel. +49 7451 92-0
sales.mobile.horb@boschrexroth.de
www.boschrexroth.com

© Bosch Rexroth AG 2021. All rights reserved, also regarding any disposal, exploitation, reproduction, editing, distribution, as well as in the event of applications for industrial property rights. The data specified within only serves to describe the product. No statements concerning a certain condition or suitability for a certain application can be derived from our information. The information given does not release the user from the obligation of own judgment and verification. It must be remembered that our products are subject to a natural process of wear and aging.